

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



Prepared by the Cecil County Department of Finance



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COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTFOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND

Department of Finance 200 Chesapeake Boulevard, Suite 1100, Elkton, MD 21921

October 26, 2018

To County Executive Alan McCarthy, the Members of County Council, and the Citizens of Cecil County, Maryland:

We are pleased to submit this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for Cecil County, Maryland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Pursuant to the Cecil County Charter and Maryland state law, our local government is required to prepare a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning Cecil County's financial position and results of operations; consequently, management of the County assumes responsibility for the complete and fair presentation, including all disclosures. In order to provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to provide reasonable assurance that County assets are safe guarded from loss, theft or misuse and to provide sufficient information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

SB & Company, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, audited the County's financial statements. The objective of the independent audit is to provide a reasonable basis for the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. The audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts represented, disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates used by management; and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The independent public accountant concluded, based on the testing, that there is a reasonable basis for the expression of an unmodified opinion, and that the financial statements of Cecil County present fairly in all material aspects the financial position as of June 30, 2018, and for the year then ended. The independent public accountant's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Cecil County is part of a broader, federally mandated, "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The

standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent public accountant to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The reports are available in the County's separately issued Single Audit report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A immediately follows the report of the independent public accountants.

Profile of the Government

Incorporated in 1674, Cecil County is located in the northeast corner of the State of Maryland. Cecil County, Maryland is governed by a County Executive and County Council pursuant to the Charter of Cecil County, Maryland. The Charter provides, among other things, for the election of the County Executive and the organization, powers, and duties of the executive and administrative branches; the election, organization, powers, and duties of the legislative branch, and fiscal and budgetary matters. The Charter supersedes a Commissioner form of government that existed until December 2012 whereupon the five Commissioners (combined executive/legislative) became five Council members (legislative branch). Other elected officials include the Sheriff, the State's Attorney, and three Circuit Court Judges.

Cecil County Government serves an estimated population of 102,746 over a land area of 352 square miles. The County is empowered to levy a property tax on real property and personal property used in connection with a business, an income tax on residents and non-residents working in the County, and to levy or collect various other taxes and charges for services. Cecil County provides a wide range of services to its citizens including police, a correctional facility, emergency management services, the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other infrastructure, recreational activities and cultural events. Fire protection is provided by several volunteer fire departments located through the County and the County assists with the funding of these companies. The County maintains a landfill and provides wastewater services to certain areas. Cecil County is also financially accountable for and provides significant financial support to the legally separate Board of Education of Cecil County, Cecil College, the Cecil County Public Library, and Bainbridge Development Corporation. These entities, considered component units of the County, are included in these financial statements and are further described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation of Cecil County's financial planning and control. Annually, the County Executive directs the Department of Finance to prepare a proposed Budget including anticipated revenues and proposed expenditures which is submitted to County Council not later than April 1 of each year. County Council may not change the revenue estimates, may decrease or delete proposed expenditures, but may not increase proposed expenditures. County Council shall approve the budget by June 15 of each year. Activities of the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund are included in the annual budget. The budget is presented by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., Sheriff's office). Within the approval system established by the County Executive, Department heads may transfer resources within a department and a fund. New revenue estimates that result in increased expenditure appropriations and transfers between departments or funds require a Budget Amendment approved by County Council.

The County uses a six-year Capital Improvement Program to plan and budget for its capital projects. This plan is updated throughout the fiscal year and is used as a management tool for decisions involving the scheduling and funding of various capital projects. The County includes the current portion of the Capital Improvement Plan as its annual Capital Budget. The County maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual operating budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and other major funds, this comparison is presented on page 24 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For non-major governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report starting on page 94.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Looking Forward in County Government. The Fiscal Year 2019 operating budget represents a 3.0% increase over the Fiscal Year 2018 budget. This budget reflects a balanced approach and was crafted by adhering to sound fiscal management policies and practices. In part, the increase in funds addresses certain education and governmental expenses that were deferred while the economy was at its lowest.

The fiscal year 2019 budget reflects the following:

- Establishes a balanced budget with no use of Fund Balance;
- Fulfills promises to our citizens by working to retain experienced, trained employees to staff public safety and other positions within Cecil County Government, the Board of Education, Cecil College, and our Public Libraries:
 - Law Enforcement Officers collectively bargained and agreed to a new three-year contract. On July 1, 2018 officers will be placed on a new competitive pay scale based on years of service with the agency;
 - For Emergency Responders collectively bargained under the IAFF agreement, a 2.5% COLA will be added to their compensation on July 1, 2018;
 - Dispatchers who have been employed with the County for more than 5 years will receive a 6% increase and will earn the rank of Senior Dispatcher;
 - On July 1, 2018 the County will implement a new pay scale for non-public safety employees. The new structure enables the County to maintain salary structures at competitive market levels the rewards and retains qualified employees.
 - For Cecil College and Cecil Public Library funding from the County supports wage increases as presented in their respective budgets;
 - For the Board of Education, funding supports their efforts to retain teaching and administrative staff;
 - The Budget includes the increased costs of the healthcare program provided to County, College, and Library employees.
- Provides an increase to the regular allocation to the Board of Education for managing the County's public schools by \$775,000 to a total of \$82,463,528. This allocation is \$1,826,450 above the State's Maintenance of Effort calculation;

- The County's small capital support program for the Board of Education funds an energy performance contract and the carryover of \$260,000 for the project to replace VAV (Variable Air Volume) units at Bohemia Manor Middle/High School;
- Supports the growing needs of public safety by adding two additional paramedics in January 2019;
- Continuing support of Volunteer Fire Companies in Cecil County with \$311,000 in Vehicle Replacement Matching funds;
- Provide \$350,000 increase for Cecil College to support the important work of educating the future workforce in Cecil County;
- Increased funding for the Cecil County Public Library allowing for a pilot program to open the Elkton branch on Sunday afternoon's during the school year;
- To support the County's customer service initiative, a cashier has been added to the Permit office to streamline the overall permitting process. The Capital Improvement Program continues to support the modernization of Permitting software that will also allow internet applications and electronic payment of permits;
- Provides \$653,662 to the road asphalt overlay program and increases the surface treatment program to \$500,000;
- Reflects Debt Service savings of \$2,137,930 from the amortization of bond premiums received during the issuance of 2016 and 2017 bonds;
- Provides \$400,000 of funding towards compliance work related to the State's Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) phase two permit. The funds are hopefully to be used as matching funds on a larger State/Federal grant to satisfy a milestone of restoring 20% of the impervious surface area within Cecil County by the year 2025;
- Provides full funding to Cecil County Public Library for the design and engineering of the new Library in North East. The land has been acquired and this project is needed to fulfill citizens' needs in that area. This will also ultimately allow renovation and expansion of patron useable space at the Elkton Library;
- The General Capital Budget is supporting the P25 Dispatch Migration Project Phase II. This project is required by a combination of changing State and technical requirements that have produced a multi-year project that will help protect our citizens;
- Major capital projects for Cecil County Public Schools include the ongoing construction of Gilpin Manor Elementary School and will fund the State supported project for the roof replacement at Bohemia Manor Middle/High School; and
- The Wastewater Capital Budget addresses the pressing need for expansion of service along the Western Rte. 40 corridor to allow for commercial growth and promote new jobs. The need to replace the Port Deposit / Bainbridge treatment plant is also included.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Jobs. The labor force in Cecil County has been over 50,000 for the last five years and was estimated at 53,738 in June 2018. The weekly wage in Cecil County increased from \$764 in 2010 to \$911 in the 4th quarter of 2017. Approximately 50% of the County's citizens find employment in nearby Baltimore or Wilmington metropolitan areas; this diversity mitigates the impact of specific economic events. The ACS reported that over 88.1% of County citizens over age 25 are a high school graduates or higher.

Local Economy. Cecil County has a diverse economy with northern and southern regions being highly agricultural with the middle more urban and a suburban region that is well connected by interstate highways, rail, and waterways with the Baltimore, Wilmington, and Philadelphia metropolitan areas. The County has adopted a Comprehensive Plan for Land Use that encourages development in the "Growth Corridor" between US Route 40 and Interstate 95. Much of the County's non-agricultural economy focuses on distribution, light manufacturing, research and development, health care, leisure and hospitality, and corporate offices.

Long Term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

Cecil County continues to update, improve, and expand its infrastructure in order to attract businesses which will contribute to the economic health of its community without damaging the environment. Education and public safety remain top priorities as part of this plan.

The County's infrastructure investments include a well maintained system of County maintained roads in addition to I-95 and state highways. The improvements completed at the North East River Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant (Seneca Point), the planned replacement of the Port Deposit Wastewater Treatment Plant, and sewer main improvements underway will assure that residential and commercial growth can occur in designated growth areas to provide living and career opportunities to County families. The agricultural economy of the County is supported in many ways including education, good transportation, and agricultural land preservation programs.

The County is investing for the long term often through initiatives in cooperation with businesses, the Public Schools, the Public Libraries, Cecil College, and its Parks.

- The County and Public Schools have renovated Gilpin Manor Elementary School to provide a modern and more efficient classroom layout and design. Also, the County has acquired land for future construction of a new Chesapeake City Elementary School to replace the current building providing a modern educational facility with increased student capacity.
- The County is annually expanding the Community Transit program by working with Cecil College to allow commuting to this resource, and by working with Harford County (MD), New Castle County (DE), and Maryland Transportation Authority to expand integration with nearby transportation networks making available regional job opportunities.
- The County is supporting the Maryland Broadband Initiative to bring high speed internet capability to County businesses, the schools, the college, and the public libraries.
- The County and Cecil Public Libraries have acquired land for a new North East branch library that will create expanded space and modern resources serving an underserved and expanding demographic area of the County. The County has also funded a pilot program to open the Elkton Central Library on Sunday afternoons during the school year.
- The planned extension of County sewer mains along the Rt 40 growth corridor will provide the incentives for businesses to invest in this area by showing, not just promising, infrastructure that meets growing needs.
- Continued construction of new facilities at Calvert Regional Park are adding more recreational resources to County citizens and providing job opportunities by providing a venue for Sports Tourism and Special Events activities. The County has also acquired the

former Bittersweet Golf Course and plans to transform the area into a park with recreation amenities including walking trails, a fishing pond and playground equipment.

Cecil County updated its government and services to meet the increasing needs of its population. In December 2012, the County changed from a Commissioner form of government to a County Executive and County Council form of government. This is intended to provide a more responsive and efficient County government through a central executive while moving certain legislative responsibilities from the State legislature to the County Council.

To support the long term financial planning and to support a longer term perspective versus short term, the County has a six year capital improvement program, uses landfill and wastewater rate studies, and uses an information technology internal service fund to manage the life-cycle costs of the County's information and communication assets.

Through actions and the budget, the County Executive has emphasized policies that will promote the current and future welfare of the County's citizens. These policies include the expansion of infrastructure for job creation, support for education, and building safer communities. Emergency Services has installed Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) software at the 911 Center and laptops in vehicles as well as a Jail Management System. The Sheriff has created specialized units to provide outreach and crime prevention programs to diminish criminal activity and enhance coordination within the law enforcement community.

Cecil County was able to maintain services to its citizens throughout the recent economic recession because it obtained and maintained a strong fund balance in its General Fund. The decision not to use fund balance in the FY2019 budget is a strategic decision to hold fund balance to maintain quality services to meet the needs of Cecil County under all economic conditions.

Relevant Financial Policies

Cecil County balances its budgets and practices prudent financial planning in order to provide and maintain the quality of life that our residents expect for their tax dollars.

The County Executive's main objective in managing the budget process was to ensure that every citizen had a role in developing and balancing the budget. This process starts in January with a forum for the exchange of meaningful information between the public and the County Executive in the early stages of the budget development process. The County Executive proposes a budget by April 1 and County Council should pass a final budget by June 15, the County Executive presents a Budget Message and proposed Budget to Council.

The County has adopted financial policies in its County Charter, County Code, and administrative policies. These policies include guidance on levels of long-term debt, allocation and safety of investments, "rainy day" fund reserve levels, and the use of rate studies for enterprise funds.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Awards - The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Cecil County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This was the twenty-ninth consecutive year that the County has received this award. This award recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfies generally accepted accounting principles as well as legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for only one year and we believe that the current CAFR will meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements. We are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments - The preparation of the report would not have been possible without the tireless and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Cecil County Department of Finance, the support of various elected and appointed officials and County departments. We wish to express our sincere appreciation to everyone who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

We wish to acknowledge the County Executive and the County Council for their unfailing support for the County's efforts to maintain the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Cecil County Maryland for the good of its citizens.

Respectfully submitted,

Lisa A. Saxton

Director of Finance

Jeffrey D. Koss

Deputy Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Cecil County Maryland

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Executive Director/CEO

fry R. Ener

Principal Officials

June 30, 2018

Elected Officials

Executive

County Executive Dr. Alan McCarthy

County Council

District 1 Bob Meffley
District 2 & President Joyce Bowlsbey

District 3 & Vice President Dan Schneckenburger

District 4 George Patchell
District 5 Jackie Gregory

Other Elected Officials

Sheriff Scott Adams

State's Attorney Steven L. Trostle

Circuit Court

Administrative Judge Keith A. Baynes
Associate Judge Jane Cairns Murray
Associate Judge Brenda A. Sexton
Associate Judge William W. Davis

Other Officials and Department Directors

Director of Administration Alfred C. Wein, Jr. County Attorney Jason L. Allison

Department Directors

Economic Development Christopher Moyer Emergency Management Richard K. Brooks, III

Finance Lisa A. Saxton
Human Resources Sally Thompson
Information Technology Brian Miller

Parks and Recreation

Land Use & Development Services

Public Works

Clyde S. VanDyke

Eric S. Sennstrom

W. Scott Flanigan

Community Services David P. Trolio

District Court

Administrative Judge Bonnie G. Schneider Associate Judge Clara E. Campbell

County Executive

Cecil County has an Elected County Executive.



Alan McCarthy

County Council

Cecil County has five Council members elected from different geographic districts, but are elected at-large by all voting citizens.

Council elects its own President and Vice President.



District 2 & President Joyce Bowlsbey



District 3 & Vice President Dan Schneckenburger



District 1 Bob Meffley

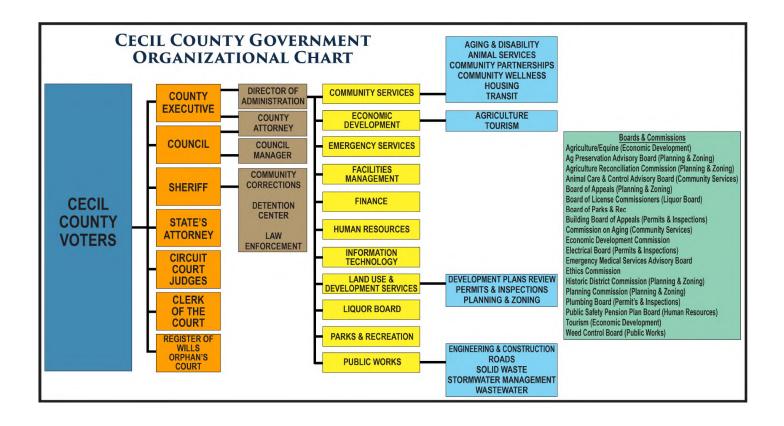


District 4
George Patchell



District 5
Jackie Gregory

County Organizational Chart





REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Citizens of Cecil County, Maryland and The County Executive and County Council of Cecil County

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cecil County, Maryland (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Board of Education of Cecil County, Cecil College, the Cecil County Public Library, and the Bainbridge Development Corporation. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the component units, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general, housing programs, and casino local impact funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the County adopted new accounting guidance from Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The implementation of GASB No. 75 by the County required a restatement of the prior year net position to recognize the County's net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the County had a change in its reporting entity to include the County's Department of Fire and Rescue Services Pension Plan Trust. This change was because the County decided to assume the responsibility of funding the pension liability for the Length of Service Award Program for the County's local fire and rescue volunteers. The change in reporting entity required a restatement of the prior year net position to recognize the County's net pension liability related to this plan. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the required supplemental schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios, the schedule of County contributions, and the schedule of investment returns for the Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees, the schedule of County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the schedule of County contributions to the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System, the schedule of changes in the County's net OPEB liability and the related ratios, the schedule of County contributions for post-employment benefit trusts, and the schedule of investment returns for post-employment benefit trusts be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.



We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory section, combining and individual fund statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying combining and individual fund statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying combining and individual fund statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

SB & Company, If C

Hunt Valley, Maryland October 26, 2018

CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2018

The County Executive and County Council are pleased to present to the readers of the financial statements of the County this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Cecil County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide

- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$121,399,980 (net position). Of this amount, \$221,101,461 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt. The County reported \$15,366,150 restricted for specific purposes and a negative \$105,067,631 in unrestricted net position.
- Total net position of the County decreased in fiscal year 2018 by \$7,953,077. The net position of governmental activities decreased \$9,489,658 from the previous year; this was primarily caused by a GASB mandated change in accounting principles amounting to a decrease of \$20,430,469. The net position from business activities increased \$1,536,581; mainly due to an increase of \$1,259,152 in revenues (including investment earnings) from the County Landfill.
- Discretely presented component units reported net position of \$213,674,546, a decrease of \$48,740,771 from the previous year; this was primarily caused by a GASB mandated change in accounting principles amounting to a decrease of \$49,920,676. Unrestricted net position is reported at negative \$35,921,107.

Fund Level

- As of June 30, 2018, the County reported combined ending fund balances in governmental funds of \$64,840,172, an increase of \$20,629,317 from the previous year.
- The unrestricted fund balance of the General Fund was \$33,563,584 or 18% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out. Of this balance, \$19,534,586 has been assigned as the Reserve for Contingencies (Rainy Day Fund). \$1,953,459 for a Budget Stabilization Reserve, \$550,000 for Volunteer Fire Company Vehicle Replacements, \$1,000,000 for Funding the construction of school safety enhancements for the Board of Education, and \$750,000 to fund upcoming increases to Compensation and OPEB Funding. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,775,539.
- The Capital Projects Fund had \$13,054,247 of restricted balances for County capital projects and Component Unit capital projects.
- The Other Governmental Funds had \$5,610,217 of restricted fund balance.

Long Term Debt

The County's total net general obligation debt increased by \$15,677,140 to \$243,146,625. The County has adopted biennial issuance of general obligation debt. The Wastewater and Landfill Funds had a net decrease in debt of \$1,670,229 and governmental activities had a net increase of \$17,347,369.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to Cecil County's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Cecil County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (page 18) presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Cecil County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (page 19) presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Cecil County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The statements also present financial information for the County's component units.

- Governmental Activities Most of the County's basic services are reported in this category.
 Taxes and intergovernmental revenues generally support these services. Services provided include general administration, public safety, public works, social services, parks, education, libraries, and economic development.
- Business-type Activities The County charges fees to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of the wastewater, landfill, and property management services it provides.
- Discretely Presented Non-fiduciary Component Units (Component Units) Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County includes in this report the Board of Education of Cecil County, Cecil College, Cecil County Public Library, and the Bainbridge Development Corporation.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements begin on page 20 and provide detailed information about the major individual funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts designed to maintain control over specific resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Cecil County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

 Governmental Funds – Most of the County's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, the fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and the balances available for future spending at fiscal year end. This information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Since the fund statements do not encompass the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, reconciliations are provided (pages 21 and 23) to demonstrate the differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position and between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities. Comparison of the two sets of statements for the governmental funds and the governmental activities may provide the reader with insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions as the fund statements are from a short-term perspective and the activities statements show long-term information.

The County presents the following major governmental funds individually in the County's basic financial statements: the General Fund, Housing Programs, the Casino Local Impact Fund, and the General Capital Projects Fund. The remaining non-major governmental funds have been combined and presented in one column. Combining statements for the non-major funds is presented beginning on page 95.

- Proprietary Funds When the County charges for the services it provides, proprietary funds are generally used to report these activities. Cecil County uses two types of proprietary funds; enterprise funds which are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and internal service funds which are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the government funds. Proprietary funds (enterprise and internal service) utilize accrual accounting; the same method of accounting used Enterprise funds, the Wastewater, Landfill, and Property by private sector businesses. Management funds, report activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. Internal service funds, the Motor Vehicle, Information Technologies, Health Insurance, and Workers Compensation funds, report activities that provide supplies and services for the County's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary Funds The County acts as a fiduciary to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The County has agency funds to collect and remit certain taxes and fees on behalf of the state and several local municipalities and these are presented beginning on page 119. The County reports two pension funds that are reported beginning on page 115. The Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees is used to report resources held in trust for retirement, disability and death benefits to participants. The Cecil County Maryland Non-Pension Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund is used to report resources held in trust for post-employment healthcare and other non-pension benefits of participants.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 36 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. The required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 84.

Other information. Other information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental funds. These funds are added together, by fund type, and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the governmental fund financial statements. Detailed General Fund budget information, as well as, combining and individual non-major fund statements begins on page 91.

Statistical Section. The County also provides certain informational and statistical schedules that begin on page 124.

Financial Analysis of the Government as a Whole

Net Position. As noted earlier, Cecil County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$121,399,980. Over time, changes in net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. A year-to-year comparison of net position follows:

Cecil County's Net Position as of June 30, 2017 and 2018

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Government-wide Total	
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018
Current and Other Assets	\$ 67,543,368	\$ 95,601,209	\$ 14,482,657	\$ 17,544,972	\$ 82,026,025	\$113,146,181
Capital Assets	222,940,350	226,894,916	116,742,584	113,910,774	339,682,934	340,805,690
Total Assets	290,483,718	322,496,125	131,225,241	131,455,746	421,708,959	453,951,871
Total Deferred Outflow of						
Resources	12,023,574	10,826,966	511,921	954,941	12,535,495	11,781,907
Other Liabilities	12,511,195	15,144,069	3,352,235	2,771,346	15,863,430	17,915,415
Long Term Liabilities	198,349,446	235,460,904	86,631,300	83,752,644	284,980,746	319,213,548
Total Liabilities	210,860,641	250,604,973	89,983,535	86,523,990	300,844,176	337,128,963
Total Deferred Inflow of						
Resources	6,643,710	7,204,835			6,643,710	7,204,835
Net Position:						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	155,575,258	165,183,735	47,487,579	45,917,726	203,062,837	211,101,461
Restricted	8,420,657	15,366,150	-	-	8,420,657	15,366,150
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(78,992,974)	(105,036,602)	(3,137,463)	(31,029)	(82,130,437)	(105,067,631)
Total Net Position	\$ 85,002,941	\$ 75,513,283	<u>\$ 44,350,116</u>	\$ 45,886,697	<u>\$129,353,057</u>	\$121,399,980

The largest component of the County's net position, \$221,101,461, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and others), less any related outstanding debt. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources as the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated to repay these liabilities. Additionally, it should be noted that while the County issues debt for the construction and renovation of the public schools and the college, the buildings are owned by the legally separate component units. Consequently, the County's financial statements reflect debt incurred on behalf of the Board of Education and Cecil College, but do not show the related assets.

Another portion of the County's net position, \$15,366,150, consists of resources subject to external restrictions such as state or county law provisions, or enabling legislation, on how these resources may be used. Restricted resources, all in governmental activities, increased by \$6,945,493.

The remaining portion of net position shows a negative unrestricted balance of \$105,067,631. Governmental activities' negative unrestricted position is \$105,036,602. Business-type activities unrestricted position of negative \$31,029 is derived from the Wastewater and Property Management Funds which have negative positions of \$2,815,697 and \$32,732, respectively, offset by the Landfill Fund which has a positive position of \$2,817,400; these positions are essentially limited to use by the operation from which the net positions derive.

Changes in Net Position. As shown in the following schedule, the County's combined net position increased \$12,477,392 over the course of this fiscal year's operations.

Cecil County's Changes in Net Position

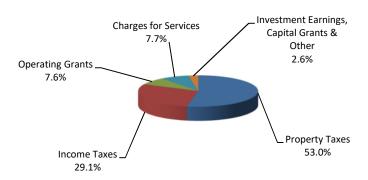
	Governmer 2017	ntal Activities 2018	Business-ty 2017	pe Activities 2018	Governmen 2017	t-wide Total 2018
REVENUES						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$11,633,940	\$ 16,498,930	\$14,660,021	\$15,503,232	\$ 26,293,961	\$ 32,002,162
Operating Grants & Contributions	15,554,549	16,375,078	-	-	15,554,549	16,375,078
Capital Grants & Contributions	2,549,237	4,271,822	1,199,597	782,466	3,748,834	5,054,288
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	106,490,517	114,077,543	-	-	106,490,517	114,077,543
Income Taxes	55,493,386	62,507,845	-	-	55,493,386	62,507,845
Investment Earnings	284,934	897,195	89,221	857,434	374,155	1,754,629
Other Revenue & Gains/Losses	108,004	352,294	-	-	108,004	352,294
Transfers	186,453	180,000	(186,453)	(180,000)	<u>-</u>	
Total Revenues	192,301,020	215,160,707	15,762,386	16,963,132	208,063,406	232,123,839
EXPENSES						
General Government	12,619,834	11,457,065	-	-	12,619,834	11,457,065
Public Safety	43,903,804	45,100,531	-	-	43,903,804	45,100,531
Highways, Streets, & Bridges	16,467,551	15,839,552	-	-	16,467,551	15,839,552
Health and Welfare	15,755,447	15,498,604	-	-	15,755,447	15,498,604
Recreation and Culture	1,780,757	2,112,900	-	-	1,780,757	2,112,900
Education	96,384,547	101,432,771	-	-	96,384,547	101,432,771
Public Libraries	5,523,248	5,604,168	-	-	5,523,248	5,604,168
Economic Development	1,776,517	1,508,011	-	-	1,776,517	1,508,011
Agricultural Programs	1,463,623	760,117	-	-	1,463,623	760,117
Interest on Long Term Debt	4,568,004	4,906,177	-	-	4,568,004	4,906,177
Wastew ater	-	-	8,882,464	8,572,029	8,882,464	8,572,029
Landfill	-	-	6,287,612	6,279,323	6,287,612	6,279,323
Property Management			570,994	575,199	570,994	575,199
Total Expenses	200,243,332	204,219,896	15,741,070	15,426,551	215,984,402	219,646,447
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(7,942,312)	10,940,811	21,316	1,536,581	(7,920,996)	12,477,392
Net Position - Beginning	92,945,253	85,002,941	44,328,800	44,350,116	137,274,053	129,353,057
Change in Accounting Principles		(20,430,469)				(20,430,469)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	92,945,253	64,572,472	44,328,800	44,350,116	137,274,053	108,922,588
Net Position - Ending	\$85,002,941	\$ 75,513,283	\$44,350,116	\$45,886,697	\$129,353,057	\$121,399,980

Governmental Activities

Revenues of governmental activities for fiscal year 2018 showed an increase of \$22,859,687 over fiscal year 2017.

The following graph illustrates the governmental activities functional revenues received by source for fiscal year 2018:

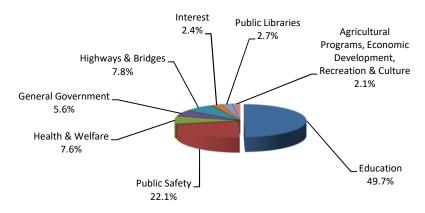
Functional Revenue - Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018



Expenses of governmental activities (operating and capital) resulted in an increase of \$3,976,562 over fiscal year 2017. Primarily components were increased spending for public safety of \$1,196,725, education of \$5,048,224 offset by decreases in agricultural programs of \$703,506 and highways, streets, and bridges of \$627,999.

The following graph illustrates the governmental activities functional expenses by source for the fiscal year 2018:

Functional Expenses - Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018



Business-type Activities

In 2018, the net position of business-type activities increased by \$1,536,581 from fiscal year 2017. The net positions of the Landfill and Property Management Funds increased by \$2,897,775 and \$25,401, respectively. The net position of the Wastewater Fund decreased by \$1,386,595. Detailed explanations of the variance are contained in the financial analysis of the County's Funds - Proprietary Funds section starting on page 12.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As previously noted, Cecil County uses fund accounting as a means of ensuring and demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental funds provide useful information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Unrestricted fund balance is particularly helpful in measuring the net resources available for spending at fiscal yearend.

Governmental Funds

As the County completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$64,840,172, an increase of \$20,629,317 compared with 2017. Of the current ending fund balances, the following categories are recorded and primary uses noted:

- \$10,075,089 is recorded as Nonspendable due to a \$5,920,241advance to the Wastewater Fund, a \$3,724,550 advance to the Motor Vehicle Fund, and \$430,298 related to inventories and prepaid items:
- \$21,201,499 is recorded as Restricted; \$751,399 for Housing Programs, \$1,785,636 for the Casino Impact Fund, \$13,054,247 for Capital Projects, and \$5,610,217 for other (primarily grant) activities:
- \$23,788,045 is recorded as Assigned and consists of \$21,488,045 for the Reserve for Contingencies, \$550,000 Volunteer Fire Companies FY19 vehicle budget, and \$750,000 for Compensation and OPEB Funding, \$100,000 for Volunteer Fire Companies FY19 vehicle budget and \$1,000,000 for FY19 Board of Education Safe Schools purchases.; and
- \$9,775,539 is the remaining fund balance, thus this is classified as Unassigned.

General Fund – Comparison to Prior Year. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the fiscal year, the non-spendable fund balance was \$10,075,089 and the assigned/unassigned fund balance was \$33,563,584. Assigned funds include \$21,488,045 as a reserve for contingencies, \$550,000 for Volunteer Fire Companies FY19 vehicle budget increase, \$1,000,000 for funding the construction of school safety enhancements for the Board of Education, and \$750,000 for Compensation and OPEB Funding increases. Unassigned funds of \$9,775,539 are down \$471,947 from 2017 primarily due to the increase of committed dollars for FY2018 as noted above and an increase of 3.5% to the County's reserve accounts. The schedule on the following page presents General Fund revenues and expenditures for 2018 compared to budget and 2017.

The revenues and transfers in for fiscal year 2018 increased \$13,801,818 compared to the prior fiscal year. Primary factors in these results are:

- Property taxes were more than prior year by \$7,681,046 primarily due tax rate increase of \$.0500 from \$0.9914 to \$1.0414 as of July 1, 2017;
- Income taxes exceeded prior year by \$1,295,428 primarily due tax rate increase of \$0.20 from \$2.80 to \$3.00 as of July 1, 2017;
- Real estate transfer taxes (recordation taxes and deed transfer fees) increased by \$4,473,394;

transfer taxes and permits had several large projects in FY2018 and the underlying residential market has shown consistent growth.

CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND GENERAL FUND ACTIVITY VS PRIOR YEAR AND BUDGET

	Variance					Variance
	2017	2018	Positive	Final	2018	Positive
	Actual	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$106,411,833	\$ 114,092,879	\$ 7,681,046	\$ 113,183,615	\$ 114,092,879	\$ 909,264
Income Taxes	57,614,306	58,909,734	1,295,428	60,363,860	58,909,734	(1,454,126)
Licenses and Permits	1,981,371	2,198,271	216,900	1,898,647	2,198,271	299,624
Intergovernmental	2,618,492	2,666,169	47,677	2,692,927	2,666,169	(26,758)
Charges for Services	8,957,602	13,485,380	4,527,778	9,207,733	13,485,380	4,277,647
Investment Earnings	230,402	719,893	489,491	505,570	719,893	214,323
Contributions & Other Revenues	46,821	64,997	18,176	172,300	64,997	(107,303)
Total Revenues	177,860,827	192,137,323	14,276,496	188,024,652	192,137,323	4,112,671
Expenditures						
General Government						
County Executive	252,472	211,393	41,079	216,025	211,393	4,632
County Council	341,830	354,785	(12,955)	401,297	354,785	46,512
Office of Administrator	275,754	374,357	(98,603)	421,479	374,357	47,122
County Attorney & Legal Human Resources	196,409 1,212,515	218,731 1,190,732	(22,322) 21,783	234,069 1,218,707	218,731	15,338 27,975
Finance Department	2,587,707	2,610,661	(22,954)	2,775,173	1,190,732 2,610,661	164,512
Circuit Court	2,093,239	2,128,429	(35,190)	2,164,579	2,128,429	36,150
Orphans Court	39,172	42,912	(3,740)	43,374	42,912	462
Board of Elections	773,067	658,236	114,831	813,999	658,236	155,763
Liquor Board Licensing	201,948	189,905	12,043	194,499	189,905	4,594
Building Maintenance (Total)	3,679,100	3,724,825	(45,725)	4,141,409	3,724,825	416,584
Public Works Administration	2,729,756	2,214,677	515,079	2,586,300	2,214,677	371,623
Roads Administration & Maintenance	6,555,176	7,581,982	(1,026,806)	8,452,125	7,581,982	870,143 (43,010)
Board of Parks State's Attorney's Office	1,044,006 2,179,528	1,222,808 2,217,406	(178,802) (37,878)	1,179,798 2,305,950	1,222,808	(43,010) 88,544
Sheriff's - Law Enforcement	2,179,520	2,217,400	(37,070)	2,303,930	2,217,406	00,544
& Special Assignments	12,210,560	12,624,523	(413,963)	12,036,728	12,624,523	(587,795)
Sheriff's - Detention Ctr & Work Release	10,304,968	10,191,943	113,025	10,387,427	10,191,943	195,484
Emergency Management	8,002,256	7,915,677	86,579	8,726,319	7,915,677	810,642
Volunteer Fire Departments	3,782,112	3,990,246	(208,134)	4,188,102	3,990,246	197,856
Land Use & Development Services	1,920,404	2,226,186	(305,782)	2,437,996	2,226,186	211,810
Animal Control	733,910	753,693	(19,783)	753,840	753,693	147 372
Health Department Social Services	3,420,326 714,387	3,376,127 782,860	44,199 (68,473)	3,376,499 862,026	3,376,127 782,860	79,166
Domestic Violence	320,380	346,085	(25,705)	352,695	346,085	6,610
Non-Profit Agencies	142,344	50,385	91,959	55,742	50,385	5,357
Cecil County Board of Education				82,712,441	82,662,626	49,815
· ·	81,614,311	82,662,626	(1,048,315)			49,013
Cecil College	10,406,259	10,954,552	(548,293)	10,954,552	10,954,552	-
Public Libraries	5,250,869	5,442,217	(191,348)	5,442,217	5,442,217	-
Economic Development	988,265	907,980	80,285	1,141,424	907,980	233,444
Agriculture	634,696	634,580	116	637,349	634,580	2,769
Municipalities	674,409	684,577	(10,168)	684,577	684,577	
Total Expenditures	165,282,135	168,486,096	(3,203,961)	171,898,717	168,486,096	3,412,621
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	2,280,499	1,805,821	(474,678)	1,834,821	1,805,821	(29,000)
Transfers out	(16,923,572)	(17,697,552)	(773,980)	(18,179,454)	(17,697,552)	481,902
Proceeds from Capital Asset Disposal	36	88,979	88,943	78,698	88,979	10,281
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(14,643,037)	(15,802,752)	(1,159,715)	(16,265,935)	(15,802,752)	463,183
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,064,345)	7,848,475	\$ 9,912,820	(140,000)	7,848,475	\$ 7,988,475
Fund Balance - Beginning	37,854,543	35,790,198		35,790,198	35,790,198	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 35,790,198	\$ 43,638,673		\$ 35,650,198	\$ 43,638,673	

The current year's expenditures and transfers out increased by \$3,977,941 compared to fiscal year 2017 spending levels.

- Expenditures on behalf of the Board of Education increased by \$1,048,315. The majority of this change was due to a \$1,078,090 increase in operating allocation with a slight decrease for capital construction cost related to small projects.
- Expenditures on behalf of Cecil College increased \$548,293 compared to FY2017 due to slight increases in operating allocation and capital construction cost.
- Public Works' Roads Division saw expenditures increase by \$1,026,806 primarily due to increased budgets of \$733,150 for asphalt overlay.

Other Major Funds - Comparison to Prior Year

The Housing Program Fund had a \$91,219 increase to fund balance. Revenues and transfers in decreased by \$282,464 while expenditures decreased \$244,261 from the previous year; the result is a positive net change in fund balance.

The Casino Local Impact Fund had a \$134,545 increase to fund balance. Revenues increased by \$202,263, while expenditures and operating transfers out increased \$103,714 from the previous year.

The Capital Projects Fund had a \$12,311,268 increase to fund balance. This change is consistent with the pattern of biennial issuance of bonds and spending for the capital improvement programs.

Proprietary Funds

Wastewater Services Fund. Operating revenues for fiscal year 2018 increased \$317,962 from last year to \$6,317,783, while operating expenses decreased by \$257,760 to \$6,916,046 which resulted in an operating loss of \$598,263. After capital grants, capital contributions, and interest expense the Change in Net Position is negative \$1,386,595.

Landfill Fund. Operating revenues in the fund increased by \$527,284 from FY2017 primarily due to increased usage and a favorable recycling market, while operating expenses increased by \$26,239. Investment earnings for the fund increased by \$731,868 due to a full year invested in a favorable market. The resulting change in Net Position is \$2,897,775.

Property Management Fund. This fund began with the purchase of the 107 Chesapeake Blvd. property in January 2016. Operating revenues in the fund were \$780,600 for the fiscal year, while operating expenses were \$322,700, and the fund made a \$180,000 transfer to the General Fund. Including interest expense and earnings, this resulted in a change in Net Position of \$25,401 for fiscal year 2018.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Cecil County adopted its fiscal year 2018 budget on June 15, 2017, and amended it to meet operational needs during the year. The legal level of budgetary control is at the departmental level and while department heads may make budget transfers within their own department, the County Executive shall introduce and County Council must approve any budget amendments that increase or decrease revenue or move appropriations between departments.

Budget changes during the year added \$236,698 to revenues and other financing sources. Expenditures and transfers increased by \$376,698 primarily due to an increase in snow removal costs.

The final budget contained \$189,938,171 of revenues and other financing sources, \$190,078,171 of expenditures and transfers, and \$140,000 of appropriated fund balance. The actual revenues and other financing sources were \$4,093,952 greater than the final budget and actual expenditures and transfers were \$3,894,523 below the final budget.

- Property taxes were \$909,264 above budget with \$561,227 being increased half year construction real property taxes and the remainder being an increase in personal property taxes.
- Income taxes were less than budget by \$1,454,126 as a result of slower than anticipated growth in the labor market and over-estimating the effect of the FY2018 increase in the income tax rate. The budget was calculated based on the growth of the previous fiscal year that did not continue at the same rate in FY2018.
- Real estate recordation taxes and deed transfer fees were up compared to budget by \$3,981,514 as commercial real estate activity at Principio Business Park continued to attract new businesses.
- The Sheriff's Office was over budget by \$392,311 caused by reduced attrition savings due to lower employee turnover offset by lower Detention Center professional service costs of \$106,648.
- Emergency Management was under budget by \$810,642 primarily due to \$439,173 of attrition savings due to employee vacancies and \$100,000 in unused vehicle replacement matching funds that were budgeted but not used to purchase a new ambulance for the North East Fire Company.
- Public Works Roads Division was under budget by \$870,143 primarily due to actual snow related expenditures being less than budget by \$206,468, reduced vehicle maintenance costs of \$261,558 and final allocation of the motor vehicle fund being less than budget by \$144,411.
- Most other departments had reduced expenditures that primarily came from either personnel attrition, benefit savings or reduced equipment and vehicle maintenance expenditures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, Cecil County had invested \$340,805,690, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (table below). Depreciation and depletion charges for this fiscal year totaled \$19,585,772.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Completion of Nottingham Roads Facility Building;
- Renovations at the Historical Society of Cecil County building;
- Parks and Recreation completed Phase II construction phases at Calvert Regional Park to bring sports opportunities to County citizens and attract regional events;

- Parks and Recreation completed a Synthetic Turf Field at Perryville High School; and,
- Completion of New Principio North Sewer Interceptor.

The following table comprises the County's capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and depletion:

Cecil County's Capital Assets as of June 30, 2017 and 2018 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	
Land	\$ 14,935,834	\$ 15,950,221	\$ 3,368,327	\$ 3,341,327	\$ 18,304,161	\$ 19,291,548	
Construction in Progress	5,922,567	12,455,075	12,706,733	10,521,683	18,629,300	22,976,758	
Landfill & Land Improvements	11,469,588	13,096,064	20,849,979	18,982,158	32,319,567	32,078,222	
Highw ays & Bridges	100,629,786	97,701,378	-	-	100,629,786	97,701,378	
Utility Systems	-	-	31,038,919	34,809,093	31,038,919	34,809,093	
Buildings	67,668,801	66,720,241	22,468,700	21,592,390	90,137,501	88,312,631	
Machinery & Equipment	22,313,774	20,971,937	26,309,926	24,664,123	48,623,700	45,636,060	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 222,940,350	\$ 226,894,916	\$ 116,742,584	\$113,910,774	\$ 339,682,934	\$ 340,805,690	

Additional information on the County's capital assets is contained in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Long Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total general obligation debt of \$243,146,625. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Governmental activities report \$170,634,815 and business-type activities report \$72,511,810 of general obligation bonds. Special assessment debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment consists of \$85,384. The Cecil County Charter restricts aggregate non-self-supporting indebtedness to 5% of the assessable real property of the County and 15% of the personal and operating real property. By County Code, sanitary district debt is limited to 15% of the assessed value of all property.

During 2018 the County issued \$47,645,000 in general obligation bonds to support current construction programs and to advance refund \$14,145,000 of 2010 BABs as further detailed in Note 8.

The County's bond rating remained stable with a rating of Aa2 from Moody's Investor's Service and received an upgrade from Standard and Poor's increasing the rating to AA+. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

General Obligation Bonds

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total		
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	
General							
Obligation Bonds	\$ 153,287,446	\$ 170,634,815	\$74,182,039	\$72,511,809	\$ 227,469,485	\$ 243,146,624	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Cecil County is expected to see modest growth for the next several years, although infrastructure expansion plans announced during the past year are likely to accelerate that growth. The County has a diverse well-connected economy that includes agriculture, distribution, light manufacturing, research and development, health care, leisure and hospitality, and corporate offices. The County continues to face significant fiscal challenges as the state further reduces or eliminates funding often transferring programs or costs to the local level. The unemployment rate has held steady at 4.8% as of June 2018.

There are many positive factors that will impact the County's economic future. Medline Industries, a global manufacturer and distributor of medical supplies and clinical solutions has announced the construction of a distribution facility located in the Principio Business Park in Perryville. The distribution center is estimated to provide jobs for more than 300 local residents when complete. The County has a designated growth corridor that is intended to attract light industry and commercial operations. The expansion of County sewer west of Elkton has commenced and coordination with other utilities will add infrastructure required to fuel investment. The continued commitment to Calvert Regional Park and additions of turf fields at various County High Schools show strong support for the County's future.

The General Fund budget for fiscal year 2019 provided the balanced budget that continues the prudent financial planning required to ensure the quality of life expected by County residents. The expenditure budget provides for two additional paramedics for emergency medical services. The budget also provides for increased compensation for all county employee groups (including public safety employees, school employees, library, and college employees), continues volunteer fire vehicle replacements, and increases the asphalt overlay program for County roads. Funding to County public schools was increased above maintenance of effort and assists Cecil College in a period of State flat funding. The capital improvement program continued funding for the Gilpin Manor Elementary Replacement, Bo Manor Synthetic Turf development, and a new North East library. The County Executive's proposed balanced budget was adopted after Council passed the proposed budget. The County property tax rate was set to a flat rate of 1.0414 and the income tax rate was also stagnant, set to 3.00. Wastewater rates were approved a multi-year increase to address recent operating losses. The minimum of 10,000 gallons of sewage usage was reduced to 9,000 and a rate of \$11.87 for 0-100,000 gallons, as well as a rate of \$12.38 for 100,001+ gallons was approved effective October 1, 2018.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Cecil County's finances to the citizens of Cecil County and other users of such data. Requests for additional copies of this report, questions concerning any of the information in this report, and requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Lisa A. Saxton, Cecil County Director of Finance, 200 Chesapeake Boulevard, Suite 1100, Elkton, MD 21921.

The component units issue their own audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained directly from the component units. Their contact information can be found in Note 1A of the financial statements.

Cecil County Public Schools Rearning through Doing



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	P	rimary Governmer	nt	
	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 25,725,686	\$ 1,266,020	\$ 26,991,706	\$ 30,573,749
Investments (Note 3)	19,456,023	575,048	20,031,071	18,569,877
Receivables, Net (Note 4)	2,496,242	4,558,265	7,054,507	1,944,075
Due from Primary Government	-	-	· · · -	3,621,453
Due from Other Governments	18,138,090	1,198,153	19,336,243	457,709
Internal Balances	5,920,241	(5,920,241)	-	-
Inventories	428,390		428,390	128,645
Prepaid Items & Other Assets	499,515	5,731	505,246	1,179,840
Restricted Assets: Cash and Investments (Note 3)	22 512 717	15 961 006	38,375,713	6 577 061
Net OPEB Asset	22,513,717 423,305	15,861,996	423,305	6,577,261
Capital Assets, Net: (Note 6)	420,000		423,303	
Land	15,950,221	3,341,327	19,291,548	10,890,816
Construction in Progress	12,455,075	10,521,683	22,976,758	18,500,667
Landfill & Land Improvements	13,096,064	18,982,158	32,078,222	10,351,932
Highways & Bridges	97,701,378	-	97,701,378	-
Wastewater Systems	-	34,809,093	34,809,093	=
Buildings & Improvements	66,720,241	21,592,390	88,312,631	192,904,273
Machinery & Equipment	20,971,937	24,664,123	45,636,060	13,025,941
Total Assets	322,496,125	131,455,746	453,951,871	308,726,238
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Charge of Refunding	3,930,411	954,941	4,885,352	_
Pension Deferrals	6,896,555	-	6,896,555	3,294,386
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,826,966	954,941	11,781,907	3,294,386
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	6,020,533	637,340	6,657,873	25,322,141
Salary and Benefits Payable	3,130,478	122,576	3,253,054	913,597
Due to Other Funds	1,837	-	1,837	-
Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue (Note 11)	125,974 556,375	1,212,000	125,974 1,768,375	2,406,320
Other Liabilities	1,853,262	799,430	2,652,692	2,400,320
Liabilities Payable with Restricted Assets	3,455,610	799,430	3,455,610	- -
Long Term Liabilities (Note 8)	-,,		0,100,010	
Due within one year:				
Bonds Payable	14,781,301	5,106,492	19,887,793	-
Capital Leases	761,226	-	761,226	1,013,599
Insurance Claims Payable	5,699,028	-	5,699,028	-
Compensated Absences	1,676,627	98,539	1,775,166	560,325
Due in more than one year: Bonds Payable	170,394,802	69,487,430	239,882,232	
Capital Leases	2,600,674	09,407,430	2,600,674	1,730,377
Notes Payable	2,000,014	_	2,000,074	91,841
Compensated Absences	838,314	49,270	887,584	2,893,905
Accrued Landfill Closure/Postclosure	-	9,010,913	9,010,913	-
Net OPEB Liability				50,667,185
Net Pension Liability	38,708,932		38,708,932	10,526,286
Total Liabilities	250,604,973	86,523,990	337,128,963	96,125,576
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Deferrals	6,649,673	-	6,649,673	2,186,937
OPEB Deferrals	555,162		555,162	33,565
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,204,835		7,204,835	2,220,502
NET POSITION				
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets	165,183,735	45,917,726	211,101,461	242 020 652
Restricted for:	100, 100, 135	40,811,120	211,101, 4 01	242,929,653
Capital Projects	7,218,898	-	7,218,898	80,799
Health and Welfare	751,399	_	751,399	-
Agriculture	67,155	=	67,155	-
Economic Development	2,690,730	-	2,690,730	-
Debt Service and Other	4,637,968	-	4,637,968	6,585,201
Unrestricted	(105,036,602)	(31,029)	(105,067,631)	(35,921,107)
Total Net Position	\$ 75,513,283	\$ 45,886,697	\$121,399,980	\$ 213,674,546

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Program Revenues		Net (Expe	ense) Revenue an	d Changes in Ne	t Position	
		Grants and Contributions		P	nt			
		Charges for			Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Operating	Capital	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Drimany Cayaramant		_		_				
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 11,457,065	\$ 12,328,147	\$ 1,276,563	\$ -	\$ 2,147,645	\$ -	\$ 2,147,645	\$ -
Public Safety	45,100,531	2,847,862	2,684,369	121,004	(39,447,296)		(39,447,296)	-
Highways, Streets,	, ,	, ,		,			, , , ,	
and Bridges	15,839,552	85,018	3,300,856	1,840,939	(10,612,739)		(10,612,739)	-
Health and Welfare	15,498,604	867,209	8,448,357	334,452	(5,848,586)		(5,848,586)	-
Recreation and Culture	2,112,900	370,694	10,342	1,555,241	(176,623)		(176,623)	-
Education	101,432,771	-	-	400.400	(101,432,771)		(101,432,771)	-
Public Libraries	5,604,168	-	- 646,000	420,186	(5,183,982)		(5,183,982)	-
Economic Development Agriculture	1,508,011 760,117	-	646,099 8,492	-	(861,912) (751,625)		(861,912) (751,625)	-
Interest on	700,117	-	0,492	-	(751,025)	-	(751,025)	-
Long-Term Debt	4,906,177	-	-	-	(4,906,177)) -	(4,906,177)	_
Total Governmental	, , , , , ,					· 		
Activities	204,219,896	16,498,930	16,375,078	4,271,822	(167,074,066)) -	(167,074,066)	_
Business-Type Activities:								
Wastewater	8,572,029	6,317,783	-	782,466	-	(1,471,780)	(1,471,780)	-
Landfill	6,279,323	8,404,849	-	-	-	2,125,526	2,125,526	-
Property Management	575,199	780,600				205,401	205,401	
Total Business-Type	45 400 554	45 500 000		700 400		050 447	050 447	
Activities	15,426,551	15,503,232		782,466		859,147	859,147	
Total Primary Government	\$ 219,646,447	\$ 32,002,162	\$ 16,375,078	\$ 5,054,288	\$ (167,074,066)	\$ 859,147	\$ (166,214,919)	
Commonant Huito								
Component Units: Board of Education	\$ 231,900,048	\$ 2,294,558	\$ 65,908,362	\$ 15,491,330				(148,205,798)
Cecil College	35,766,186	7,578,277	4,269,435	1,218,347	_	_	_	(22,700,127)
Cecil County Library	6,836,055	137,217	32,484		-	_	_	(6,666,354)
Bainbridge Development	2,222,222	,	0_,					(=,===,== :)
Corporation	1,123,297	433,216	668,923					(21,158)
Total Component Units	\$ 275,625,586	\$ 10,443,268	\$ 70,879,204	\$16,709,677				(177,593,437)
	eral Revenues:							
Ia	IXES:	aviad for Cana	ral Duragas		114,077,543		114,077,543	
	Property Taxes, I Income Taxes	evied for Gene	rai Purposes		62,507,845	-	62,507,845	-
Inv	estment Earnings				897,195	857,434	1,754,629	385,234
	her Revenues inc		Sale of Capital	Assets	352,294	-	352,294	2,330,404
	nents From the Pri				-	-	-	97,675,223
Paym	nents From the Sta	ate Government			-	-	-	74,938,243
	ements, and Cont							
	not Restricted to S	pecific Program	าร		-	-	-	3,444,238
Trans					180,000	(180,000)		
	Total General	Revenues, Spe	cial Items, and T	Transfers	178,014,877	677,434	178,692,311	178,773,342
	Change in	Net Position			10,940,811	1,536,581	12,477,392	1,179,905
	Position - Beginn	-			85,002,941	44,350,116	129,353,057	262,415,317
Cha	inge in Accountii	ng Principles			(20,430,469)	·	(20,430,469)	(49,920,676)
Net F	Position - Beginn	ing as restated	I		64,572,472	44,350,116	108,922,588	212,494,641
Net Position - Ending					\$ 75,513,283	\$ 45,886,697	\$ 121,399,980	\$ 213,674,546

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		General		Housing rograms		Casino Local Impact		Local Ca		Local		Local		Local		Local		Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS																						
Cash (Note 3)	\$	21,226,270	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,102,998	\$	25,329,268										
Investments (Note 3)		9,860,811		-		-		-		-		9,860,811										
Receivables, Net (Note 4)		2,141,553		-		-		4		38,552		2,180,109										
Due from Other Funds		1,419,761		-		-		-		-		1,419,761										
Due from Other Governments		15,054,357		28,275		-		225,699		2,827,203		18,135,534										
Inventory		372,780		-		-		-		-		372,780										
Other Assets		52,107		-		-		-		-		52,107										
Advances to Other Funds		9,644,791		-		-		-		-		9,644,791										
Restricted Assets:																						
Cash and Investments (Note 3)				845,697	_	2,174,563	_	16,514,423		1,011,518	_	20,546,201										
Total Assets	\$	59,772,430	\$	873,972	\$	2,174,563	\$	16,740,126	\$	7,980,271	\$	87,541,362										
LIABILITIES:																						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,714,405	\$	16,686	\$	139,102	\$	-	\$	435,624	\$	2,305,817										
Salaries and Benefits Payable		2,844,670		24,661		-		-		213,606		3,082,937										
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		1,415,007		1,415,007										
Due to Other Governments		-		-		125,974		-		-		125,974										
Other Liabilities		2,878,975		-		123,851		36,495		30,275		3,069,596										
Unearned Revenue (Note 11)		-		-		-		275,000		275,542		550,542										
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Funds	_			81,226	_		_	3,374,384				3,455,610										
Total Liabilities	_	7,438,050		122,573	_	388,927		3,685,879		2,370,054		14,005,483										
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																						
Unavailable Revenue - Income Taxes		8,425,922		-		-		-		-		8,425,922										
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	269,785	_		_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_			269,785										
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,695,707				<u>-</u>					_	8,695,707										
FUND BALANCES:																						
Non-Spendable		10,075,089		-		-		-		-		10,075,089										
Restricted		-		751,399		1,785,636		13,054,247		5,610,217		21,201,499										
Committed				-		-		-		-		-										
Assigned		23,788,045		-		-		-		-		23,788,045										
Unassigned	_	9,775,539		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_				_	9,775,539										
Total Fund Balances		43,638,673		751,399	_	1,785,636		13,054,247		5,610,217		64,840,172										
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	59,772,430	\$	873,972	\$	2,174,563	\$	16,740,126	\$	7,980,271	\$	87,541,362										

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 18) are different because:

Total Fund Balances for Government Funds (Page 20)		\$ 64,840,172
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets net of depreciation, as detailed in Note 6, are included in the States Position. Also excluded are \$13,328,607 of internal service accounted for in the following line.	213,566,309	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the management and health insurance costs to individual funds. liabilities of the internal service funds are included in government the Statement of Net Position. The increase is equal to the infund net position.	The assets and mental activities in	7,281,082
Some of the County's taxes and other revenues will be collect are not available soon enough to pay the current year's expetherefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. Income Taxes Property Taxes Service Charges	-	9,173,444
Long-term liabilities applicable to the governmental activities in are not due and payable in the current year and, accordingly as fund liabilities. Over Funding of Net OPEB Obligation Compensated Absences Accrued interest on long-term debt Deferred - Bond Premium Deferred - Advance Refunding Difference Pension Deferred Outflows Pension Deferred Inflows OPEB Deferred Inflows		•
Net Pension Liability Bonds and Notes Payable	(38,708,932) (165,819,173)	(219,347,724)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Page 18)		\$ 75,513,283

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Housing Programs	Casino Local Impact	General Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 114,092,879	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,092,879
Special Assessments - Current	Ψ 114,002,075	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	6,099	6,099
Income Taxes	58,909,734	_	_	_	-	58,909,734
Licenses and Permits	2,198,271	_	_	_	_	2,198,271
Intergovernmental	2,666,169	4,760,917	2,788,024	457,454	7,601,459	18,274,023
Charges for Services	13,485,380	117,891	_,. 00,0	-	697,388	14,300,659
Investment Earnings	719,893	5,375	14,246	-	13,240	752,754
Contributions & Other Revenues	64,997			220,186	3,119	288,302
Total Revenues	192,137,323	4,884,183	2,802,270	677,640	8,321,305	208,822,721
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government	9,733,184	-	-	-	760,040	10,493,224
Public Safety	41,613,084	-	-	-	1,305,831	42,918,915
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	9,796,659	-	-	-	1,522,782	11,319,441
Health and Welfare	4,728,282	4,824,121	-	-	5,893,272	15,445,675
Recreation and Culture	1,328,355	-	-	-	1,006,805	2,335,160
Education	93,617,178	-	-	-	-	93,617,178
Public Libraries Economic Development	5,442,217 907,980	-	606,725	-	39,374	5,442,217 1,554,079
Agriculture	634,580	_	000,725	_	150,000	784,580
Municipalities	684,577		_	_	130,000	684,577
Debt Service:	004,377					004,577
Principal	-	-	-	-	11,722,922	11,722,922
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-	-	5,488,549	5,488,549
Capital Outlay				17,890,992		17,890,992
Total Expenditures	168,486,096	4,824,121	606,725	17,890,992	27,889,575	219,697,509
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	23,651,227	60,062	2,195,545	(17,213,352)	(19,568,270)	(10,874,788)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from						
Capital Asset Disposal	88,979	-	-	-	-	88,979
Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	28,900,000	=	28,900,000
Premium on Debt Issued	-	-	-	2,385,983	1,098,835	3,484,818
Bond Issuance Cost	-	-	-	(121,445)	-	(121,445)
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	-	-	-	6,347,823	6,347,823
Advance Refunding Agent	4 005 004	- 04 457	-	-	(7,376,070)	(7,376,070)
Transfers In	1,805,821	31,157	(0.004.000)	513,877	19,741,492	22,092,347
Transfers Out	(17,697,552)		(2,061,000)	(2,153,795)		(21,912,347)
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(15,802,752)	31,157	(2,061,000)	29,524,620	19,812,080	31,504,105
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,848,475	91,219	134,545	12,311,268	243,810	20,629,317
Fund Balances - Beginning	35,790,198	660,180	1,651,091	742,979	5,366,407	44,210,855
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 43,638,673	\$ 751,399	\$ 1,785,636	\$ 13,054,247	\$ 5,610,217	\$ 64,840,172

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Page 19) are different because:

mounts reported for governmental activities in the Stater	nent of Activities (Page 19) are different be	cause:
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Government F	unds (Page 22)	\$ 20,629,317
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expendit of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated ove reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount is exceeded by capital outlay (\$14,028,943) in the cu \$3,143,781 from the internal service fund.	r their estimated useful lives and nt by which depreciation (\$10,381,671)	3,647,272
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on whereas in governmental funds, the proceeds from to Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change capital asset less accumulated depreciation.	he sale increase financial resources.	263,315
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not pro are not reported as revenues in the funds. The follow non-current resources. Property Taxes Income Taxes Net Adjustment		3,582,775
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) processes to governmental funds, while the repayment of the procurrent financial resources of governmental funds. Any effect on net assets. Also governmental funds rediscounts, and similar items when debt is first issued are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activity	rincipal of long-term debt consumes Neither transaction, however, has eport the effect of premiums, I, whereas these amounts	
	Debt Issued Repayments:	
General Obligation bonds	\$ (28,900,000) \$ 11,722,922	
Current Refunding Premium on Debt Issued	(6,347,823) 7,376,070	
Net Adjustment	(3,484,818) 1,157,099 (38,732,641) \$ 20,256,091	(18,476,550)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in are not recognized for transactions that are not normal financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, he accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported reare available. In addition, interest on long-term debt accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as impact of the net changes in balances.	ally paid with expendable available owever, which is presented on the egardless of when financial resources is not recognized under the modified	
Pension Expense	\$ 1,131,467	
OPEB Expense	24,003	
Compensated Absences Accrued Interest on Long-term Debt	(97,992) (574,727)	
Net Adjustment		482,751
The change in net assets of certain internal service fu	nds are reported with governmental activiti	es. 811,931

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Page 19)

\$ 10,940,811

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$113,045,615	\$113,183,615	\$ 114,092,879	\$ 909,264
Income Taxes	60,363,860	60,363,860	58,909,734	(1,454,126)
Licenses and Permits	1,898,647	1,898,647	2,198,271	299,624
Intergovernmental	2,692,927	2,692,927	2,666,169	(26,758)
Charges for Services	9,187,733	9,207,733	13,485,380	4,277,647
Investment Earnings	505,570	505,570	719,893	214,323
Contributions & Other Revenues	172,300	172,300	64,997	(107,303)
Total Revenues	187,866,652	188,024,652	192,137,323	4,112,671
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	40.400.000	40 500 700	0.700.404	700 505
General Government	10,499,838	10,522,769	9,733,184	789,585
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	11,020,500	11,038,425	9,796,659	1,241,766
Recreation and Culture	1,119,507	1,303,476	1,328,355	(24,879)
Public Safety	42,302,680	42,634,850	41,613,084	1,021,766
Health and Welfare Education	4,825,632 93,926,993	4,826,637 93,666,993	4,728,282 93,617,178	98,355
Public Libraries	5,442,217	5,442,217	5,442,217	49,815
Economic Development	5,442,217 1,141,424	5,442,217 1,141,424	907,980	233,444
Agriculture	637,349	637,349	634,580	2,769
Municipalities	684,577	684,577	684,577	2,709
·		·		<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	171,600,717	171,898,717	168,486,096	3,412,621
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	16,265,935	16,125,935	23,651,227	7,525,292
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from Capital Asset Disposal	-	78,698	88,979	10,281
Transfers In	1,834,821	1,834,821	1,805,821	(29,000)
Transfers Out	(18,100,756)	(18,179,454)	(17,697,552)	481,902
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,265,935)	(16,265,935)	(15,802,752)	463,183
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(140,000)	7,848,475	7,988,475
Fund Balance - Beginning	35,790,198	35,790,198	35,790,198	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 35,790,198	\$ 35,650,198	\$ 43,638,673	\$ 7,988,475

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND

HOUSING PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive		
	_ 0	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other Program Revenue & Charges for Services	\$ 4	8,634,959 8,000	\$	4,645,308 8,000	\$	4,760,917 117,891	\$	115,609 109,891	
Investment Earnings		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		5,375		5,375	
Total Revenues	4	,642,959		4,653,308		4,884,183		230,875	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Health and Welfare	4	,685,597		4,695,946		4,824,121		(128,175)	
Total Expenditures	4	,685,597	_	4,695,946		4,824,121		(128,175)	
Deficiency of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(42,638)		(42,638)		60,062		102,700	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfers In		88,587	_	88,587		31,157		(57,430)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		88,587		88,587		31,157		(57,430)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		45,949		45,949		91,219		45,270	
Fund Balance - Beginning		660,180		660,180	_	660,180		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	706,129	\$	706,129	\$	751,399	\$	45,270	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND

CASINO LOCAL IMPACT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Investment Earnings	\$ 2,622,963 1,000	\$ 2,622,963 1,000	\$ 2,788,024 14,246	\$ 165,061 13,246
Total Revenues	2,623,963	2,623,963	2,802,270	178,307
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Economic Development	639,000	654,331	606,725	47,606
Total Expenditures	639,000	654,331	606,725	47,606
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,984,963	1,969,632	2,195,545	225,913
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	(2,061,000)	(2,061,000)	(2,061,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,061,000)	(2,061,000)	(2,061,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(76,037)	(91,368)	134,545	225,913
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,651,091	1,651,091	1,651,091	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,575,054	\$ 1,559,723	\$ 1,785,636	\$ 225,913

Town of Elkton

OCistory, Living, Art



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
			Non-Major Property		Internal		
	Wastewater	Landfill	Management	Total	Service Funds		
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3) Investments (Note 3) Receivables, Net: (Note 4)	\$ -	\$ 1,217,457 575,048	\$ 48,563 -	\$ 1,266,020 575,048	\$ 396,418 9,595,212		
Accounts	1,813,214	681,433	37,657	2,532,304	4,978		
Other	145,359	7,697	-	153,056	311,155		
Due from Other Governments	1,198,153	-	-	1,198,153	2,556		
Inventory	-	-	-	-	55,610		
Other Assets	5,731	-	-	5,731	447,408		
Restricted Assets Cash & Investments (Note 3)	6,600,874	9,261,122	_	15,861,996	1,967,516		
Total Current Assets			96 220				
	9,763,331	11,742,757	86,220	21,592,308	12,780,853		
Non-Current Assets: Accounts Receivable - Non-Current	1,872,905	_	_	1,872,905	_		
Capital Assets, Net:	1,072,903			1,072,903			
Land	2,269,988	580,739	490,600	3,341,327	-		
Construction in Progress	8,340,548	2,181,135	-	10,521,683	905,674		
Vehicles	-	-	-	-	7,101,317		
Landfill and Land Improvements	5,804,085	13,178,073	-	18,982,158	-		
Wastewater Lines	26,028,341	-	-	26,028,341	-		
Wastewater Systems Buildings	8,780,752 12,165,345	3,026,794	6,400,251	8,780,752 21,592,390	203,486		
Machinery & Equipment	23,352,849	1,311,274	-	24,664,123	5,118,130		
Total Non-Current Assets	88,614,813	20,278,015	6,890,851	115,783,679	13,328,607		
Total Assets	98,378,144	32,020,772	6,977,071	137,375,987	26,109,460		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Charge of Refunding	387,625	567,316		954,941			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	387,625	567,316		954,941			
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	504,480	96,649	1,550	602,679	572,270		
Construction Retainage Payable	34,661	· -	-	34,661	-		
Salary & Benefits Payable	53,698	68,878	-	122,576	47,541		
Accrued Expenses & Other Liabilities	434,789	247,239	117,402	799,430	5,776,632		
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	-	1,837		
Unearned Revenue	1,212,000	-	-	1,212,000	483,570 761,226		
Capital Leases Payable Bonds Payable	3,725,482	1,112,868	268,142	5,106,492	186,803		
Compensated Absences	52,543	45,996	200,142	98,539	29,624		
Total Current Liabilities	6,017,653	1,571,630	387,094	7,976,377	7,859,503		
Non-Current Liabilities:							
Bonds Payable							
(Net of Unamortized Discounts)	51,015,470	11,946,820	6,525,140	69,487,430	4,628,839		
Capital Leases Payable Advances From Other Funds	5,920,241	-	-	5,920,241	2,600,674 3,724,550		
Compensated Absences	26,272	22,998	_	49,270	14,812		
Accrued Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs		9,010,913		9,010,913			
Total Non-Current Liabilities	56,961,983	20,980,731	6,525,140	84,467,854	10,968,875		
Total Liabilities	62,979,636	22,552,361	6,912,234	92,444,231	18,828,378		
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	38,601,830	7,218,327	97,569	45,917,726	7,118,581		
Unrestricted	(2,815,697)	2,817,400	(32,732)	(31,029)	162,501		
Total Net Position	\$ 35,786,133	\$ 10,035,727	\$ 64,837	\$ 45,886,697	\$ 7,281,082		
	,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			,,		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Governmental Activities -			
	Wastewater	Landfill	Non-Major Property Management	Total	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for Services: Sales and User Fees	\$ 6,171,073	\$ 8,334,535	\$ 780,600	\$15,286,208	\$ 20,961,572
Intergovernmental	ψ 0,171,073 -	ψ 0,55 - ,555	φ 700,000 -	Ψ13,200,200	146,031
Miscellaneous Revenue	146,710	70,314		217,024	
Total Operating Revenues	6,317,783	8,404,849	780,600	15,503,232	21,107,603
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and Related	1,210,133	1,530,466	-	2,740,599	974,419
Materials, Supplies, and Services	1,828,642	2,335,942	152,027	4,316,611	4,991,324
Benefit Payments	-	-	-	4 750 470	11,124,820
Depreciation Depletion	3,877,271	711,535 1,303,031	170,673	4,759,479 1,303,031	3,143,781
Landfill Closure and Postclosure		-		-	<u> </u>
Total Operating Expenses	6,916,046	5,880,974	322,700	13,119,720	20,234,344
Operating Income (Loss)	(598,263)	2,523,875	457,900	2,383,512	873,259
NON-OPERATING					
REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment Earnings	85,185	772,249	(252,400)	857,434	144,441
Interest Expense Bond Issue Expense	(1,446,109) (209,874)	(321,600) (76,749)	(252,499)	(2,020,208) (286,623)	(213,310) (7,178)
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	(209,074)	(70,749)		(200,023)	263,315
Total Non-Operating					
Revenues (Expenses)	(1,570,798)	373,900	(252,499)	(1,449,397)	187,268
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	(2,169,061)	2,897,775	205,401	934,115	1,060,527
Capital Contributions and Transfers:					
Intergovernmental Capital Grant	263,801	-	-	263,801	377,491
Wastewater Connection Fees Transfers Out	518,665 	- -	(180,000)	518,665 (180,000)	- -
Change in Net Position	(1,386,595)	2,897,775	25,401	1,536,581	1,438,018
Net Position - Beginning	37,172,728	7,137,952	39,436	44,350,116	5,843,064
Net Position - Ending	\$ 35,786,133	\$10,035,727	\$ 64,837	\$45,886,697	\$ 7,281,082

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Business-Ty - Enterpr	Governmental Activities -		
			Property		Internal
	Wastewater	Landfill	Management	Total	Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 5,911,252	\$ 8,317,885	\$ 741,933	\$ 14,971,070	\$ 20,604,936
Payments to Suppliers	(2,163,886)	(2,301,216)	(194,902)	\$ (4,660,004)	(15,968,017)
Payments to Employees	(1,213,700)	(1,531,476)		(2,745,176)	(957,899)
Net Cash from					
Operating Activities	2,533,666	4,485,193	547,031	7,565,890	3,679,020
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities	:				
Advances from Other Funds	2,637,565		(180,000)	2,457,565	(394,785)
Net Cash from					
Non-Capital Financing Activities	2,637,565		(180,000)	2,457,565	(394,785)
Cash Flows From Capital and					
Related Financing Activities:	0.050.000	0.007.000		44 747 000	000 000
Proceeds from Bond Issues Proceeds from Capital Lease Received	3,350,000	8,397,386	-	11,747,386	900,000 1,857,930
Proceeds from Capital Grants Received	_	_	_	-	529,898
Proceeds from Sewage Connection Fees	518,665	_	_	518,665	-
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(3,174,125)	(56,576)	-	(3,230,701)	(3,470,862)
Principal Paid on Bond Maturities	(3,333,507)	(9,411,298)	(257,947)	(13,002,752)	(529,872)
Interest Paid on Bonds	(1,582,426)	(2,200,379)	(252,497)	(4,035,302)	(220,488)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets					283,931
Net Cash from Capital					
and Related Financing Activities	(4,221,393)	(3,270,867)	(510,444)	(8,002,704)	(649,463)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	05.405	770.040		057.404	
Interest on Investments	85,185	772,249		857,434	144,441
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash			(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
and Cash Equivalents	1,035,023	1,986,575	(143,413)	2,878,185	2,779,213
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2017	5,565,851	9,067,052	191,976	14,824,879	9,179,933
(including \$5,565,851 and \$9,065,552 respectively reported in restricted account	ounts)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2018	\$ 6,600,874	\$ 11,053,627	\$ 48,563	\$ 17,703,064	\$ 11,959,146
(including \$6,600,874 and \$9,261,122 respectively reported in restricted according to the control of the contro	ounts)				

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			Business-Ty - Enterpr			Governmental Activities -		
	#			F	Property		Internal	
	Wastewater		Landfill	andfill Management		Total	Service Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash								
from Operating Activities:								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (598,263)	\$ 2,523,875	\$	457,900	\$ 2,383,512	\$	873,259
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)	•	,						
to Net Cash Provided from Operating Activities:								
Depreciation and Depletion	3,8	377,271	2,014,566		170,673	6,062,510		3,143,781
Decrease in Closure/Postclosure Liability		-	(54,639)		-	(54,639)		-
Effect of Changes in Non-Cash Operating								
Assets and Liabilities:								
Accounts Receivable	(74,031)	(32,324)		(38,667)	(245,022)		(139,895)
Other Assets		-	-		-	-		(138,366)
Accounts Payable	(;	360,892)	26,957		(42,875)	(376,810)		(181,192)
Salaries & Benefits Payable		(5,750)	1,766		-	(3,984)		8,723
Compensated Absences		2,183	(2,777)		-	(594)		7,093
Accrued Expenses		25,648	7,769		-	33,417		468,391
Deferred Revenue	(2	232,500)		_		(232,500)	_	(362,774)
Net Cash Provided from Operating Activities	\$ 2,5	33,666	\$ 4,485,193	\$	547,031	\$ 7,565,890	\$	3,679,020
Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing acti	vites:							
Decrease in Non-current Special Assessment/Connection	Fees							
receivable	\$	3,657	\$ -	\$		\$ 3,657	\$	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Total Pension Funds		Sta	ncy Funds te & Town ollections
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	544,678	\$	516,419
Receivables, Net: Property Taxes & Fees Investments, at fair value:		-		233,047
Institutional Separate Accounts		48,145,716		-
Mutual Funds		14,082,752		<u> </u>
Total Assets		62,773,146		749,466
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		13,804		-
Due to Other Governments		-		749,466
Due to Other Funds		2,917		<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities		16,721		749,466
NET POSITION Held in Trust for:				
Employee Benefits		62,756,425		-
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$	62,756,425	\$	_

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Total Pension Funds
ADDITIONS Contributions Cecil County Participants	\$ 1,998,936 955,419
Total Contributions	2,954,355
INVESTMENT INCOME Investment Earnings: Net Depreciation in Fair Value of Investments Interest and Dividends	3,592,583 1,749,866
Investment Earnings Total	5,342,449
Less: Investment Expense	(385,606)
Net Investment Income (Loss)	4,956,843
Total Additions	7,911,198
DEDUCTIONS Benefit Payments Refunds of Contributions Administrative Expense	2,303,674 262,997 86,671
Total Deductions	2,653,342
Change in Net Position	5,257,856
Net Position - Beginning	57,498,569
Net Position - Ending	\$ 62,756,425

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2018

Septembox Sept		Board of Education		Cecil ollege	Cecil Cor Public Librar	•	De	sainbridge evelopment orporation	_	Total
Seash Seas	ASSETS									
Investments		\$ 25,363,659	\$ 2	2.397.877	\$ 2.200	.196	\$	612.017	\$	30.573.749
Receivables, Net					¥ =,===	-	*	-	*	
Due from Other Government			_		74	.025		_		
Due from Other Governments								_		
Inventories	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-				-		_		
Prepaid Expenses & Other Assets 606,459 413,213 160,168		128 645		-		_		_		
Cash and Investments		•		413 213	160	168		_		
Cash and Investments 6,509,125 68,136 6,577,261 Capital Assets, Net: 1 3,561,453 1,779,763 - 3,549,600 10,890,816 Construction in Progress 18,500,667 - - 43,642 10,351,932 Buildings & Leasehold Improvements 183,037,823 54,866,450 - 12,904,273 Machinery & Equipment 9,317,130 1,219,365 2,489,446 - 13,025,941 Total Assets 225,725,684 73,630,915 5,096,244 4,273,395 308,726,238 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 3,294,386 Total Deferred Outflows 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 3,294,386 Deferrals 2,4318,496 727,662 215,236 60,747 25,322,141 Accrued Salaries and Benefits - 815,591 98,006 60,747 25,322,141 Accrued Salaries and Benefits - 815,591 98,006 60,747 25,		000, 100		110,210	100	,				1,170,010
Capital Assets, Net: Land		_	6	5.509.125		_		68.136		6.577.261
Liand S., 561, 453 1,779,763 . 3,549,600 10,890,816 Construction in Progress 18,500,667			·	,,000,.20				00,.00		0,011,201
Construction in Progress	•	5.561.453	1	779.763		_		3.549.600		10.890.816
Description			•	-		_		-		
Machinery & Equipment 138,037,823 54,866,450 - 130,025,941 130				_		_		43.642		
Machinery & Equipment 9,317,130 1,219,365 2,489,446 - 13,025,941 Total Assets 225,725,684 73,630,915 5,096,244 4,273,395 308,726,238 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 3,294,386 Total Deferred Outflows 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 3,294,386 LIABILITIES - 815,591 98,006 60,747 25,322,141 Accounts Payable 24,318,496 727,662 215,236 60,747 25,322,141 Accounts Payable 24,318,496 727,662 215,236 60,747 25,322,141 Accounts Payable 1,236,204 1,167,581 2,535 - 2,406,320 Due within one year: - 20,204,000 1,167,581 2,535 - 2,506,320 Due in more than one year: - 20,200 51,797 - 3 91,841 91,841 Capital Leases 1,716,504 1,3873 - 3 - 9,839,905 Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - 2 9,814,914 1,841 <td></td> <td></td> <td>54</td> <td>866.450</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>.0,0 .=</td> <td></td> <td></td>			54	866.450		_		.0,0 .=		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					2.489	.446		-		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 3,294,386 Total Deferred Outflows 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 3,294,386 Total Deferred Inflows 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 3,294,386 Total Deferred Inflows 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 13,294,386 Total Deferred Inflows 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 13,294,386 Total Deferred Inflows 3,160,356 - 13,40,300 - 13,294,386 Total Deferred Inflows 3,160,356 - 13,40,300 - 13,294,386 Total Deferred Inflows 3,160,356 - 13,30,356 - 13,30,356 Total Deferred Inflows 3,160,357 Total Deferred Inflows 3,160,357								1 273 305		-
Pension Deferrals 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 3,294,386 Total Deferred Outflows 3,160,356 - 134,030 - 3,294,386 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 24,318,496 727,662 215,236 60,747 25,322,141 Accrued Salaries and Benefits - 815,591 98,006 - 913,597 Uneamed Revenue 1,236,204 1,167,581 2,535 - 2,406,320 Due within one year: - 2,771,205 - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: - - - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: - - - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: - - - - 91,841 91,841 Capital Leases 1,716,504 13,873 - - 1,730,377 Compensated Absences 2,771,269 122,636 - - 1,93,441 Capital Leases 1,716,504 13,873	Total Assets	223,723,004		5,030,913	3,090	,244		4,273,393	_	300,720,230
Total Deferred Outflows 3,160,356 - 134,030 . 3,294,386										
Accounts Payable	Pension Deferrals	3,160,356							_	
Accounts Payable 24,318,496 727,662 215,236 60,747 25,322,141 Accrued Salaries and Benefits - 815,591 98,006 - 913,597 Unearned Revenue 1,236,204 1,167,581 2,535 - 2,406,320 Due within one year: Capital Leases 961,802 51,797 - - 1,013,599 Compensated Absences 315,053 245,272 - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: - - - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: - - - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: - - - - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: Notes Payable - - - - 91,841 91,841 91,841 91,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,841 191,84	Total Deferred Outflows	3,160,356		<u> </u>	134	,030			_	3,294,386
Accounts Payable 24,318,496 727,662 215,236 60,747 25,322,141 Accrued Salaries and Benefits - 815,591 98,006 - 913,597 Unearned Revenue 1,236,204 1,167,581 2,535 - 2,406,320 Due within one year: Capital Leases 961,802 51,797 - - 1,013,599 Compensated Absences 315,053 245,272 - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: - - - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: - - - 91,841 91,841 Compensated Absences 1,716,504 13,873 - - 1,730,377 Compensated Absences 2,771,269 122,636 - - 2,893,905 Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - - - 50,667,185 Net Pension Liability 10,110,254 - - 416,032 - 10,526,286 Total Liabilities 23,3565 <t< td=""><td>LIABILITIES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	LIABILITIES									
Accrued Salaries and Benefits - 815,591 98,006 - 913,597 Unearned Revenue 1,236,204 1,167,581 2,535 - 2,406,320 Due within one year: Capital Leases 961,802 51,797 - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: Notes Payable - - - 91,841 91,841 Capital Leases 1,716,504 13,873 - - 1,730,377 Compensated Absences 2,771,269 122,636 - - 2,893,905 Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - - - 50,667,185 Net Pension Liability 10,110,254 - 416,032 - 10,526,286 Total Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows		24.318.496		727.662	215	.236		60.747		25.322.141
Unearned Revenue 1,236,204 1,167,581 2,535 - 2,406,320 Due within one year: 2 51,797 - - 1,013,599 Capital Leases 961,802 51,797 - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: 315,053 245,272 - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: - - - - 91,841 91,841 91,841 21,841 21,841 22,842 -	•	-		,				,		
Due within one year: Capital Leases 961,802 51,797 - - 1,013,599 Compensated Absences 315,053 245,272 - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: Notes Payable - - - 91,841 91,841 Capital Leases 1,716,504 13,873 - 1,730,377 Compensated Absences 2,771,269 122,636 - 2,893,905 Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - - 50,667,185 Net Pension Liability 10,110,254 - 416,032 - 10,526,286 Total Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)		1.236.204	1					-		
Capital Leases 961,802 51,797 - - 1,013,599 Compensated Absences 315,053 245,272 - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: Notes Payable - - - - 91,841 91,841 Capital Leases 1,716,504 13,873 - - 1,730,377 Compensated Absences 2,771,269 122,636 - - 2,893,905 Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - - - 50,667,185 Net Pension Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446	Due within one year:			, ,		,				, ,
Compensated Absences 315,053 245,272 - - 560,325 Due in more than one year: Notes Payable - - - - 91,841 91,841 Capital Leases 1,716,504 13,873 - - 1,730,377 Compensated Absences 2,771,269 122,636 - - 2,893,905 Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - - - 50,667,185 Net Pension Liability 10,110,254 - 416,032 - 10,526,286 Total Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION - 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653	•	961,802		51,797		-		-		1,013,599
Notes Payable	•	•				_		-		
Notes Payable - - - 91,841 91,841 Capital Leases 1,716,504 13,873 - - 1,730,377 Compensated Absences 2,771,269 122,636 - - 2,893,905 Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - - - 50,667,185 Net Pension Liabilities 10,110,254 - 416,032 - 10,526,286 Total Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION - - 65,333 - 2,220,502 Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: - -	•	,		- ,						,-
Capital Leases 1,716,504 13,873 - - 1,730,377 Compensated Absences 2,771,269 122,636 - - 2,893,905 Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - - - 50,667,185 Net Pension Liability 10,110,254 - 416,032 - 10,526,286 Total Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>91,841</td><td></td><td>91,841</td></t<>	•	-		_		-		91,841		91,841
Compensated Absences 2,771,269 122,636 - - 2,893,905 Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - - - 50,667,185 Net Pension Liability 10,110,254 - 416,032 - 10,526,286 Total Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729	•	1.716.504		13.873		_		- ,-		
Net OPEB Liability 50,667,185 - - - 50,667,185 Net Pension Liability 10,110,254 - 416,032 - 10,526,286 Total Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: - - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)	·					_		-		
Net Pension Liability 10,110,254 - 416,032 - 10,526,286 Total Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: - - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)	•			-		_		-		
Total Liabilities 92,096,767 3,144,412 731,809 152,588 96,125,576 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)	•			_	416	.032		-		
Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)	Total Liabilities		3	3,144,412	731	,809	_	152,588		
Pension Deferrals 2,121,604 - 65,333 - 2,186,937 OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
OPEB Deferrals 33,565 - - - 33,565 Total Deferred Inflows 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)		2 121 604		_	65	333		_		2 186 037
NET POSITION 2,155,169 - 65,333 - 2,220,502 Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)				_	00	,555		_		
Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)					65	.333	_		_	
Net Investment in Capital Assets 179,047,057 57,799,908 2,489,446 3,593,242 242,929,653 Restricted for: Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)										
Restricted for: 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)	NET POSITION									
Capital Projects 48,973 - - 31,826 80,799 Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)	•	179,047,057	57	7,799,908	2,489	,446		3,593,242		242,929,653
Donor Restrictions - 6,237,866 347,335 - 6,585,201 Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)		48.973		_		_		31.826		80.799
Unrestricted (44,461,926) 6,448,729 1,596,351 495,739 (35,921,107)	. ,	10,070	6	3.237.866	347	335				
		(44,461,926)						495,739		
	Total Net Position						\$		\$	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	P	rogram Reven	ues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
		Grants and C	Contributions		Co	mponent Unit	ts		
Functions/Programs Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating	Capital	Board of Education	Cecil College	Cecil County Public Library	Bainbridge Development Corporation	Total	
Student Services	\$ 373,301 1,921,257 \$2,294,558	\$ 60,782,827 5,125,535 \$ 65,908,362	\$ 15,491,330 - - \$ 15,491,330	\$ (149,160,023) 954,225 (148,205,798)	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - - -	\$(149,160,023) 954,225 (148,205,798)	
Cecil College Instruction \$ 34,162,629 Student Services 1,603,557 Total Cecil \$ 35,766,186	\$6,077,711 1,500,566 \$7,578,277	\$ 4,269,435 	\$ 1,218,347 		(22,597,136) (102,991) (22,700,127)			(22,597,136) (102,991) (22,700,127)	
Cecil County Public Library Public Libraries \$ 6,836,055 Bainbridge Development	\$ 137,217	\$ 32,484	\$ -			(6,666,354)		(6,666,354)	
Corporation Economic Development \$ 1,123,297	\$ 433,216	\$ 668,923	<u> </u>				(21,158)	(21,158)	
General Revenues: Payments From the Payments From the Grants, Entitlemen not Restricted to Investment Earning Other Revenues in		81,688,528 68,021,206 316,538 334,265	10,544,478 5,729,284 3,444,238 65,271 1,809,137	5,442,217 1,187,753 - 1,678 187,002	- - 1,747 	97,675,223 74,938,243 3,444,238 385,234 2,330,404			
Total Genera	l Revenues, S	pecial Items, ar	nd Transfers	150,360,537	21,592,408	6,818,650	1,747	178,773,342	
Change ir	Net Position			2,154,739	(1,107,719)	152,296	(19,411)	1,179,905	
Net Position - Begin	ning			182,400,041	71,594,222	4,280,836	4,140,218	262,415,317	
Change in Accountir Net Position - E Net Position - Endin	(49,920,676) 132,479,365 \$ 134,634,104	71,594,222 \$ 70,486,503	4,280,836 \$ 4,433,132	4,140,218 \$ 4,120,807	(49,920,676) 212,494,641 \$ 213,674,546				

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principals. During the year ending June 30, 2018 the County has adopted all applicable GASB Statements through No. 86 (other than those listed below); these statements did have a material effect on the County's financial statements and required a prior period adjustment related to changes in accounting principles.

GASB has issued the following Statements which the County plans to adopt by their effective dates after evaluating the effects of these pronouncements.

Statement No. 83 Certain Asset Retirement Obligations.

Statement No. 84 Fiduciary Activities.

Statement No. 87 Leases.

Statement No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.

Statement No. 89 Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.

Statement No. 90 Majority Equity Interests.

The significant accounting policies of the County are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Cecil County (the County) was incorporated in 1674. Cecil County is governed by an elected County Executive and an elected County Council pursuant to the Charter of Cecil County, Maryland pursuant to a Charter that became effective in December 2012. The Charter provides, among other things, for the election of the County Executive and the organization, powers, and duties of the executive and administrative branches; the election, organization, powers, and duties of the legislative branch, and fiscal and budgetary matters. The Charter supersedes a Commissioner form of government where the five Commissioners (combined executive/legislative) exercised powers granted by the General Assembly of Maryland. The County principally provides general administrative services; public safety services; street, highway, and bridge repairs and maintenance; education; a correctional institution; and sanitation system maintenance.

The County is financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County. The County may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board.

The accompanying financial statements include various agencies, departments, organizations, and offices which are legally part of Cecil County, Maryland (the primary government), and the County's blended and discretely presented component units; entities for which the government is considered financially accountable. The discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in

the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

The Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees (the Plan) is a public employee retirement plan that covers certain public safety employees. The County appoints all members of the Plan's trustees, makes all employer contributions to the Plan, only County public safety employees can be members of the Plan, and the County is financially responsible for the Plan's pension obligations.

The Cecil County Maryland Non-Pension Employment Benefits Plan collects monies to assist retirees with payment of post-retirement health insurance premiums. Both Plans are fiduciary funds of the County.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Board of Education of Cecil County is responsible for elementary and secondary education in the County and operates all public schools (grades K through 12). The County is financially accountable for the Board of Education because the County approves the Board's annual budget and provides a substantial portion of the Board's operating and capital funding.

Cecil College provides post-secondary and continuing education for residents of Cecil County and its surrounding counties. The County is financially accountable for the College because the County approves the annual budget and provides a substantial portion of the College's operating and capital budgets.

The Cecil County Public Library operates all public libraries within the County. The County is financially accountable for the Library because the County approves the annual budget and provides the majority of the Library's operating and capital budgets.

The Bainbridge Development Corporation was established to develop the closed Bainbridge Naval Training Center located outside Port Deposit. The Corporation received the property of the former Center from the U. S. Navy and may grant, sell, or conduct business activity to develop the property to the benefit of Cecil County. The County appoints all members of the Corporation's Board of Directors and the County is the recipient of net earnings in excess of the needs of the Corporation.

Each of the discretely presented component units has been audited by other independent auditors and these reports have been issued under separate covers. Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

Board of Education of Cecil County 201 Booth Street Elkton, MD 21921

Cecil County Public Library 301 Newark Avenue Elkton, MD 21921 Cecil College One Seahawk Drive North East, MD 21901

Bainbridge Development Corporation 98 North Main Street, PO Box 2 Port Deposit, MD 21904

Related Organizations

Officials of the Cecil County have been instrumental in the establishment of Cecil County Neighborhood Youth Panel, Inc., Community Services Foundation of Cecil County Inc., CASA, Friends of Cecil County Parks and Recreation, Inc. and Cecil County, Maryland Animal Services Foundation, Inc. Although the County appoints some of the governing board members, these members do not represent substantially the same governing body of the County. The County is not able to impose its will on the organizations and the organizations do not provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens to the County. Accordingly, the financial activities of Cecil County Neighborhood Youth Panel, Inc., Community Services Foundation of Cecil County Inc., CASA, Friends of Cecil County Parks and Recreation, Inc., and Cecil County, Maryland Animal Services Foundation, Inc. are not included in the County's financial statements.

B. <u>Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units. Eliminations of inter-fund activity have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. In addition, the fund financial statements present internal service funds and fiduciary funds by fund type.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items (non-exchange transactions) are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied. Agency funds report only assets and liabilities as they do not have a measurement focus, but do use the accrual basis of accounting.

With limited exceptions, the effects of internal activity have been eliminated from the government-wide

financial statements. Exceptions include charges by one government function to another where services have been provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

Government Fund Financial Statements

The government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For governmental fund types, the County considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual include property taxes, income taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest and dividend income, and grants associated with the current fiscal year. Only the portion of the special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal year is considered to be susceptible to accrual and recognized as revenue in the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Amounts recorded as program revenues include a) charges to customers or applicants for materials, services or privileges provided, b) operating grants and contributions, and c) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources including all taxes are reported as general revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred (upon receipt of goods or services), except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Long-term debt issues and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the County's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water, wastewater, and landfill enterprise funds and the garage and health insurance internal service funds are charges to internal and external customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The pension trust fund and other postemployment benefit trust fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for assets and liabilities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the County. It accounts for all financial resources of the County except those resources required to be accounted for in another fund. The general tax revenues of the County, as well as other resources received and not designated for a specified purpose, are accounted for in the General Fund.

The **Housing Programs Fund**, a special revenue fund, accounts for state and federal grants legally restricted to assist low income families and individuals with paying their rent, utility, and other housing costs.

The **Casino Local Impact Fund**, a special revenue fund, was established to account for the County's share of the revenue generated at Penn National's Hollywood Casino in Perryville. The County has agreed to share 35% of the revenue with the Town of Perryville.

The **General Capital Projects – Construction Fund,** a capital projects fund, was established to account for the expenditures on buildings and other facilities intended for general use by the County and its component units. Bonds and other general County resources fund these expenditures.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

The **Wastewater Fund** accounts for the sewage and wastewater service operations and is intended to be self-supporting through user charges. The Wastewater Fund operates sewage collection and treatment systems.

The **Landfill Fund** accounts for the solid waste operations and is intended to be self-supporting through user charges. The Landfill Fund operates solid waste collection points, recycling programs, and a central landfill.

The **Property Management Fund** accounts for the County's landlord responsibilities. The Fund was established in 2016 based on the economics of ownership versus lease of a multi-tenant building where the County was a tenant. The Fund currently manages a multi-tenant office building located at 107 Chesapeake Blvd. in Elkton.

The County also reports the following fund types:

The **Internal Service Funds** are used to account for vehicle and information systems services and financing of workers compensation and health insurance provided by the County to other departments and component units of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. In addition, employee contributions to the health insurance plan and related expenses are accounted for within these funds.

The **Pension Funds** are fiduciary funds of the County and are used to account for monies set aside by the County to pay for future post-retirement benefits. This group consists of The Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees Trust Fund which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees or their beneficiaries and The Cecil County Maryland Non-Pension Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund which collects monies to assist retirees with payment of post-retirement health insurance premiums.

The **Agency Funds** account for assets held by the County in a custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. The State Tax Collection Fund and the State Bay Restoration Fund are used to account for taxes and fees collected by the County on behalf of the State of Maryland. The Town Collection Funds are used to account for taxes and fees collected by the County on behalf of the towns of Cecilton, Charlestown, Chesapeake City, Elkton, North East, Perryville, Port Deposit and Rising Sun.

The preparation of the County's financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent items at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

i. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments maturing within 90 days. Available funds are pooled in the General Fund and investment income is recorded in the General Fund unless required to do otherwise by statute, grant, or covenant.

Restricted Investments may occur in connection with various bond and trust agreements. Investments are deposited into restricted accounts for the purpose of constructing capital additions.

Investments of the pension plans are recorded at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price using current exchange rates.

ii. Receivables and Payables

Property taxes on real estate are recorded as receivables and attached as an enforceable lien on property on July 1, the date levied. Semi-annual installment payments are mandatory for qualified properties unless the taxpayer chooses to pay in one installment. Qualified property is defined as "an owner-occupied principal residence or certain commercial properties whose real estate tax amount is less than \$50,000." Under the semi-annual plan, one-half of the tax bill is due September 30 with the balance due on December 31. For all other properties, the bill is due in its entirety on September 30. After the due date, interest is charged on the delinquent portion at one percent per month. A three percent penalty is charged March 1 and thereafter. The County holds an annual property tax lien certificate sale the first Monday of June to collect all unpaid property taxes as of that date.

Personal property taxes are imposed on certain machinery and equipment used in business. Personal property taxes are billed and recorded as receivables annually throughout the year. Payment is due in 30 days. The County charges one percent per month interest on all delinquent business taxes. The County bills and collects its own property taxes, and revenues are recognized in the government funds in the period in which they become susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available. Outstanding tax levies are offset on the government fund balance sheet by deferred revenues in the liabilities section. Annual, interim and delinquent property taxes as yet uncollected are included as unavailable revenue. The amounts collected within the first 60 days of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are recorded as revenue.

Property taxes are set per the Cecil County Charter, after enacting the Annual Budget and Appropriations Ordinance, the County shall levy the amount of taxes required by the budget to ensure that the budget is balanced so that proposed revenues equal proposed expenditures. The property tax rate for fiscal year 2018 was \$1.0414 per \$100 of assessed value. The personal property tax rate for fiscal year 2018 was \$2.6035 per \$100 of assessed value.

County property tax and personal property tax revenues in fiscal year 2018 were not reduced by a material amount due to agreements enacted by legislative resolutions for Payments in Lieu of Taxes ("PILOT") as allowed by Maryland Code Annotated 7-512(a)(2) and 7-512(b).

Local income taxes are collected on behalf of the County by the State of Maryland and are remitted to the County monthly except for the months of April and December. In the event a taxpayer lives in an incorporated municipality, the County only receives 33 percent of the income tax, with the remainder going to the respective municipality. The tax rate may be changed annually at the recommendation of the County Executive and approval by the County Council. For the tax year ended December 31, 2017, the local income tax rate was 2.80 percent of Maryland taxable income. However for the tax year ended December 31, 2018, the local income tax rate is now 3.00 percent of Maryland taxable income. Income taxes collected by the State and remitted within the first 60 days of the next fiscal year, are recorded as due from other governments. In accordance with GASB Statement 33, income taxes are considered a derived revenue transaction and amounts due to the County from transactions prior to year-end but not collected within 60 days are recorded in the governmental fund balance sheet as a receivable and an equal amount as unavailable revenue.

Wastewater and Landfill customer charges are recorded when billed except that an amount is recorded for services rendered, but not yet billed, as of the close of the fiscal year. The accrued amount is based on actual billings made subsequent to year-end for wastewater customers that are billed quarterly based on consumption/use through the end of the quarter.

Revenues in the government-wide financial statements are susceptible to accrual in the period in which they become measurable unless accorded other treatment by GASB standards. All revenues and receivables in the government-wide and governmental fund statements are shown net of allowances for uncollectible accounts. Allowances are based on historic trends or specific account evaluation as necessary.

Due to/from Other Funds which are recorded in the fund financial statements, is the year-end outstanding balance of a variety of transactions between funds to finance operations, service debt and otherwise meet obligations as they become due. Interfund receivables that are unlikely to be paid within a year are considered to be Advances.

Due to/from Other Governments (or Component Units) primarily consist of amounts arising from transfer payments and amounts due from grantors or to grantees for specific programs and capital projects.

Internal Balances are the residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities as reported in the government-wide financial statements.

iii. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of the General Fund and Enterprise Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption, which are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

iv. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the County are classified as restricted as their use is limited by third party restrictions and or enabling legislation.

v. Capital Assets

Capital assets including property, plant, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County has defined capital assets as assets with a minimum cost of \$5,000 (\$25,000 to \$50,000 for land improvements, buildings, and infrastructure) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets may be purchased or constructed and are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Estimated historic costs are either based on similar assets of the same era or on deflated current values obtained from the Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the County and its components are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The County records six months' depreciation in the year the asset is acquired. Depletion of the landfill is based on usage of estimated capacity. The County and its components generally use the following estimated useful lives unless an asset's life has been adjusted based on actual experience:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Leasehold Improvements	15 - 30
Roads and Bridges	8 – 50
Buildings	20 - 50
Building Improvements	20 - 30
Vehicles, Computers, Equipment	5 – 15

vi. Liabilities

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are those earned but unused vacation and personal time for which employees will be paid. Employees are granted vacation in varying amounts. It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate all earned but unused vacation leave up to 35 days. Vacation pay is accrued as applicable in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if it has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

Self-Insurance

The County is exposed to various risks of losses relating to workers compensation and employee health and accident claims. It is the policy of the County not to purchase commercial insurance to cover these risks because of its prohibitive cost. Instead the County covers these claims through Internal Service Funds. The County does maintain commercial insurance coverage for general liability and property losses. The County also maintains commercial insurance coverage to cap its exposure to one time and total annual loss amounts.

The claims liabilities included in the Workers Compensation and Health Insurance Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for claims previously incurred, including both reported and unreported claims. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies no less than biannually. Costs are charged back to other funds by these internal service funds using various allocation methods.

vii. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are reported in addition to assets. These represent the acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) in those future periods. A deferred charge on refunding is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge of refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred inflows of resources are reported in addition to liabilities. These represent the acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in those future periods. The County's financial statement reports unavailable revenue in the governmental funds balance sheet. Unavailable revenue results primarily from property and income taxes but also various fees that are imposed but not paid within 60 days of year-end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available (primarily through payment).

Deferred outflows / inflows of resources related to pensions are recognized and classified as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources accordingly, these are deferred, amortized, and recognized as outflows or inflows in future periods:

- Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability;
- Changes of assumptions or other inputs;
- Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments;
- Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions (other than those to separately finance specific liabilities of the individual employer to the pension plan) and the employer's proportionate share of contributions; and
- Contributions to the pension plan from the employer subsequent to the measurement date of the
 collective net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period should be
 reported as a deferred outflow of resources related to pensions.

viii. Net Position Flow Assumption

The County may fund outlays from both restricted (e.g., bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts reported as restricted - net position, and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption is made as to the order in which resources are expected to be used or consumed. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

ix. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The County may fund outlays from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts reported as restricted,

committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption is made as to the order in which resources are expected to be used or consumed. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

x. Net Position and Fund Equity

The difference between assets, deferred inflows, liabilities, deferred outflows is "Net Position" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund statements and "Fund Balance" on governmental fund statements. Net Position includes items classified as Net Investment in Capital Assets, balances "Restricted" for a specific purpose or "Unrestricted" and available for appropriation for the general purposes.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the difference between assets, deferred inflows, liabilities, deferred outflows is "Fund Balance." Non-spendable and restricted fund balance represent amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose or are otherwise not available for appropriation. Committed fund balance represents amounts that are reserved for a particular purpose by the County Council and would require action by the council to release the fund balance from its commitment. Assigned fund balance represents tentative management plans that are subject to change. Further discussion of these items is in Note 12.

xi. Fair Value Measurements

Cecil County categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets:
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or identical assets or liabilities in less active markets, such as dealer or broker markets; and
- Level 3 Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable, such as pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques not based on market, exchange, dealer or broker-traded transactions.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

A. <u>Budgetary Accounting and Control</u>

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. The County adopts legal annual budgets for the general fund, certain special revenue funds and the debt service fund. The County legally adopts project length budgets for its capital projects funds. Since project periods may differ from the County's fiscal year, a comparison of budgetary information for the combined capital projects funds would not be meaningful and has not been presented in the accompanying financial statements.
- b. In January of each year, County department heads are required to submit to the County Executive preliminary operating budgets for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budgets submitted include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them as well as narrative justification for increases of operating expenditures (i.e. additional employees, capital expenditures).
- c. The County Executive reviews the departmental requests and prepares a Proposed Budget with the assistance of the Department of Finance and submits it to County Council not later than April 1. The Proposed budget consists of a Current Expense Budget, the Current Revenue Budget, the Capital Budget, and the Capital Improvement Program. The County Executive also proposes the tax and fee rates for the fiscal year. This review process includes meetings with the department heads, comparisons with prior years' spending patterns, and forecasts of future needs.
- d. The proposed budget is reviewed by County Council through a process that includes one or more public hearings. Council may decrease or delete expenditure items, but may not change revenue projections. The Budget is required to be adopted not later than June 15. After the budget adoption, County Council must levy the amount of taxes or fees required by the Budget to endure that the Budget is balanced so that proposed revenues equal proposed expenditures.
- e. Should supplemental budget appropriations be required, the County Executive shall propose and County Council shall consider such budget changes at the scheduled Council meetings and public hearings.
- f. The County's legal level of budgetary control is at the departmental level. With the approval of the County Executive, Department heads may make budget amendments within their respective departments, however all amendments above the departmental level, i.e., interdepartmental and inter-fund, require formal proposal by the County Executive and consideration and approval by the County Council. The original budget adopted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the budget as revised for budget amendments approved by the County Council during the year are presented as part of the budget versus actual schedules presented in these financial statements.
- f. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the departmental level. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end for all funds except the capital projects funds. The County legally adopts project-length budgets for its capital projects funds and unexpended appropriations automatically carry forward to the next fiscal year.

B. <u>Legally Adopted Budgets – General and Major Special Revenue Funds</u>

Governmental funds, for which budgets have been legally adopted and included in the appropriate Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for the year ended June 30, 2018, were the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds.

All budgets for the above funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted deficiencies within each governmental fund are provided for by prior year designations of fund balance.

C. <u>Expenditures Over Appropriations</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2018, expenditures exceeded appropriations for the following departments.

Fund	Budget Line Item	Over Budget
General Fund	Board of Parks	\$ 43,010
	Sheriff's Office	392,311

3. Deposits and Investments

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the trust funds, which are managed separately. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet under the caption "Cash and Investments." Each component unit manages its cash and investments in a similar manner.

<u>Custodial Risk</u> In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires at least 102% collateralization of deposits in excess of FDIC insurance.

The summary below identifies the investment type of the deposits and investments of the primary government and its component units.

	Primary Government			Fiduciary Funds		Component Units	
<u>Cash</u>							
Insured Deposits (FDIC)	\$	1,012,694	\$	156,305	\$	1,902,092	
Money Market Mutual Funds		-		388,373		176,968	
Uninsured Deposits - Collateral held by pledging							
bank's agent in the County or Unit's name		24,735,670		516,419		28,171,249	
Certificates of Deposit due within 90 days - Collateral held							
by pledging bank's agent in the County or Unit's name		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		387,995	
Total Cash	\$	25,748,364	\$	1,061,097	\$	30,638,304	
Investments							
Certificates of Deposit due greater than 90 days - Collateral held							
by pledging bank's agent in the County or Unit's name	\$	-	\$	-	\$	300,000	
Other governmental agencies		4,506,613		-		=	
Investment in Maryland Local							
Government Investment Pool		45,536,272		-		18,569,877	
Institutional Separate Accounts *		=	4	8,145,716		-	
Mutual Fund *		9,585,961	_ 1	4,082,752		6,204,441	
Total Investments	\$	59,628,846	\$ 6	2,228,468	\$	25,074,318	

^{*} The above investments are invested in the Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees, the Cecil County Non-Pension Post Employment Trust Fund, Landfill Post Closure and the Cecil Community College Foundation.

The summary below identifies the fair market value level of the investments of the primary government and fiduciary funds.

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Ju	Balance as of une 30, 2018
Investments by Fair Value Level:								
Federal Agencies	\$	-	\$	4,506,613	\$	-	\$	4,506,613
Other Post Employment Benefits and								
Pension Funds:								
Institutional Separate Accounts		-		48,145,716		-		48,145,716
Fixed Income Funds		5,250,396		-		-		5,250,396
Equity Mutual Funds		18,418,317		_				18,418,317
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$	23,668,713	\$	52,652,329	\$	-	\$	76,321,042
Investments Carried at Amortized Cost:								
MLGIP		<u>-</u>						45,536,272
Total Investments at Amortized Cost	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	45,536,272
Total Investments	\$	23,668,713	\$	52,652,329	\$	-	\$	121,857,314

<u>Fair Market Value Levels</u> Debt securities (Fixed Income funds) classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Equity Mutual funds listed on a national market or exchange are valued at the last sales price, or , if there is no sale and the market is still considered active, at the mean of the last bid and asked prices on such exchange. Such securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Institutional Separate accounts classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets in active markets or identical assets in less active markets, such as dealers or broker markets.

<u>Credit Risk</u> It is the County's policy to minimize credit risk by investing only in the highest quality investments including U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government Agency obligations; collateralized repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit; the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool; commercial paper and money market mutual funds of the highest rating; and bankers' acceptances guaranteed by a financial institution with the highest rating.

With regards to the Pension Plan, no rating was available for the money market fund. The Plan holds ten institutional separate accounts, which were rated by Morning Star, of which one received a 5 star rating, three received a 4 star rating, and six received a 3 star rating, with 5 being the best and 1 being the worst.

The OPEB Trust holds 20 separate bond/stock funds of which five had a Morningstar rating of 5 stars (best rating is 5 stars). Five of the funds had a Morningstar rating of 4 and the remaining ten funds had a Morningstar rating of 3. No rating was available for the money market mutual fund.

The Maryland Local Government Investment Pool is duly chartered, administered and subject to regulatory oversight by the State of Maryland. This pool is managed in a "Rule 2(a)-7" like manner and has an S&P rating of AAA. All money market funds have a Moody's rating of Aaa. A bank sponsored collateral pool for governmental entities is 102% collateralized with U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities, securities of agencies of the U.S. government that have an implied and not explicit guarantee are classified as U.S. Agencies – Other.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> The County limits its interest rate risk by primarily investing in securities with maturity dates under five years. All U.S. Treasury, and U.S. Agencies investments are held by the general fund. It is the policy of the general fund to hold investments until maturity unless there is an economic reason to do otherwise. Listed below are the investments and maturities as of June 30, 2018:

Investment	 air Value	Less t	han 1	1 - 5 Years	6 - 10	Years	Ove	er 10 Years
U.S. Agencies - Other	\$ 4,503,613	\$		\$ 4,506,613	\$		\$	

<u>Concentration Risk</u>. The County limits the investment in certain instruments to a certain percentage of its portfolio as follows: U.S Treasury Obligations and U.S. Government Agency or sponsored instrumentalities, 100%; Repurchase agreements, 100%; Maryland Local Government Investment Pool, 100%; collateralized, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, 80%; money market mutual funds, 60%, bankers acceptances, 40% and commercial paper, 5%. The County's portfolio was in compliance with this policy.

The Pension Plan's investment policy applies the prudent person rule to its investments. The Plan invests in Institutional Separate Accounts, which are essentially mutual funds. This sub-advised

approach provides the Plan with access to some of the most respected investment professionals in the industry. The investment policy establishes an asset allocation by asset class where allowable ranges are identified by asset class. Rebalancing is performed on at least a quarterly basis, as appropriate, such that the allocation for each asset class shall not exceed the bounds of the allowable ranges. During the years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016, the Plan complied with the Plan's investment policy.

The OPEB Trust's investment policy applies the prudent person rule to its investments as a whole and its Investment Consultants and/or Investment Managers. The investment policy requires that no more than 5% of any class of investments shall be in one corporation or affiliated group. Further, the policy requires that no more than 20% of any class of investments shall be in any one industry; investments in U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency obligations are not limited.

In fiscal year 2017, following the enactment of the State of Maryland legislation, the County Council passed legislation creating a Landfill Closure Restricted Investment Account to accumulate funds to pay for the closure and post-closure costs of the County's landfill. The Landfill Closure Account's investment policy applies the prudent person rule to its investments as a whole and its Investment Consultants and/or Investment Managers. The investment policy requires that no more than 5% of any class of investments shall be in one corporation or affiliated group. Further, the policy requires that no more than 20% of any class of investments shall be in any one industry; investments in U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency obligations are not limited.

Restricted Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the County had \$38,375,713 in temporarily restricted cash and investments. Of this, unspent proceeds of bond offerings consist of \$16,514,422 in Capital Projects Funds, \$1,967,516 in the Information Technology Internal Service Fund, and \$6,600,874 in the Wastewater Fund. Restrictions related to the Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs account for \$9,261,122. The remaining \$4,031,778 is funds restricted by various grants or state laws. The bond proceeds and other funds as required are invested, tracked and managed separately from operating cash. The funds are subject to the imposed expenditure restrictions.

The chart below provides reconciliation between the amounts disclosed in the chart below and the amounts presented in the Statement of Net Position:

	Primary			Fiduciary	C	omponent		
	G	overnment	_	Funds	Units		_	Total
Cash Investments	\$	25,748,364 59,628,846	\$	1,061,097 62,228,468	\$	30,638,304 25,074,318	\$	57,447,765 146,931,632
Petty Cash Amounts		21,280	_	<u>-</u>	_	8,265		29,545
Total	\$	85,398,490	\$	63,289,565	\$	55,720,887	\$	204,408,942
Unrestricted Restricted	\$	47,022,777 38,375,713	\$	- -	\$	49,143,626 6,577,261	\$	96,166,403 44,952,974
Fiduciary Funds		-	_	63,289,565	_		_	63,289,565
Total Cash and Investments	\$	85,398,490	\$	63,289,565	\$	55,720,887	\$	204,408,942

4. Receivables

Primary Government

The following are receivables as of June 30, 2018, for the Government's major and non-major funds including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts. Receivables of the internal service funds in the amount of \$316,133 are included in the governmental activities of the government-wide statement.

	Governmental Fund Financial Statements										
	General	Housing Programs	Capital Projects	Non-Major Funds	Total	Governmental Activities					
Receivables:											
Property Taxes	\$2,146,828	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,146,828	\$ 2,146,828					
Accounts	=	224,718	4	23,883	248,605	253,583					
Notes	-	-	-	14,609	14,609	14,609					
Interest and Other	602,538			60	602,598	913,753					
Gross Receivables	2,749,366	224,718	4	38,552	3,012,640	3,328,773					
Less: Allowances for											
Uncollectibles	(607,813)	(224,718)			(832,531)	(832,531)					
Net Total Receivables	\$2,141,553	\$ -	\$ 4	\$ 38,552	\$2,180,109	\$ 2,496,242					

Receivables as of June 30, 2018, for the Government's enterprise funds and business-type activities including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts were as follows:

	Statements								
		С	urren	N	on-Current				
	Wastewater	Landfill	Property			W	astewater	В	usiness-type
	Services	Services	Management Total		Services		Activities		
Receivables:									
Accounts	\$ 1,903,820	\$717,298	\$	37,657	\$2,658,775	\$	-	\$	2,658,775
Other	145,359	7,697		-	153,056		-		153,056
Non-Cur	rent			-			1,872,905		1,872,905
Gross Receivables	2,049,179	724,995		37,657	2,811,831		1,872,905		4,684,736
Less: Allowances for	r								
Uncollectibles	(90,606)	(35,865)			(126,471)		<u>-</u>		(126,471)
Net Total Receivable	s <u>\$ 1,958,573</u>	\$689,130	\$	37,657	\$2,685,360	\$	1,872,905	\$	4,558,265

Component Units

Receivables as of June 30, 2018, for the Component Units were as follows:

			Cecil	
	Board of	Cecil	County	
	Education	College Library		Total
Receivables:				
Accounts	\$ 1,409,095	\$ -	\$ 74,025	\$ 1,483,120
Other		1,489,348		1,489,348
Gross Receivables	1,409,095	1,489,348	74,025	2,972,468
Less: Allow ances for				
Uncollectibles		(1,028,393)		(1,028,393)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 1,409,095	\$ 460,955	\$ 74,025	\$ 1,944,075

Tax Abatements

Cecil County, Maryland provides tax abatements through the Enterprise Zone Tax Credit Program. Maryland's Enterprise Zone Tax Credit Program is a joint effort between the State and local governments to provide tax incentives to businesses and property owners within targeted areas in return for job creation and investments. Eligible businesses in an enterprise zone may claim a ten-year credit against local real property taxes on a portion of real property improvements. The credit is 80% of the assessment increase during the first five years. The credit then decreases 10% annually thereafter to 30% in the tenth year. The Tax - Property Article, Section 9-103 of the Maryland Annotated Code is the authorization for the Enterprise Zone program and corresponding tax credits. As provided by the State of Maryland budget, the State shall remit to the County an amount equal to one-half of the funds granted for enterprise zone tax credits annually. The County submits an annual request for this reimbursement. As of June 30, 2018, seven properties participate in this program.

	Amount of						
Tax Abatement Program	Tax	es Abated					
Enterprise Zone Credits	\$	757,984					
Total	\$	757,984					

5. Notes Receivable

Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund

The fund provides small loans, through a revolving loan fund, in conjunction with other lenders to enhance economic development within the County. As of June 30, 2018, there was one outstanding loan totaling \$14,609.

6. <u>Capital Assets</u>

A. Primary Government

The capital asset activity for Governmental Activities for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	June 30, 2017	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 14,935,834	\$ 1,014,387	\$ -	\$ 15,950,221
Construction in Progress	5,922,567	10,780,738	(4,248,230)	12,455,075
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	20,858,401	11,795,125	(4,248,230)	28,405,296
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	15,169,202	2,542,725	-	17,711,927
Highw ays & Bridges	247,817,068	2,918,829	(782,481)	249,953,416
Building & Improvements	91,128,099	1,251,307	-	92,379,406
Machinery & Equipment	58,786,295	3,277,593	(1,486,173)	60,577,715
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	412,900,664	9,990,454	(2,268,654)	420,622,464
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(3,699,614)	(916,249)	-	(4,615,863)
Highways & Bridges	(147,187,282)	(5,847,237)	782,481	(152,252,038)
Building & Improvements	(23,459,298)	(2,199,867)	-	(25,659,165)
Machinery & Equipment	(36,472,521)	(4,559,908)	1,426,651	(39,605,778)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(210,818,715)	(13,523,261)	2,209,132	(222,132,844)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	202,081,949	(3,532,807)	(59,522)	198,489,620
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$222,940,350	\$ 8,262,318	\$ (4,307,752)	\$226,894,916

The capital asset activity for Business-Type Activities for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Ju	une 30, 2017 Increases Decreases		ecreases	June 30, 2018			
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,368,327	\$	-	\$	(27,000)	\$	3,341,327
Construction in Progress		12,706,733		3,113,101		(5,298,151)		10,521,683
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		16,075,060	_	3,113,101		(5,325,151)	_	13,863,010
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Landfill & Land Improvements		42,488,723		114,244		-		42,602,967
Wastew ater Lines		49,086,695		5,103,097		-		54,189,792
Buildings & Improvements		31,837,522		-		-		31,837,522
Machinery & Equipment		40,430,486		225,412		-		40,655,898
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		163,843,426		5,442,753	_			169,286,179
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Landfill & Land Improvements		(21,638,744)		(1,982,065)		-		(23,620,809)
Wastew ater Lines		(18,047,776)		(1,332,923)		-		(19,380,699)
Building & Improvements		(9,368,822)		(876,310)		-		(10,245,132)
Machinery & Equipment		(14,120,560)		(1,871,215)		-		(15,991,775)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(63,175,902)	_	(6,062,513)		<u>-</u>		(69,238,415)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		100,667,524	_	(619,760)	_	<u>-</u>	_	100,047,764
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	116,742,584	\$	2,493,341	\$	(5,325,151)	\$	113,910,774

Depreciation and depletion expense was charged to the following activities:

Governmental Activities:		Business-type Activities:
General Government	\$ 1,318,899	Enterprise Funds:
Public Safety	3,694,598	Wastew ater \$ 3,877,272
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	7,022,921	Landfill 2,014,568
Health and Welfare	399,256	Property Mangement170,673
Recreation and Culture	860,703	\$ 6,062,513
Public Libraries	223,557	
Economic Development	 3,328	
	\$ 13,523,261	

Construction Commitments

Cecil County has active construction contracts as of June 30, 2018. The programs include highway, streets, bridges, wastewater treatment facilities, and upgrades to sewers. At year-end, the County's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			F	Remaining	
Project	Spent to Date		Co	ommitment	
Bridge Replacements	\$	2,766,344	\$	1,210,141	
Road Improvements		4,557,381		1,011,239	
Rt 40 West Sanitary Sewer		815,254		335,468	
Harborview WWTP Upgrades		626,210		549,382	
Elkton West Sanitary Sewer		603,182		210,544	
Total	\$	9,368,371	\$	3,316,774	

B. <u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>

The following summarizes the capital asset activity of the County's component units for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	June 30, 2017		Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2018	
Board of Education								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	5,561,453	\$	-	\$	=	\$	5,561,453
Construction in Progress		3,862,186		16,298,704		(1,660,223)		18,500,667
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		9,423,639	_	16,298,704		(1,660,223)		24,062,120
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Building & Improvements		297,457,004		-		-		297,457,004
Land Improvements		17,402,010		672,770		=		18,074,780
Machinery & Equipment		26,252,556		2,280,356		(4,042,876)		24,490,036
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		341,111,570		2,953,126	_	(4,042,876)		340,021,820
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Building & Improvements	(145,609,885)		(13,809,296)		-		(159,419,181)
Land Improvements		(6,913,887)		(852,603)		-		(7,766,490)
Machinery & Equipment		(17,164,585)		(1,327,741)		3,319,420		(15,172,906)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(169,688,357)		(15,989,640)	_	3,319,420	_	(182,358,577)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		171,423,213		(13,036,514)		(723,456)	_	157,663,243
Board of Education Capital Assets, Net	\$	180,846,852	\$	3,262,190	\$	(2,383,679)	\$	181,725,363

Capital assets of the County's component units (continued):

	Jι	ıne 30, 2017	Increases		De	Decreases		ine 30, 2018
Cecil College								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,779,763	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,779,763
Construction in Progress		<u> </u>						
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		1,779,763	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	1,779,763
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Leasehold & Other Improvements		28,884,962		-		-		28,884,962
Building and Improvements		59,072,745		-		-		59,072,745
Machinery & Equipment	_	7,353,421	_	318,812		(5,136)	_	7,667,097
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	_	95,311,128	_	318,812		(5,136)	_	95,624,804
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Leasehold & Other Improvements		(14,468,905)		(1,770,098)		-		(16,239,003)
Building & Improvements		(16,244,705)		(607,549)		-		(16,852,254)
Machinery & Equipment		(6,108,751)		(344,117)		5,136		(6,447,732)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(36,822,361)		(2,721,764)		5,136		(39,538,989)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	_	58,488,767	_	(2,402,952)		<u>-</u>	_	56,085,815
Cecil College Capital Assets, Net	\$	60,268,530	\$	(2,402,952)	\$	-	\$	57,865,578
Public Library								
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Machinery & Equipment	\$	5,063,056	\$	522,620	\$	(637,736)	\$	4,947,940
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Machinery & Equipment		(2,364,335)		(731,895)		637,736		(2,458,494)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(2,364,335)		(731,895)		637,736	_	(2,458,494)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	_	2,698,721		(209,275)				2,489,446
Public Library Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,698,721	\$	(209,275)	\$	-	\$	2,489,446
Bainbridge Development Corporation								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,549,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,549,600
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Machinery & Equipment		64,622		_		-		64,622
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Machinery & Equipment		(16,006)		(4,974)		-		(20,980)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(16,006)		(4,974)				(20,980)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	_	48,616	_	(4,974)		-		43,642
Bainbridge Development								
Corporation Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,598,216	\$	(4,974)	\$	-	\$	3,593,242

7. <u>Interfund Balances and Transfers</u>

Interfund balances arise primarily from the General Fund's role as receiver, investor, and disburser of cash. Transactions that are short-term in nature are classified as inter-fund receivables. The \$5,920,241 due from the Wastewater Fund is considered an advance because the fund has not generated enough cash flow in recent years and the cash flow from service charges is insufficient to repay the balance in the short term. The Motor Vehicle internal service fund holds depreciable assets; the receivables from this fund are considered an advance because the cash flow from service charges is insufficient to repay the balances in the short term. The inter-fund receivables as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	\$ 1,415,007
	Health Insurance Fund	1,837
	Fiduciary Funds	2,917
	Advance to Wastew ater Fund	5,920,241
	Advance to Motor Vehicle Fund	 3,724,550
		\$ 11,064,552

Interfund transfers from the General Fund consist of operating transfers to finance debt service of \$14,843,124 and \$1,532,855 to provide additional support to several special revenue programs. The transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Transfers In								
Н	ousing Fund	P	Capital rojects		-	_	General Fund	Total
\$	31,157	\$	78,698	\$	17,587,697	\$	-	\$ 17,697,552
	-		-		-		180,000	180,000
	-		435,179		-	•	1,625,821	2,061,000
	_		_		2,153,795			2,153,795
\$	31,157	\$	513,877	\$	19,741,492	\$ 1	1,805,821	\$ 22,092,347
	_	\$ 31,157	Housing P Fund \$ 31,157 \$	General Capital Projects Fund \$ 78,698 - 435,179	General Capital No. Projects Go Fund San San	Housing Fund Capital Projects Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds \$ 31,157 \$ 78,698 \$ 17,587,697 - - - - 435,179 - - 2,153,795	General Non-Major Governmental Fund Funds State State	Housing Fund Projects Fund Governmental Fund General Governmental Fund \$ 31,157 \$ 78,698 \$ 17,587,697 \$ - - - - 180,000 - 435,179 - 2,153,795 - 2,153,795 -

8. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable	\$ 153,287,446	\$ 36,147,823	\$ (18,800,454)	\$ 170,634,815	\$ 12,760,043
Premium on Debts Issued	13,054,405	3,484,818	(1,997,935)	14,541,288	2,021,258
Total Bonds Payable	166,341,851	39,632,641	(20,798,389)	185,176,103	14,781,301
Capital Leases	1,876,310	1,986,474	(500,883)	3,361,901	761,226
Insurance Claims Payable	5,223,427	11,600,421	(11,124,820)	5,699,028	5,699,028
Compensated Absences	2,409,855	844,638	(739,551)	2,514,942	1,676,628
Net Pension Liability	40,639,216	845,902	(2,776,186)	38,708,932	
Governmental Activity					
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 198,349,446</u>	\$ 54,910,076	\$ (35,939,829)	\$ 235,460,906	\$ 22,918,183
	Dolomoo			Dalamaa	Dun Within
	Balance	Additions	Doductions	Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2017	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2018	One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
Bonds Payable	\$ 74,182,039	\$ 11,497,177	\$ (13,167,407)	\$ 72,511,809	\$ 4,811,513
Premium on Debt Issued	638,817	1,645,971	(202,675)	2,082,113	294,979
Total Bonds Payable	74,820,856	13,143,148	(13,370,082)	74,593,922	5,106,492
Compensated Absences	148,403	50,322	(50,916)	147,809	98,539
Accrued Landfill Closure					
and Postclosure Costs	9,065,552		(54,639)	9,010,913	
Business-Type Activity					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 84,034,811	\$ 13,193,470	\$ (13,475,637)	\$ 83,752,644	\$ 5,205,031
Component Units					
Board of Education	\$ 67,862,581	\$ 6,011,002	\$ (7,331,516)		\$ 1,276,855
Cecil College	445,286	-	(11,708)	433,578	297,069
Cecil County Public Library	437,479	-	(21,447)	416,032	
Bainbridge Development	91,841			91,841	
Component Units					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 68,837,187	\$ 6,011,002	\$ (7,364,671)	\$ 67,483,518	\$ 1,573,924
5		. , , ,		. ,,-	. , -,-

Compensated absences are reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The General Fund normally pays compensated absence liabilities not recorded in internal service funds. Net pension liabilities are liquidated with General Fund resources.

Special Assessment

B. General Obligation Bonds

Cecil County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities; they are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds are generally issued as 10 to 20 year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal due each year.

Cecil County has also issued special assessment debt to provide for the construction of shore erosion control projects. These funds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists at the time a debt service payment is due, the government must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources are received.

Bond issues described as "Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds" are used to finance the design, planning, renovation, construction, and equipping of public facilities in Cecil County. Funding from Sanitary District Bonds is used to design, plan, renovate, construct or equip various wastewater facilities.

There are certain limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures including call provisions. The County is in compliance with the limitations and restrictions.

A detailed list of bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2018, is contained on pages 60 and 61.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for principal and interest for bonds payable as of June 30, 2018, were as follows:

								Sp	pecial As	ses	sment
	General Obligation Bonds									nds	
Year	Gover	nme	ental		Busine	ss-	Туре		Govern	mer	ıtal
Ending	Acti	vitie	s	_	Activ	/itie	es		Acti	vities	<u> </u>
June 30	Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest	Pı	incipal	Int	erest
2019	\$ 12,753,944	\$	6,426,375	\$	4,811,513	\$	2,443,787	\$	6,099	\$	-
2020	12,545,215		5,808,496		4,989,633		2,261,242		6,099		-
2021	12,922,574		5,280,373		5,100,376		2,079,246		6,099		-
2022	12,892,675		4,741,371		5,433,102		1,882,716		6,099		-
2023	12,527,962		3,637,159		5,169,384		1,503,980		6,099		-
2024-2028	57,387,370		14,503,695		22,564,203		6,388,685		30,494		-
2029-2033	32,346,497		5,720,105		18,392,723		2,734,393		24,396		-
2034-2038	17,173,193		1,190,584		7,298,321		545,442				-
2039-2043	-		-		556,949		91,551		-		-
2044-2045				_	110,775		7,306	_	<u>-</u>		
Total	\$ 170,549,430	\$	47,308,158	\$	74,426,979	\$	19,938,348	\$	85,385	\$	
Less: Funds			_				_				
not Draw n					(1,915,170)			_			
Total	\$ 170,549,430			\$	72,511,809			\$	85,385		

The following is a summary of general, special assessment, and revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2018:

Date of Issue / Maturity	Amount of Original Issue	Description	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2018
2002/2023	\$ 2,050,000	Sanitary District Bond 2002A CherryHill WWPT	2.0%	\$ 590,932
2002/2024	6,279,112	Sanitary District Bond 2002B North East River WWTP	1.9%	1,857,958
2003/2043	845,000	Sanitary District Bond 2003A CherryHill WWTP	4.252%	679,782
2004/2023	2,616,645	Sanitary District Bond, Series 2003B Lakeside/Rt 272 Sewer Upgrades	1.2%	746,782
2004/2044	1,585,000	Sanitary District Bond, Series 2004A Carpenters Point Ph I collection system	4.577%	1,314,239
2004/2025	8,000,000	Sanitary District Bond, Series 2004B Meadowview WWTP	1.1%	3,076,867
2008/2027	2,702,000	Sanitary District Bond 2008A Washington Street Pump Station Carpenters Point Ph II collection system	1%	1,235,124
2009/2028	800,000	Sanitary District Bond 2008B Septage Receiving Facility	None	400,000
2009/2028	27,695,000	Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds 2009 General \$6,857,437 BOE \$9,175,563 College \$6,987,000 Waste Water \$3,700,000 Solid Waste \$975,000	3.0%-4.375%	1,385,000
2010/2021	25,160,000	Consolidated Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds 2010A General \$4,553,000 BOE \$1,646,000 College \$751,000 Solid Waste \$8,500,000 Refunding 2001B \$9,710,000	2.0%-3.0%	8,950,000

List of Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018 (continued):

Date of				Balance
Issue /	Amount of		Interest	Outstanding
Maturity	Original Issue	Description	Rates	June 30, 2018
2010/2030	\$ 1,257,000	Sanitary District Bond 2010A Carpenters Point Ph III collection system	1%	\$ 820,640
2011/2024	6,615,000	2011 GO Refunding Bond Refunding 2003 and 2004	2.35%	6,354,000
2012/2032	33,995,000	Consolidated Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2012 General \$11,504,000 BOE \$560,000 College \$1,203,000 Waste Water \$1,483,000 Refunding 2002, 2003, 2004 & 2005 \$19,245,000	2.25%-5.0%	23,275,000
2013/2025	9,290,000	2013 GO Refunding Bond Refunding 2002 & 2005	2.0%-5.0%	5,430,000
2014/2036	19,705,893	Sanitary District Bond 2014 Northeast River WWTP ENR Upgrade (Only \$17,790,723 drawn at June 30, 2018)	2%	16,054,915
2014/2034	48,000,000	Consolidated Public Improvement 2014 General \$17,015,000 BOE \$14,325,000 Waste Water \$16,660,000	3.0%-5.0%	41,920,000
2015/2027	34,975,000	2015 GO Refunding Bond Refunding 2006 and 2007	3.0%-4.0%	34,015,000
2016/2036	50,530,000	Consolidated Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2016 General \$12,343,200 BOE \$11,664,800 Property Management \$7,300,000 College \$2,002,000 Waste Water \$2,490,000 Refunding 2009 \$14,730,000	3.0%-4.0%	47,310,000
2018/2037	47,645,000	Consolidated Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2017 General \$13,600,000 BOE \$13,841,000 College \$2,075,000 Waste Water \$3,350,000 Landfill \$350,000 Library \$284,000 Refunding 2010 \$14,145,000	3.0%-5.0%	47,645,000
Sub-Total G	Seneral Obligation	Bonds		243,061,239
2004/2031	149,000	West View Shores II - Erosion Control	None	85,385
	Special Assessme	ent Debt		85,385
	Total			243,146,624

C. Defeasance of Debt

In FY2018 the County issued \$14,145,000 in general obligation bonds to advance refund \$15,420,000 of outstanding series 2010 General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. As a result, the refunded portion of the series 2010 bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,016,265; this amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. An economic gain was realized on the transaction; the savings resulting from the transaction were calculated as:

Cash flow requirements of debt service on the old debt	(\$ 21,791,301
Cash flow requirements of debt service on the new debt		19,585,622
Net savings from refunding (Economic gain)	\$ 2,205,679	

<u>Prior Year Defeasance of Debt.</u> In prior years, Cecil County defeased general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments of the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. As of June 30, 2018, \$30,650,000 of Cecil County Maryland bonds outstanding from this defeasement are considered defeased.

9. Leases

A. Operating Leases

The County no longer leases office facilities after the purchase of 107 Chesapeake Blvd in Elkton. The Board of Education leases office and warehouse space, and bus parking. Cecil College leases office space and office equipment. The future minimum lease payments for these leases were as of June 30, 2018:

Years Ending June 30	 Board of Education	 Cecil College
2018	\$ 1,061,633	\$ 163,970
2019	753,749	139,542
2020	518,751	80,775
2021	426,289	 31,875
Total Commitment under the Operating Lease	\$ 2,760,422	\$ 416,162

B. Capital Leases

The County has a Master Equipment Lease/Purchase Agreement with Banc of America Public Capital Corp. The agreements allow the County to purchase equipment at an adjustable market rate of interest. The Board of Education has entered into capital leases for maintenance vehicles and portable classrooms. As such, the present value of all future minimum lease payments has been recorded as a capital lease obligation on the statement of net position. As of June 30, 2018, future minimum payments under capital leases were as follows:

Years Ending	Primary Government					Board of
June 30	Motor Vehicle		IT Equip		E	ducation
2019	\$	476,373	\$	345,592	\$	995,887
2020		476,373		345,592		916,403
2021		476,373		345,592		827,979
2022		476,373		297,101		-
2023		141,929		136,815		
Total Payments		2,047,421		1,470,692	:	2,740,269
Less Interest		(87,430)		(68,782)		(61,963)
Capitalized lease obligations	\$	1,959,991	\$	1,401,910	\$ 2	2,678,306

Capitalized leases for the County at June 30, 2018, consist of the following assets shown at original cost as summarized below:

		Primary Go	nt	Board of		
Type of Property		otor Vehicle	IT I	IT Fund		cation
Vehicles	\$	2,266,237	\$	-	\$	-
Buildings		-		-	4	165,039
Improvements other than buildings		-		-	5,4	155,497
IT Equipment and furnitue and fixtures	_		1,6	41,878	4,7	740,926
Total		2,266,237	1,6	41,878	10,6	61,462
Less Acumulated Depreciation		(349,302)	(2	97,729)	(4,8	357,559)
Net Assets Under Lease	\$	1,916,935	\$ 1,3	44,149	\$ 5,8	303,903

10. Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its central refuse landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure.

Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each statement of net assets date.

The landfill closure and post-closure care liability of \$9,010,913 as of June 30, 2018, represented the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of approximately 82% of the estimated capacity of the currently constructed cells at the landfill. Based on the historical average disposal volume in the last 5 years, it is anticipated that the existing landfill has approximately 7 years of remaining disposal life. The remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$1,901,432 will be recognized as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The total closure and post-closure liability calculation is based on current 2018 costs. Actual cost may be different because of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to meet certain financial assurance requirements relative to financing the expected cost of closure and post-closure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements.

11. Unavailable Revenues

Government Funds report unavailable revenues in connection with revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. In the government-wide statement, unavailable revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

	Governmental Fund Financial Statements	Government-wide Financial Statements
<u>Unavailable Revenues</u>		
General Fund		
Income Taxes Property Taxes	\$ 8,425,922 269,785	\$ - -
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 8,695,707	\$ -
Unearned Revenues		
General Capital Project Fund		
Unearned Grant Revenue	275,000	275,000
Non-Major Funds		
Other Special Revenues	146,678	146,678
Community Services	128,864	128,864
	275,542	275,542
Internal Service Fund	- 7-	-,-
Motor Vehicle Fund	-	5,833
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 550,542	\$ 556,375

12. Fund Balance

The County has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 which redefined how fund balances are presented in fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the County Charter, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by formal County Council legislative action.

Assigned – Amounts that are allocated for a future use by the County Executive but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by County Council.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds. Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by Council or the Assignment has been changed by the County Executive. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund Balance; in the event that Unassigned becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

General Fund

The General Fund had Nonspendable fund balances of \$10,075,089 as of June 30, 2018. The Motor Vehicle internal service fund holds depreciable assets; the receivables from this fund is considered as Advances and classified as Nonspendable because the cash flow from service charges is insufficient to repay the balance in the short term. The \$5,920,241 due from the Wastewater Fund is considered an Advance (discussed in Note 7) and therefore is classified as Nonspendable fund balance; the fund has not generated enough cash flow in recent years and the cash flow from service charges is insufficient to repay the balance in the short term. The County's Nonspendable fund balance detail is as follows:

Non-spendable

Advance to Motor Vehicle Fund Advance to Wastewater Fund	3,724,550 5.920.241
Inventory and Prepaid	 430,298
	\$ 10,075,089

The General Fund had Committed fund balances of zero as of June 30, 2018. The County did not utilize Fund Balance Appropriation in the fiscal year 2018 approved budget to attain a balanced budget.

The General Fund had Assigned fund balances of \$23,788,045 as of June 30, 2018. The Reserve for Contingencies was legislated to set aside resources to cover unanticipated deficits or revenue reductions that may be caused by adverse economic conditions or public emergency. The Reserve is equal to 10% of \$195,345,861 - fiscal year 2019 revenues budgeted as of the end of June 30, 2018. The Assigned amount is also related to a Budget Stabilization Reserve (equal to 1% of the fiscal year 2019 revenue budget), the unfunded portion of the fiscal year 2019 vehicle budget request for Volunteer Fire Companies, and funding to support projected increases in compensation and OPEB funding.

The Assigned fund balance detail is as follows:

Assigned

Reserve for Contingencies (Rainy Day)	\$ 19,534,586
Budget Stabilization	1,953,459
VFC Vehicle Replacement	550,000
BOE School Safety Construction	1,000,000
Compensation and OPEB Funding	750,000
	\$ 23,788,045

The General Fund is the only governmental fund that can report a positive Unassigned fund balance; the Unassigned balance as of June 30, 2018 is \$9,775,539.

Other Funds

The restricted fund balances for all special revenue funds amounted to \$8,147,252 and are intended to be used for subsequent years' expenditures for various grants and activities. The \$13,054,247 restricted funds for all capital projects are bond funds intended to be used for on-going capital projects. The balances as of June 30, 2018 consist of the following:

Restricted

Major Fund	Housing	\$ 751,399
Major Fund	Casino Local Impact	1,785,636
Major Fund	General Capital Projects	13,054,247
Non-Major Funds	Other Governmental	 5,610,217
		\$ 21,201,499

13. Risk Management

A. <u>Health Insurance</u>

The County is self-insured for health care benefits provided to employees. The County pays 85% of the cost of providing benefits with employees contributing 15% of the cost. Benefits are provided through the Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. The Fund was established in fiscal year 1993 to provide health care benefits to employees of the County government, and two component units (Cecil College and Cecil County Public Library). Under the Plan, charges are made to employers on a formula basis. Inter-fund charges within the County are recorded as revenue in the Health Insurance Fund and as expenditure/expense to the benefiting department.

The County manages the Plan through retention of risk in the Internal Service Fund and the purchase of commercial insurance. The payment of health-related claims is processed through a third-party administrator. Excess insurance is purchased to cover individual claims that exceed \$200,000 per plan year. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the County did not have any claims that exceeded the stop loss limit.

The liability for Health Insurance Fund claims of \$1,223,028 was based on standard insurance industry practices for estimating claims for insured losses incurred but not reported by June 30, 2018. Historical claims experience and other relevant reports are the basis for these estimates.

An analysis of claims liabilities recorded in the Health Insurance Fund is presented below:

	Beginning īscal Year Liability	Claims and Claims Incurred		Claims Paid		Ending Fiscal Year Liability	
2016-2017	\$ 1,030,906	\$	9,440,259	\$	(9,377,738)	\$	1,093,427
2017-2018	1,093,427		9,218,612		(9,089,011)		1,223,028

B. Workers Compensation Insurance

Effective July 1, 2009, the County became self-insured for workers compensation benefits provided to employees. The County manages the Plan through retention of risk in the Internal Service Fund and the purchase of commercial insurance. The payment of workers compensation claims is processed through a third-party administrator. Excess insurance is purchased to cover individual claims that exceed \$650,000 per plan year.

The liability for Workers Compensation Fund claims of \$4,476,000 is based on standard insurance industry practices for estimating claims for insured losses incurred but not reported by June 30, 2018.

An analysis of claims liabilities recorded in the Workers' Compensation Fund is presented below:

	Beginning iscal Year Liability	Claims and Claims Incurred		Claims Paid		Ending Fiscal Year Liability	
2016-2017 2017-2018	\$ 4,008,000 4,130,000	\$	956,350 1,586,952	\$	(834,350) (1,240,952)	\$	4,130,000 4,476,000

C. Other Insurance

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts or damage to assets, destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and other losses. The County participates in the Maryland Local Government Insurance Trust (LGIT). Coverage and deductibles under LGIT vary depending on type of incident.

The County insures its primary liability, property damage, and excess liability coverage through participation in LGIT, a public entity risk pool. For the pooled coverage, there is a total risk and cost sharing for all participants. Liabilities in excess of assets of the Trust may be assessed to participating members. Stop loss insurance is provided to protect against catastrophic losses. Premiums are paid by the General Fund. The County does not have any claim liability in addition to premiums, unless an assessment is made by the Trust.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Educational Funding Commitments</u>

The Annotated Code of Maryland (the Code) requires that the County provide funding equal to at least 32% of the Cecil College current expenditures. The County has met the funding requirement for the year ended June 30, 2018. Funding for the year ending June 30, 2019, is estimated to be \$11,089,992. The Code also requires that the County maintain its funding level from year to year for the Board of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2018, such funding amounted to \$81,688,528 and is estimated to be \$82,463,528 for the year ending June 30, 2019.

B. Grant Compliance

The County receives Federal and State funding under a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on the filing of reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustment resulting from subsequent examinations is recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. County officials do not expect any significant adjustment as a result of these examinations.

C. <u>Litigation Compliance</u>

The County is a party to numerous legal proceedings, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The legal proceedings are not, in the opinion of the County's attorneys, likely to have a material adverse impact on the County's financial position.

15. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

A. Pension Plans – Primary Government

The County sponsors a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan, the Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees (PPPSE), to provide benefits to certain law enforcement and public safety personnel. Except for employees of the Bainbridge Development Corporation, all other County employees and the employees of its component units are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. The County also has established a Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) for the County's Department of Fire and Rescue Service volunteers who meet certain age and service criteria.

Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees (PPPSE)

<u>Plan description.</u> Established by Cecil County on July 1, 2002, the Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees (PPPSE) is a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to Plan members and their beneficiaries. The Plan covers all full-time employees on the County's Public Safety Pay Scale hired after June 30, 2002, the Cecil County Sheriff, and eligible public safety employees who have opted to convert from the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System Plan. As of June 30, 2018, there were 269 active Plan members, 97 retirees receiving benefits, 1 disabled beneficiary receiving benefits and 22 members entitled to but not yet receiving retirement benefits. Responsibility for the administration and operation of the Plan is vested with a 9-member Board of Trustees. The Plan issues publicly available financial statements, which are available

from the Cecil County Department of Finance, 200 Chesapeake Blvd., Elkton, MD 21921 or www.ccgov.org/government/finance/financial-reports.

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds of contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. For fixed income securities, fair value may be based on quoted market prices.

<u>Funding Policy.</u> The contribution requirements of Plan members and the County are established by resolution of the former Board of County Commissioners and may be amended by resolution. Plan members are required to contribute 8% of the base compensation. Cecil County, as the employer, is required to make actuarially determined annual contribution amounts; the current rate is 13.39% of covered payroll.

Annual Pension Cost. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the County's annual contribution to the PPPSE was \$1,676,936 which was equal to the actuarially determined contribution. The required contribution to the Public Safety Plan was determined as part of the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method and level percentage – closed amortization method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) 7.0% investment rate of return compounded annually, net of investment expenses; (b) projected salary increases vary by years of service; (c) termination of service rates vary by years of service; (d) an inflation rate of 2.5% resulting in post-retirement benefit increases of the maximum 2%; (e) For healthy participants and beneficiaries, the RFP-2014 Combined Healthy tables with the Blue Collar adjustment and generational; projection by Scale MP-2015. For disabled participants, the table is set forward five years; (f) the remaining amortization period is no more than 20 years.

The long-term expected rate of return of pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.0%). The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	52%	6.15%
International	12%	7.11%
Emerging Markets	3%	9.41%
Fixed Income	33%	1.68%
Cash	0%	1.06%

<u>Discount rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

	Changes in the Net Pension Liability				
	Ir	ncrease (Decrease))		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balances at 6/30/17	\$ 56,574,685	\$ 51,266,429	\$ 5,308,256		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	2,417,404	-	2,417,404		
Interest	3,880,936	-	3,880,936		
Difference between Expected/Actual Experience	1,283,613	-	1,283,613		
Contributions - Employer	-	1,676,936	(1,676,936)		
Contributions - Member	-	955,419	(955,419)		
Net Investment Income	-	4,490,113	(4,490,113)		
Benefit Payments/Refunds	(2,265,496)	(2,265,496)	-		
Administrative Expense		(54,500)	54,500		
Net Changes	5,316,457	4,802,472	513,985		
Balances at 6/30/18	\$ 61,891,142	\$ 56,068,901	\$ 5,822,241		

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1%Increase 8.00%
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,147,729	\$ 5,822,681	\$ (1,693,974)

Detailed information about the pension plan's net position is available in the separately issued PSPP financial report.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.</u> For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,755,792. As of June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ 1,069,677 224,835	\$	1,618,651 665,482	
on pension plan investments	 2,094,969		2,804,125	
Total	\$ 3,389,481	\$	5,088,258	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Pension Expense
2019	\$ (42,048)
2020	(366,839)
2021	(1,161,891)
2022	(341,932)
2023	213,933
Total	\$ (1,698,777)

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS)

<u>Plan description.</u> Except for public safety personnel participating in the Pension Plan for Public Safety described previously and employees of Bainbridge Development Corporation, the employees of the County and its component units are covered by a plan within either the Employees' Retirement and Pension System or the Teachers' Retirement and Pension System. These plans are part of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Retirement Agency. The MSRPS was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland (State law) to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to state employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators and employees of participating governmental units. Responsibility for the administration and operation of the MSRPS is vested in a 14-member Board of Trustees. The MSRPS issues annual financial statements which are publicly available at www.sra.state.md.us or may be obtained by writing to the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 301 West Preston Street, Baltimore, MD 21201, or by calling 1-800-492-5909.

<u>Funding policy.</u> The contribution requirements for plan members, the County and its component units are established by State law. Employees are required to contribute two percent to seven percent of their compensation, depending on the plan in which they are enrolled. Employers, including the County, are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate based on annual actuarial valuations using the entry age normal cost method with projection and other actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board of Trustees. Current employer contribution rates to the Employees' Retirement and Employees' Pension

plans vary from 8.1% to 13.1% of covered payroll depending on the plan. The County's contributions to the MSRPS for the years ending June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016 were \$1,641,647 \$1,527,216, and \$1,462,786 respectively and equaled the required contribution for each year. Amounts contributed by the State on behalf of the component units can be found in their respective financial statements.

<u>Summary of total pension costs.</u> The total annual pension cost for the County and its component units to the MSRPS and the Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees for the year ended June 30, 2018, was equal to the required and actual contributions as follows:

		Public	
	MSRPS	Safety	Total
Primary Government	\$ 1,641,647	\$1,676,936	\$ 3,318,583
Component Units			
Board of Education	12,681,314	-	12,681,314
Community College	549,715	-	549,715
Public Library	429,550	<u> </u>	429,550
Total	\$15,302,226	\$1,676,936	\$16,979,162

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: As of June 30, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$14,413,561 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants members, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was .0667%.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,666. As of June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,502,619	\$	- 845,492	
Changes in Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings		456,894		-	
on pension plan investments		1,547,561		715,922	
Total	\$	3,507,074	\$	1,561,414	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Pension Expense		
2019	\$	196,387	
2020		417,892	
2021		145,890	
2022		(256,050)	
2023		(61,078)	
Total	\$	443,041	

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The key actuarial assumptions used to perform the June 30, 2018 pension liability calculation are as follows:

Actuarial Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll

Inflation 7.50%

Salary Increases 3.15% to 9.15% Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables with generational mortality projections using scale MP-2014, calibrated to MSRPS experience.

The long-term expected rate of return of pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the System's Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset allocation, the best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	36%	5.30%
Private Equity	11%	7.00%
Rate Sensitive	21%	1.20%
Credit Opportunity	9%	3.60%
Real Assets	15%	5.70%
Absolute Return	8%	3.10%
Total	100%	=

<u>Discount rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.55 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.55 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1%Increase
	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 20,426,868	\$ 14,413,561	\$ 9,424,214

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This can be found at:

www.sra.state.md.us/Agency/Downloads/CAFR/CAFR_fullreport.pdf.

Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP)

<u>Plan description.</u> Under Section 7-209 of the Maryland Public Safety Code, the County has established a Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) for the County's Department of Fire and Rescue Service volunteers who meet certain age and service criteria. This program is a defined pension plan because the benefits are based on the age and years of service. Any local fire and rescue volunteer is eligible for this program if the volunteer is at least 16 years old and satisfies the following conditions: (a) was an active volunteer on or after January 1, 1979 or (b) on January 1, 1984, had completed 25 years as an active volunteer or (c) from and after July 1,2008, any member who accumulates the proper number of points needed to qualify and certify for 25 years of service may receive benefits at the age of 55 years.

Benefit provisions for this program are established under Section 7-209 (4) of the County Code. The types of benefits included in this program are monthly award payments, disability benefits, survivor's benefits, death benefits, and other benefits. Effective July 1, 2008 normal benefits are payable earlier of (a) 25 years of service and age 55, or (b) 10 years of service and age 70, The lifetime benefit equal to (a) \$12.00 per month for each year of service up to 25 years plus (b) \$6.00 per month for each year of service in excess of 25 years. The maximum total benefit is \$600 per month. There is a 50% survivor annuity for the spouse. A \$1,000 lump sum benefit paid to spouse for any member with a minimum of 25 years of service. Benefits continue to accrue for service earned after payments commence. There is no provision with respect to benefit change for automatic cost of living adjustment. The benefit terms are established by and may be amended by the County Council.

The credited service is based on the point system as described in the Cecil County By-Laws for the Volunteer Length of Service Program (VLOSAP). An active volunteer is one who accumulates at least 50 points in a calendar year under the point system. The points are not transferable to another year. An

individual must not receive points for any activity performed as a County employee.

There is neither accumulated assets to pay benefits under this program nor is there any trust established for this program.

The County must pay benefits under this program from the general revenues as required under Section 7-209 (4) of the County Code. Benefit expenditures amounting to \$750,814 in FY18 are reported in the General Fund on a "pay-as-you-go" basis.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>. The County's total pension liability of \$18,473,130 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation date as of January 1, 2017.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The LOSAP pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date January 1, 2017 Actuarial Method Entry Age Normal

Retirement Age 100 percent of members are assumed to commence benefits at

Earliest eligibility of:

Age 70 with 10 years of LOSAP Service
 Any age with 25 years of LOSAP Service

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality with fully generational projection using Scale MP2015 to the year of the valuation is assumed to be current mortality experience. Generational

projection beyond the valuation date is assumed to account for future mortality improvements for all

participants, using MP2015 as the projection scale.

<u>Discount rate</u>. The discount rate used is a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds. For this valuation, a discount rate of 3.62% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

	Changes in the Total Pension Liability Increase (Decrease) Total Pension Liability (a)
Balances at 6/30/17	\$ 18,141,213
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	424,251
Interest	658,480
Benefit Payments/Ref	unds (750,814)
Net Changes	331,917
Balances at 6/30/18	\$ 18,473,130

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.62%, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.62%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.62%) discount rate:

	1% Decrease 2.62%	Current Discount Rate 3.62%	1% Increase 4.62%	
County's Total Pension Liability	\$21,236,575	\$ 18,473,130	\$16,261,144	

There are no assets accumulated under this program to pay related benefits.

B. Pension Plans - Component Units

Cecil County Public Schools: As of June 30, 2018, the Public Schools reported a liability of approximately \$10.1 million for its proportionate share of the Employees Retirement System of the State of Maryland (ERS) net pension liability. The ERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Public School's proportion of the ERS net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating government units, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2017, the Board's proportion for ERS was 0.0468%, which was substantially the same from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Public Schools recognized pension expense for ERS of approximately \$878 thousand. Detailed retirement plan information for the Public Schools is available in their current year audited financial statements.

Cecil County Library: As of June 30, 2018, the Library reported a liability of approximately \$416 thousand for its proportionate share of the Employees Retirement System of the State of Maryland (ERS) net pension liability. The ERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Library's proportion of the ERS net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating government units, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2017, the Board's proportion for ERS was 0.0019%, which was substantially the same from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Library recognized pension expense for ERS of approximately \$39 thousand. Detailed retirement plan information for the Library is available in their current year audited financial statements.

C. Defined Contribution Plan

Employees of Cecil College are eligible to be covered under the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association - College Retirement Equity Fund (TIAA-CREF). TIAA-CREF, a private insurance company, is the optional retirement program chosen by the State Board of Community Colleges for professional staff only. The College has also chosen a TIAA-CREF plan to provide retirement benefits to certain employees not eligible to participate in any other plan. Covered payroll for employees participating in the TIAA-CREF Plan was \$7,448,298 in 2018.

16. Other Post-Employment Benefits

A. Plan Description

The Cecil County Maryland Non-Pension Post-Employment Benefits Trust (the "Plan") is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the County. The Plan provides medical, prescription drug, dental and vision to all eligible retired employees of the County, Cecil County Public Library and Cecil College. The retiree must be continuously enrolled under the Cecil County Employee Benefit Plan for four years immediately preceding retirement date and must meet the eligibility requirements of the plan. In addition, eligible spouses and dependents desiring coverage through the eligible retiree's plan must be enrolled in the Plan immediately prior to the retiree's effective date of retirement depending on the employee's years of service, the County contributes \$75 to \$150 per month per participant to the Plan, and the participant is required to pay the balance of the Plan's insurance premiums, as well as any annual deductibles. As of July 1, 2017, the date of the last actuarial valuation, approximately 72 retirees and their beneficiaries were receiving benefits, and an estimated 698 active employees are potentially eligible to receive future benefits. The Plan issues publicly available financial statements, which are available from the Cecil County Department of Finance, 200 Chesapeake Blvd., Elkton, MD 21921 or ccgov.org/government/finance/financial-reports.

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. For fixed income securities, fair value may be based on quoted market prices.

B. Funding Policy

The County pays a portion of retiree healthcare premiums based on years of service. The retiree pays the remaining premium, including the cost of eligible dependents. The County pays post-retirement medical benefits (normal cost) from the General Fund, not from the trust. The Cecil County Maryland, Non-Pension Post-Employment Benefits Trust was established by Cecil County to provide funding for post-retirement non-pension benefits for certain employees of the County, Cecil College and the Cecil County Library. The County funded \$322,000 which was \$89,000 over and above the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) of \$233,000.

C. Net OPEB Liability of the County

The County's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Asset valuation method Actuarial cost method Amortization method Amortization period Inflation Market Value of Assets Projected Unit Cost Level Percent of Payroll 21 years (as of July 1, 2017) 2.30% Projected salary increase 4.0% per year

Discount rate 7.0%, net of investment expenses

Healthcare cost trend rate Based on Society of Actuaries Long Term Medical Trend Model.

The initial rate is 6.42% decreasing gradually. The ultimate rate is

3.98% and is reached in 2100.

Employees Included 25% of active employees enrolled in health care

5% of terminated employees currently enrolled in

Health care

Marital Status and Age

of Spouse Actual coverage election

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation are based on a weighted average of the projected claims with retiree claims for each fiscal year weighted 20% each (a total of 60 percent), and age adjusted employee claims for the 2015-2016 period and the 2014-2015 period weighted 20% each (a total of 40 percent). For the employee claims data the resulting average claims were age adjusted and increased 39 percent to account for selection paid medical claims and prescription for employees.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual determined contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The long-term expected rate of return of OPEB investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.3%). The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	49%	7.50%
International equity	15%	8.61%
Fixed income	35%	3.86%
Cash	1%	1.06%

<u>Discount rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 7.0 percent. The included calculations assume that the members and the County will continue to make the current contribution levels. Based on that assumption, the plan's fiduciary net position is expected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/17	\$ 6,388,000	\$ 6,232,141	\$ 155,859
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	330,630	-	330,630
Interest	436,619	-	436,619
Experience Losses	(589,415)	-	(589,415)
Trust Contribution Employer	-	322,000	(322,000)
Net Investment Income	-	466,728	(466,728)
Benefit Payments	(301,175)	(301,175)	-
Administrative Expense	-	(31,730)	31,730
Net Changes	(123,341)	455,823	(579,164)
Balances at 6/30/18	\$ 6,264,659	\$ 6,687,964	\$ (423,305)
Funded Status		106.76%	

Sensitivity of Total and Net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the trend rate.

The following table presents the County's Total and Net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what it would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher.

Current

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1%Increase	
	6.00%		7.00%		8.00%	
Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	399,607	\$	(423,305)	\$ (1,114,437)	

The following table presents the County's Net OPEB liability using the health care trend rate, as well as what it would be using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher.

	1%Decrease 6.00%	Medcal Rate 7.00%		1% Increase 8.00%			
Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (1,112,508)	\$	(423,305)	\$	434,266		

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's net position is available in the separately issues OPEB financial report.

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$297,997. As of June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	530,473	
Changes in Assumptions	-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments			24,689	
Employer contribution subsequent to measurement date				
Total	\$	\$	555,162	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows

Years Ending June 30	Pension Expense	
2019	\$	(65,114)
2020		(65,114)
2021		(65,114)
2022		(65,115)
2023		(58,942)
Thereafter		(235,763)
Total	\$	(555,162)

Board of Education

The Board of Education (the Board) offers post-retirement health care benefits, in accordance with a Board-adopted plan, to all retired employees who have completed fourteen years or more of service and have been continuously covered by the Board's health care plan for one year prior to retirement. Currently, 732 retirees meet these requirements. The Board pays retirees' health care premiums up to a maximum of \$9,443 per year based on years of service and employee classification. Expenditures for post-retirement health care benefits are recognized as retirees report claims and include an accrual for the estimate of the amount payable at the end of the fiscal year.

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Board of Education for fiscal year 2018, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 64,036,446
Plan fiduciary net position	13,369,261
Board of Education's net OPEB liability	\$ 50,667,185
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	20.88%

17. Prior Period Adjustment related to Changes in Accounting Principles

Effective with this statement, the County has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 entitled "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." As part of GASB 75, the County is required to record its net OPEB liability (or asset) and present related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in its Statement of Net Position.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the County assumed responsibility for the pension liability for the Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) for the County's Department of Fire and Rescue Service. The change in reporting entity required recording its net LOSAP liability and present related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in its Statement of Net Position.

As part of implementing the Changes in Accounting Principles, the County has recorded a prior period adjustment to restate its Net Position as of June 30, 2017 to include amounts for the net pension liability, net OPEB liability (asset) and other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The effect of this restatement is to reduce the County's Net Position of Governmental Activities as of June 30, 2017, by \$20,430,469.

 Net OPEB Liability Restatement
 \$ 2,289,256

 Net LOSAP Liability Restatement
 18,141,213

 Total FY2017 Restatement
 \$ 20,430,469

18. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

In September 2018, Resolution 28-2018 was approved by County Council for a multi-year increase of the user rates of the Cecil County Wastewater system. The increase was effective October 1, 2018 and increased metered and non-metered user rates, while also lowering the minimum charge from 10,000 gallons of usage per quarter to 9,000 gallons of usage per quarter.

As part of the fiscal year 2019 budget and related legislation passed in June 2018, the County was authorized to initiate a \$2,000,000 capital lease for purchasing vehicles and IT equipment.

Cecil County Public Library

Reading, Art, Activities and My Special Book





REQUIRED	SUPPLEME	ENTARY	INFORMA	TION

THE CECIL COUNTY PENSION PLAN FOR PUBLIC SAFETY EMPLOYEES SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Net change in total pension liability	\$ 2,197,590 2,922,270 - 2,298,433 (1,455,709) 5,962,584	\$ 2,283,832 3,327,286 (1,214,713) 674,511 (1,808,984) 3,261,932	\$ 2,338,610 3,553,215 (736,331) - (1,877,716) 3,277,778	\$ 2,336,327 3,769,916 (1,268,373) (998,224) (2,241,817) 1,597,829	\$ 2,417,404 3,880,936 1,283,613 - (2,265,496) 5,316,457
Total pension liability - beginning	42,474,563	48,437,146	51,699,078	54,976,856	56,574,685
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 48,437,147	\$ 51,699,078	\$ 54,976,856	\$ 56,574,685	\$ 61,891,142
Plan Fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) County's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 2,267,679 877,946 6,148,908 (1,455,709) (33,352) 7,805,472 33,580,020 \$ 41,385,492 \$ 7,051,655	\$ 2,199,663 909,516 1,316,789 (1,808,984) (50,396) 2,566,588 41,385,491 \$ 43,952,079 \$ 7,746,999	\$ 2,288,108 925,386 (1,304,390) (1,877,716) (66,571) (35,183) 43,952,079 \$ 43,916,896 \$ 11,059,960	\$ 2,102,732 957,910 6,587,039 (2,241,817) (56,331) 7,349,533 43,916,896 \$ 51,266,429 \$ 5,308,256	\$ 1,676,936 955,419 4,490,113 (2,265,496) (54,940) 4,802,032 51,266,429 \$ 56,068,461 \$ 5,822,681
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.44%	85.02%	79.88%	90.62%	90.59%
Covered employee payroll ¹	\$ 10,968,011	\$ 11,505,952	\$ 11,637,624	\$ 11,869,325	\$ 12,526,137
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	64.29%	67.33%	95.04%	44.72%	46.48%
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	6	6	6	6	6

¹ Per GASB 82, the amount shown reflect pensionable earnings only

Notes to schedule:

Information for fiscal year 2013 and earlier is not available. Benefit Changes: None Change of Assumptions: None

Source: Cecil County Public Safety Pension Plan Actuarial Reports

THE CECIL COUNTY PENSION PLAN FOR PUBLIC SAFETY EMPLOYEES SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,267,679	\$ 2,199,663	\$ 2,171,030	\$ 2,102,732	\$ 1,676,936
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,267,679	2,199,663	2,288,108	2,102,732	1,676,936
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (117,078)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$10,968,011	\$11,505,952	\$ 11,637,624	\$11,869,325	\$12,526,137
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	20.68%	19.12%	19.66%	17.72%	13.39%

Notes to schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1)

for the year immediately following the fiscal year and the next following year.

Actuarial valuations are performed every year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Cost Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll Remaining amortization period No more than 20 years Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.5%

Rates vary by participant service Salary increases

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

Retirement age

Rates vary by participant age and service For healthy participants and beneficiaries, the RFP-2014 Combined Healthy Mortality

tables with the Blue Collar adjustment and generational projection by Scale MP-2015.

For disabled participants, the table is set forward five years

Prior Year Information:

Information for fiscal year 2013 and earlier is not available

Source: Cecil County Public Safety Pension Plan Actuarial Reports

THE CECIL COUNTY PENSION PLAN FOR PUBLIC SAFETY EMPLOYEES SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	17.88%	3.10%	-2.93%	14.82%	8.79%

Notes to schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is complied, pension plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

THE CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND VOLUNTEER LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARD PROGRAM (LOSAP) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET LOSAP LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2018
Total LOSAP Liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net change in LOSAP liability	\$ 424,251 658,480 - (750,814) 331,917
Total LOSAP liability - beginning	18,141,213
Total LOSAP liability - ending (a)	\$ 18,473,130
Plan Fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) County's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ - - - - - \$ - \$ 18,473,130
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total LOSAP liability	0.00%
Covered employee payroll ¹	NA
Net LOSAP liability as a percentage of payroll ¹	NA
Expected average remaining service years of all participants	5

¹ Since the LOSAP plan does not depend on salary, the salary information is not shown.

Notes to schedule:

Information for fiscal year 2017 and earlier is not available.

Benefits changes: None

Changes in Assumptions: None

Source: Cecil County LOSAP Plan Actuarial Reports

THE CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND VOLUNTEER LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARD PROGRAM (LOSAP) SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS

	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,461,990
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	750,814
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 711,176
Covered employee payroll ¹	NA
Contributions as a percentage of payroll ¹	NA

¹ Since the LOSAP plan does not depend on salary, the salary information is not shown.

Notes to schedule:

Valuation date:

There have been no assets accumulated in a trust as of June 30, 2018

Prior Year Information:

Information for fiscal year 2017 and earlier is not available

Source: Cecil County LOSAP Plan Actuarial Reports

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
County's portion of the net pension liability	0.0575%	0.0657%	0.0716%	0.0729%	0.0667%
County's porportionate share of the net pension liability	\$11,323,431	\$11,659,304	\$ 14,887,172	\$17,189,747	\$ 14,413,561
Covered-employee payroll	26,603,993	26,603,993	26,852,179	27,669,211	30,198,680
County's Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	42.56%	43.83%	55.44%	62.13%	47.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.20%	71.87%	68.78%	65.79%	65.79%

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,531,008	\$ 1,509,892	\$ 1,419,302	\$ 1,356,684	\$ 1,502,619
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	1,531,008	1,509,892	1,419,302	1,356,684	1,502,619
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -
Covered-employee payroll	\$26,603,993	\$ 26,603,993	\$ 26,852,179	\$27,669,211	\$30,198,680
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.75%	5.68%	5.29%	4.90%	4.98%

Source: Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

Note: Information for fiscal year 2013 and earlier is not available

THE CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND NON-PENSION POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

		2017		2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	309,000 415,000 -	\$	331,630 436,619 (590,415)
Benefit payments		(534,136)		(301,175)
Net change in OPEB liability		189,864		(123,341)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		6,198,136	_	6,388,000
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	<u>\$</u>	6,388,000	<u>\$</u>	6,264,659
Plan Fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 	948,000 651,279 (534,136) (20,241) 1,044,902 5,187,238 6,232,140	\$ 	322,000 466,729 (301,175) (31,730) 455,824 6,232,140 6,687,964
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)	<u>\$</u>	155,860	\$	(423,305)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability Covered employee payroll ¹		97.56%		106.76%
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of payroll ¹				
Expected average remaining service years of all participants		10		10

¹ Since the OPEB plan does not depend on salary, the salary information is not shown.

Notes to schedule:

Information for fiscal year 2016 and earlier is not available.

Benefit Changes: None

Changes of assumptions: The discount rate was changed as follows:

Discount Rate: 6/30/2017 7.0% 6/30/2018 7.0%

Source: Cecil County OPEB Plan Actuarial Reports

THE CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND NON-PENSION POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS

	2017		2018	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	331,000	\$ 233,000	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		413,864	322,000	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(82,864)	\$ (89,000)	

Covered employee payroll 1

Contributions as a percentage of payroll ¹

Notes to schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the year immediately following the fiscal year and the next following year.

Actuarial valuations are performed every year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Cost
Amortization method Level Percentage of Payroll
Remaining amortization period 21 years (as of July 1, 2017)
Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets
Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases 4.0% per year

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of investment expense

Healthcare cost trend rate Based on Society of Actuaries Long Term Medical Trend Model

The initial rate is 6.42% decreasing gradually. The ultimate rate

is 3.98% and is reached in 2100.

Employees Included 25% of active employees enrolled in health care

5% of terminated employees currently enrolled in health care Actual coverage election

Marital Status and Age of Spouse

Prior Year Information:

Information for fiscal year 2016 and earlier is not available

Source: Cecil County OPEB Plan Actuarial Reports

THE CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND NON-PENSION POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUSTS SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense 2017 2018

7.67%

Notes to schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is complied, pension plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

¹ Since the OPEB plan does not depend on salary, the salary information is not shown.

Cecil County Public Schools

Modernizing to Fit Students' Current Needs





Major Governmental Fund

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The schedules on the following pages present General Fund budget and actual activity in its lowest level of legal budgetary control - the department.

Note that due to the size of the Department of Public Works and the Sheriff's Office, the divisions of those departments are shown and totaled. Also, the divisions of Building Maintenance are shown in the four primary functions that they serve to more closely disclose the costs of each function.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Positive (Negative)
\$113,045,615	\$113,183,615	\$ 114,092,879	\$ 909,264
60,363,860	60,363,860	58,909,734	(1,454,126)
1,898,647	1,898,647	2,198,271	299,624
2,692,927	2,692,927	2,666,169	(26,758)
9,187,733	9,207,733	13,485,380	4,277,647
			214,323
172,300	172,300	64,997	(107,303)
187,866,652	188,024,652	192,137,323	4,112,671
-	78,698	88,979	10,281
1,834,821	1,834,821	1,805,821	(29,000)
1,834,821	1,913,519	1,894,800	(18,719)
\$189,701,473	\$189,938,171	\$ 194,032,123	\$ 4,093,952
\$ 215,198	\$ 216,025	\$ 211,393	\$ 4,632
380,470	401,297	354,785	46,512
423,133	421,479	374,357	47,122
			15,338
			27,975
			164,512
			36,150
			462
			155,763
	,	,	4,594
2,040,367	2,039,300	1,755,045	286,525
10,499,838	10,522,769	9,733,184	789,585
3,004,735			371,623
4,901,453	4,969,168		612,198
3,114,312	3,482,957	3,225,012	257,945
11,020,500	11,038,425	9,796,659	1,241,766
1,021,798	1,179,798	1,222,808	(43,010)
97,709	123,678	105,547	18,131
\$ 1,119,507	\$ 1,303,476	\$ 1,328,355	\$ (24,879)
	\$113,045,615 60,363,860 1,898,647 2,692,927 9,187,733 505,570 172,300 187,866,652 \$1,834,821 1,834,821 \$189,701,473 \$215,198 380,470 423,133 234,069 1,218,707 2,775,173 2,164,579 39,624 813,999 194,499 2,040,387 10,499,838 3,004,735 4,901,453 3,114,312 11,020,500 1,021,798 97,709	\$113,045,615	Original Final Actual \$113,045,615 \$113,183,615 \$114,092,879 60,363,860 60,363,860 58,909,734 1,898,647 1,898,647 2,198,271 2,692,927 2,666,169 9,187,733 9,207,733 13,485,380 505,570 505,570 719,893 172,300 172,300 64,997 187,866,652 188,024,652 192,137,323 - 78,698 88,979 1,834,821 1,834,821 1,805,821 1,834,821 1,913,519 1,894,800 \$189,701,473 \$189,938,171 \$194,032,123 \$215,198 \$216,025 \$211,393 380,470 401,297 354,785 423,133 421,479 374,357 234,069 234,069 218,731 1,218,707 1,218,707 1,190,732 2,775,173 2,610,661 2,164,579 2,164,579 2,128,429 39,624 43,374 42,912 813,999

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (Continued)				
Public Safety				
Sheriff's Office - Law Enforcement Sheriff's Office - Special Assignments Sheriff's Office - Detention Center Sheriff's Office - Work Release Program	\$ 11,712,250 319,348 7,881,894 2,510,663	\$ 11,717,380 319,348 7,883,685 2,503,742	\$ 12,217,980 406,543 7,745,925 2,446,018	\$ (500,600) (87,195) 137,760 57,724
Sheriff's Office - Department Total State's Attorney's Office Emergency Management Volunteer Fire Departments Land Use & Development Services Animal Control Building Maintenance	22,424,155 2,305,950 8,726,319 4,188,102 2,084,676 755,340 1,818,138	22,424,155 2,305,950 8,726,319 4,188,102 2,437,996 753,840 1,798,488	22,816,466 2,217,406 7,915,677 3,990,246 2,226,186 753,693 1,693,410	(392,311) 88,544 810,642 197,856 211,810 147 105,078
_				
Total Public Safety	42,302,680	42,634,850	41,613,084	1,021,766
Health and Welfare				
Health Department	3,376,499	3,376,499	3,376,127	372
Social Services	862,026	862,026	782,860	79,166
Domestic Violence	352,695	352,695	346,085	6,610
Non-Profit Agencies	50,737	55,742	50,385	5,357
Building Maintenance	183,675	179,675	172,825	6,850
Total Health and Welfare	4,825,632	4,826,637	4,728,282	98,355
Education				
Cecil County Board of Education	82,972,441	82,712,441	82,662,626	49,815
Cecil Community College	10,954,552	10,954,552	10,954,552	
Total Education	93,926,993	93,666,993	93,617,178	49,815
Public Libraries	5,442,217	5,442,217	5,442,217	
Economic Development	1,141,424	1,141,424	907,980	233,444
Agriculture	637,349	637,349	634,580	2,769
Municipalities	684,577	684,577	684,577	
Total Expenditures	171,600,717	171,898,717	168,486,096	3,412,621
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers to Special Revenue Funds	3,049,451	3,128,149	2,854,428	273,721
Transfers to Debt Service Fund	15,051,305	15,051,305	14,843,124	208,181
Total Other Financing Uses	18,100,756	18,179,454	17,697,552	481,902
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$189,701,473	<u>\$190,078,171</u>	\$ 186,183,648	\$ 3,894,523

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds	 Debt Service Fund	Total Ion-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash (Note 3) Receivables, Net (Note 4) Due from Other Governments Restricted Assets: Cash	\$ 38,480 2,827,203	\$ 4,102,998 72 -	\$ 4,102,998 38,552 2,827,203
and Investments (Note 3) Total Assets	\$ 1,011,518 3,877,201	\$ 4,103,070	\$ 1,011,518 7,980,271
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds Deferred Revenue Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 435,624 213,606 1,415,007 275,542 30,275 2,370,054	\$ - - - - -	\$ 435,624 213,606 1,415,007 275,542 30,275 2,370,054
Fund Balances: Restricted Total Fund Balances	 1,507,147	 4,103,070 4,103,070	 5,610,217
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,507,147 3,877,201	\$ 4,103,070	\$ 5,610,217 7,980,271

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund		Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Special Assessments	\$	_	\$	6,099	\$	6,099
Intergovernmental	•	7,601,459	*	-	*	7,601,459
Charges for Services		697,388		-		697,388
Investment Earnings		13,240		-		13,240
Contributions & Other Revenues		3,119				3,119
Total Revenues		8,315,206		6,099		8,321,305
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		760,040		-		760,040
Highways, Streets, and Bridges		1,522,782		-		1,522,782
Public Safety		1,305,831		-		1,305,831
Health and Welfare		5,893,272		-		5,893,272
Recreation and Culture		1,006,805		-		1,006,805
Economic Development		39,374		-		39,374
Agriculture		150,000		-		150,000
Debt Service:				44 700 000		44 700 000
Principal		-		11,722,922		11,722,922
Interest and Fiscal Charges		<u> </u>	_	5,488,549		5,488,549
Total Expenditures		10,678,104		17,211,471		27,889,575
Deficiency of Revenues						
(Under) Expenditures		(2,362,898)		(17,205,372)		(19,568,270)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Premium on Debt Issued		_		1,098,835		1,098,835
Refunding Bonds Issued		_		6,347,823		6,347,823
Advance Refunding Agent		_		(7,376,070)		(7,376,070)
Transfers In		2,744,573		16,996,919		19,741,492
Total Other Financing Sources		2,744,573		17,067,507		19,812,080
Net Change in Fund Balances		381,675		(137,865)		243,810
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,125,472		4,240,935		5,366,407
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,507,147	\$	4,103,070	\$	5,610,217

Cecil County Government

Enhancing Quality of Life



Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for operating revenues that are restricted to finance particular functions or activities of government.

Other Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for granted funds legally restricted to specific purposes.

Agricultural Land Preservation Fund - This fund is used to account for federal, state (including the Maryland Agricultural Land Preservation Foundation programs), and County funding of agricultural land easement purchases and direct land purchases.

Community Services Fund - This fund is used to account for services, programs, and activities supported by legally restricted state and federal grants, and funds from County government resources.

Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund - This fund is used to account for federal Community Development Block Grants and State revolving loan programs legally restricted to economic development programs within the County.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Other Special Revenues	ricultural Land eservation		ommunity Services	De\ R	conomic velopment evolving oan Fund		Total
ASSETS									
Receivables, Net:									
Accounts Interest	\$	9,800	\$ -	\$	14,011	\$	- 60	\$	23,811 60
Notes		-	-		_		14,609		14,609
Due from Other Governments Restricted Assets: Cash		1,634,242	-		1,192,961		, -		2,827,203
and Investments		53,355	 67,155				891,008		1,011,518
Total Assets	\$	1,697,397	\$ 67,155	\$	1,206,972	\$	905,677	\$	3,877,201
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	233,147	\$ -	\$	202,477	\$	-	\$	435,624
Salaries and Benefits Payable		72,781	-		140,825		-		213,606
Due to Other Funds		682,037	-		732,387		583		1,415,007
Deferred Revenue		146,678	-		128,864		-		275,542
Other Liabilities		27,856	 		2,419				30,275
Total Liabilities		1,162,499	 		1,206,972		583		2,370,054
Fund Balances:									
Restricted		534,898	 67,155	_			905,094		1,507,147
Total Fund Balances	_	534,898	67,155	_			905,094	_	1,507,147
Total Liabilities									
and Fund Balances	\$	1,697,397	\$ 67,155	\$	1,206,972	\$	905,677	\$	3,877,201

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Other Special Revenue	Agricultural Land Preservation	Community Services	Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund	Total
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,967,036	\$ 8,492	\$ 2,625,931	\$ -	\$ 7,601,459
Charges for Services	-	-	697,388	<u>-</u>	697,388
Investment Earnings Contributions & Other Revenues	3,119	-	-	13,240	13,240
Contributions & Other Revenues	3,119			<u>-</u>	3,119
Total Revenues	4,970,155	8,492	3,323,319	13,240	8,315,206
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	760,040	-	-	-	760,040
Highways, Streets, and Bridges Recreation and Culture	1,522,782	-	-	-	1,522,782
Public Safety	1,006,805 1,305,831	-	_	-	1,006,805 1,305,831
Health and Welfare	1,030,148	-	4,863,124	_	5,893,272
Economic Development	39,374	-	-	-	39,374
Agriculture		150,000			150,000
Total Expenditures	5,664,980	150,000	4,863,124		10,678,104
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(694,825)	(141,508)	(1,539,805)	13,240	(2,362,898)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers In	1,211,718		1,532,855		2,744,573
Total Other Financing					
Sources	1,211,718		1,532,855		2,744,573
Net Change in Fund Balances	516,893	(141,508)	(6,950)	13,240	381,675
Fund Balances - Beginning	18,005	208,663	6,950	891,854	1,125,472
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 534,898	\$ 67,155	\$ -	\$ 905,094	\$ 1,507,147

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 6,012,678	\$ 9,461,962	\$ 4,967,036	\$ (4,494,926)		
Contributions & Other Revenues	15,840	33,039	3,119	(29,920)		
Total Revenues	6,028,518	9,495,001	4,970,155	(4,524,846)		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	A 707.004	Φ 000 004	A 7 00.040	00.054		
General Government	\$ 767,261	\$ 823,291	\$ 760,040	63,251		
Highways, Streets, and Bridges Recreation and Culture	3,692,500	4,906,733	1,522,782 1,006,805	3,383,951		
Public Safety	196,520 1,602,010	1,013,585 2,679,766	1,305,831	6,780 1,373,935		
Health and Welfare	893,523	1,076,070	1,030,148	45,922		
Economic Development	20,000	91,025	39,374	51,651		
Total Expenditures	7,171,814	10,590,470	5,664,980	4,925,490		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,143,296)	(1,095,469)	(694,825)	400,644		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers In	1,143,296	1,143,296	1,211,718	68,422		
Total Other Financing						
Sources	1,143,296	1,143,296	1,211,718	68,422		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	47,827	516,893	469,066		
Fund Balance - Beginning	18,005	18,005	18,005			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 18,005	\$ 65,832	\$ 534,898	\$ 469,066		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

AGRICULTURAL LAND PRESERVATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 30,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 8,492	\$ 5,492	
Total Revenues	30,000	3,000	8,492	5,492	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Agriculture	181,182	208,662	150,000	58,662	
Total Expenditures	181,182	208,662	150,000	58,662	
Deficiency of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(151,182)	(205,662)	(141,508)	64,154	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(151,182)	(205,662)	(141,508)	64,154	
Fund Balance - Beginning	208,663	208,663	208,663		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 57,481	\$ 3,001	\$ 67,155	\$ 64,154	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMMUNITY SERVICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 3,123,132 581,200	\$ 3,488,220 598,115	\$ 2,625,931 697,388	\$ (862,289) 99,273	
Total Revenues	3,704,332	4,086,335	3,323,319	(763,016)	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Health and Welfare	5,565,925	5,947,928	4,863,124	1,084,804	
Total Expenditures	5,565,925	5,947,928	4,863,124	1,084,804	
Deficiency of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(1,861,593)	(1,861,593)	(1,539,805)	321,788	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	1,861,593	1,861,593	1,532,855	(328,738)	
Total Other Financing Sources	1,861,593	1,861,593	1,532,855	(328,738)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(6,950)	(6,950)	
Fund Balance - Beginning	6,950	6,950	6,950	_	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 6,950	\$ 6,950	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ (6,950)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT REVOLVING LOAN FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Investment Earnings	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 13,240</u>	\$ 13,240
Total Revenues			13,240	13,240
EXPENDITURES Current: Economic Development				
Total Expenditures			_	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		_	13,240	13,240
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	13,240	13,240
Fund Balance - Beginning	891,854	891,854	891,854	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 891,854	\$ 891,854	\$ 905,094	\$ 13,240

Plumpton Park Zoo

A Place For Your Wild Side



Non-Major Governmental Funds

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is maintained to account for the issuance and payment of long-term general obligation bonds and other long-term debt.

BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2018

Cash Receivables, Net	\$	4,102,998 72
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	4,103,070
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance: Restricted		4,103,070
Total Fund Balances	_	4,103,070
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	4,103,070

ASSETS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			Φ 0000	• (44)
Special Assessments	\$ 6,140	\$ 6,140	\$ 6,099	\$ (41)
Total Revenues	6,140	6,140	6,099	(41)
EXPENDITURES Debt Service:				
Principal	11,722,923	11,722,923	11,722,922	1
Interest & Fiscal Charges	5,456,075	5,456,075	5,488,549	(32,474)
Total Expenditures	17,178,998	17,178,998	17,211,471	(32,473)
Deficiency of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(17,172,858)	(17,172,858)	(17,205,372)	(32,514)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Premium on Debt Issued	-	-	1,098,835	1,098,835
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	-	6,347,823	6,347,823
Advance Refunding Agent	-	-	(7,376,070)	(7,376,070)
Transfers In	15,051,305	15,051,305	16,996,919	1,945,614
Total Other Financing				
Sources	15,051,305	15,051,305	17,067,507	2,016,202
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,121,553)	(2,121,553)	(137,865)	1,983,688
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,240,935	4,240,935	4,240,935	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,119,382	\$ 2,119,382	\$ 4,103,070	\$ 1,983,688

Union Hospital

Delivering Modern Medical Services as a Team



Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are maintained to account for the financing of goods and/or services provided by one department to other departments or governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund - This fund is used to account for the expenditures and allocations of costs of the group health insurance plan. The Plan employer participants are Cecil County Government, Cecil College, and Cecil County Public Library.

Workers Compensation Fund - This fund is used to account for the expenditures and allocations of the costs of the self-insured workers compensation benefits. The expenditures consist of payments for work related injuries to employees. Stop loss insurance is provided to protect against catastrophic losses.

Motor Vehicle Fund - This fund is used to account for the expenditures and allocations of the costs of the County fleet of vehicles. The expenditures consist of depreciation and the operating costs of the County central garage including utilities and a contract maintenance services. In 2014, the County changed this fund from just a maintenance service cost allocation fund to a fund that owned and depreciated the vehicles as well as performed maintenance services. As part of this change, the County acquired vehicles from the General Fund and Enterprise Funds.

Information Technology Fund - This fund is used to account for the expenditures and allocations of the costs of the County's information technology department. The expenditures consist of depreciation and operating costs related to maintaining the County's computer and network infrastructure, communication and telephone infrastructure, and copier services. In 2014, the County created this fund and transferred in the budget and responsibilities from the General Fund.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Health Insurance	Workers Compensation	Information Technology	Motor Vehicle	Total Internal Service Funds
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3) Investments (Note 3)	\$ 396,418 2,461,827	\$ - 7,133,385	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 396,418 9,595,212
Receivables, Net:	4.070				4.070
Accounts Other	4,978	-	-	-	4,978
Due from Other Governments	220,664	-	-	90,491 2,556	311,155 2,556
Inventory	-	-	-	55,610	55,610
Other Assets	185,400	75,000	23,930	163,078	447,408
Restricted Assets	100, 100	70,000	20,000	100,070	117,100
Cash & Investments (Note 3)			1,967,516		1,967,516
Total Current Assets	3,269,287	7,208,385	1,991,446	311,735	12,780,853
Non-Current Assets:					
Capital Assets, Net:					
Construction In Progess	_	_	882,389	23,285	905,674
Vehicles	-	-	-	7,101,317	7,101,317
Buildings	-	-	-	203,486	203,486
Machinery & Equipment			5,112,424	5,706	5,118,130
Total Non-Current Assets			5,994,813	7,333,794	13,328,607
Total Assets	3,269,287	7,208,385	7,986,259	7,645,529	26,109,460
LIADULTIES					
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:					
	1 257	7.065	165 007	207 761	572 27 <u>0</u>
Accounts Payable Salary & Benefits Payable	1,357	7,265	165,887 47,541	397,761	572,270 47,541
Accrued Expenses	1,223,028	4,476,000	76,776	828	5,776,632
Due to Other Funds	1,837	-,+70,000	70,770	-	1,837
Unearned Revenue (Note 11)	- 1,007	_	_	483,570	483,570
Bonds Payable	-	-	186,803	-	186,803
Capital Lease	-	-	319,382	441,844	761,226
Compensated Absences	-	-	29,624	-	29,624
Total Current Liabilities	1,226,222	4,483,265	826,013	1,324,003	7,859,503
	<u> </u>		· · ·		
Non-Current Liabilities:			4 000 005		4 000 000
Bonds Payable	-	-	4,628,839	-	4,628,839
Capital Lease	-	-	1,082,528	1,518,146	2,600,674
Advances from Other Funds (Note 7)	-	-	-	3,724,550	3,724,550
Compensated Absences	_	-	14,812	<u>-</u>	14,812
Total Non-Current Liabilities			5,726,179	5,242,696	10,968,875
Total Liabilities	1,226,222	4,483,265	6,552,192	6,566,699	18,828,378
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	_	_	1,744,777	5,373,804	7,118,581
Unrestricted (Deficit)	2,043,065	2,725,120	(310,710)	(4,294,974)	162,501
Total Net Position	\$ 2,043,065	\$ 2,725,120	\$ 1,434,067	\$ 1,078,830	\$ 7,281,082

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Health Insurance	Workers Compensation	Information Technology	Motor Vehicle	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenue	\$11,385,060 -	\$ 1,753,830 -	\$ 3,559,339 136,553	\$ 4,263,343 9,478	\$20,961,572 146,031
	11,385,060	1,753,830	3,695,892	4,272,821	21,107,603
Operating Expenses: Benefit Payments Salaries and Related	9,883,868	1,240,952	- 974,419	<u>-</u>	11,124,820 974,419
Materials, Supplies, and Services	541,714	58,205	1,872,385	2,519,020	4,991,324
Depreciation	<u>-</u>		948,092	2,195,689	3,143,781
Total Operating Expenses	10,425,582	1,299,157	3,794,896	4,714,709	20,234,344
Operating Income (Loss)	959,478	454,673	(99,004)	(441,888)	873,259
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Investment Earnings Interest Expense Bond Issue Expense Gain on Fixed Asset Disposals	26,203 - - -	84,329 - - -	33,909 (184,285) (3,595)	(29,025) (3,583) 263,315	144,441 (213,310) (7,178) 263,315
Total Non-Operating Revenues	26,203	84,329	(153,971)	230,707	187,268
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	985,681	539,002	(252,975)	(211,181)	1,060,527
Capital Contributions and Transfers: Intergovernmental Grants		<u> </u>	43,039	334,452	377,491
Change in Net Position	985,681	539,002	(209,936)	123,271	1,438,018
Net Position - Beginning	1,057,384	2,186,118	1,644,003	955,559	5,843,064
Net Position - Ending	\$ 2,043,065	\$ 2,725,120	\$ 1,434,067	\$ 1,078,830	\$ 7,281,082

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Health Insurance	Worker Compensa		Information Technology	Motor Vehicle	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Receipts from Service Charges & Insured Payments to Suppliers and Providers Payments to Employees	\$ 11,335,656 (10,303,674)	\$ 1,753, (1,017,		\$ 3,695,892 (1,845,096) (957,899)	\$ 3,819,556 (2,801,808)	\$20,604,936 (15,968,017) (957,899)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,031,982	736,	,393	892,897	1,017,748	3,679,020
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities:						
Advances from Other Funds	1,838				(396,623)	(394,785)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities:	1,838				(396,623)	(394,785)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from Bonds Received Proceeds from Capital Lease Received Proceeds from Capital Grants Received Acquisition of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Debt Maturities Interest Paid on Debt Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	- - - - - -		- - - - -	900,000 640,323 48,453 (1,077,064) (352,170) (187,880)	1,217,607 481,445 (2,393,798) (177,702) (32,608) 283,931	900,000 1,857,930 529,898 (3,470,862) (529,872) (220,488) 283,931
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			<u>-</u>	(28,338)	(621,125)	(649,463)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest on Investments	26,203	84,	,329	33,909	<u>-</u>	144,441
Net Cash Flows From Investment Activities	26,203	84,	,329	33,909		144,441
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,060,023	820,	,722	898,468	-	2,779,213
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2017	1,798,222	6,312,	,663	1,069,048	<u>-</u>	9,179,933
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2018	\$ 2,858,245	\$ 7,133,	,385	\$ 1,967,516	\$ -	\$11,959,146
(Including \$1,967,516 reported in FY2018 in restricted accounts of the Informatio						
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to	\$ 959,478	\$ 454,	,673	\$ (99,004)	\$ (441,888)	\$ 873,259
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Depreciation Effect of changes in Assets and Liabilities:	-		-	948,092	2,195,689	3,143,781
Accounts Receivable Due to Other Funds	(49,404) -		-	-	(90,491)	(139,895)
Inventory Other Assets Accounts Payable Salary & Benefits Payable Compensated Absences Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenue	(7,693) - - 129,601	(64,	- ,280) - - ,000	13,803 20,775 8,723 7,093 (6,585)	(152,169) (129,994) - (625) (362,774)	(138,366) (181,192) 8,723 7,093 468,391 (362,774)
Total Adjustments	72,504	281,	,720	991,901	1,459,636	2,805,761
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,031,982	<u>\$ 736,</u>	,393	\$ 892,897	\$ 1,017,748	\$ 3,679,020

Fiduciary Fund Type - Pension Funds

Public Safety Retirement Fund - This fund is used to account for the pension system of certain law enforcement and public safety employees of Cecil County.

Other Post Employment Benefits Fund - This fund is used to account for the County's other post-employment benefits; the trust fund will act as a funding mechanism for the employer's cost of retiree benefits.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		olic Safety etirement Fund	Er	other Post nployment Benefits Fund	_	Total Pension Funds
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	285,115	\$	259,563	\$	544,678
Investments, at fair value:						
Institutional Separate Accounts	2	18,145,716		<u>-</u>		48,145,716
Mutual Funds		7,648,033	_	6,434,719	_	14,082,752
Total Investments	5	55,793,749		6,434,719		62,228,468
Total Assets	5	56,078,864		6,694,282		62,773,146
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		7,486		6,318		13,804
Due to Other Funds		2,917		<u>-</u>	_	2,917
Total Liabilities		10,403		6,318		16,721
NET POSITION						
Held in Trust for:	_					
Employee Benefits	5	6,068,461		6,687,964		62,756,425
Total Net Position	\$ 5	6,068,461	\$	6,687,964	\$	62,756,425

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Public Safety Retirement Fund	Other Post Employment Benefits Fund	Total Pension Funds		
ADDITIONS					
Contributions					
Cecil County	\$ 1,676,936	\$ 322,000	\$ 1,998,936		
Participants	955,419		955,419		
Total Contributions	2,632,355	322,000	2,954,355		
INVESTMENT INCOME Investment Earnings: Net Depreciation					
in Fair Value of Investments	3,380,764	211,819	3,592,583		
Interest and Dividends	1,465,136	284,730	1,749,866		
Total Investment Earnings	4,845,900	496,549	5,342,449		
Less: Investment Expense	(355,786)	(29,820)	(385,606)		
Net Investment Income (Loss)	4,490,114	466,729	4,956,843		
Total Additions	7,122,469	788,729	7,911,198		
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefit Payments	2,002,499	301,175	2,303,674		
Refunds of Contributions	262,997	-	262,997		
Administrative Expense	54,941	31,730	86,671		
Total Deductions	2,320,437	332,905	2,653,342		
Change in Net Position	4,802,032	455,824	5,257,856		
Net Position - Beginning	51,266,429	6,232,140	57,498,569		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 56,068,461	\$ 6,687,964	\$ 62,756,425		

Cecil County Government

Economic & Environmental Growth





Fiduciary Fund Type - Agency Funds

The Agency Funds are maintained to account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity.

State Tax Collection Fund - This fund is maintained to account for state taxes collected and held in an agency capacity.

State Bay Restoration Fee Collection Fund - This fund is maintained to account for State Bay Restoration Fees collected and held in an agency capacity.

Town Collection Funds - These funds are maintained to account for taxes billed and collected on behalf of the County's incorporated towns and held in an agency capacity.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions		Balance June 30, 2018								
COLLECTIONS - STATE TAXES Assets												
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 81,964 28,128	\$ 10,973,235 13,299,495	\$ (10,937,182) (13,308,002)	\$ 118,017 19,621								
Total Assets	\$ 110,092	\$ 24,272,730	\$ (24,245,184)	\$ 137,638								
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$ 110,092	\$ 31,562,069	\$ (31,534,523)	\$ 137,638								
Total Liabilities	\$ 110,092	\$ 31,562,069	\$ (31,534,523)	\$ 137,638								
COLLECTIONS - STATE BAY RESTORATION FEE Assets												
Cash Accounts Receivable - Fees	\$ 340,546 160,768	\$ 1,866,363 3,774,368	\$ (1,955,819) (3,770,920)	\$ 251,090 164,216								
Total Assets	\$ 501,314	\$ 5,640,731	\$ (5,726,739)	\$ 415,306								
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$ 501,314	\$ 5,486,773	\$ (5,572,781)	\$ 415,306								
Total Liabilities	\$ 501,314	\$ 5,486,773	\$ (5,572,781)	\$ 415,306								
COLLECTIONS - CECILTON												
Assets Cash	\$ 3,176	\$ 174,961	\$ (173,422)	\$ 4,715								
Accounts Receivable - Fees & Taxes	18	351,837	(351,828)	27								
Total Assets	\$ 3,194	\$ 526,798	\$ (525,250)	\$ 4,742								
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$ 3,194	\$ 518,812	\$ (517,264)	\$ 4,742								
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,194	\$ 518,812	\$ (517,264)	\$ 4,742								
COLLECTIONS - CHESAPEAKE CITY Assets												
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 2,569 668	\$ 376,613 763,884	\$ (372,909) (762,497)	\$ 6,273 2,055								
Total Assets	\$ 3,237	\$ 1,140,497	\$ (1,135,406)	\$ 8,328								
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$ 3,237	\$ 1,120,609	\$ (1,115,518)	\$ 8,328								
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,237	\$ 1,120,609	\$ (1,115,518)	\$ 8,328								

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Balance June 30, 20		Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
COLLECTIONS - CHARLESTOWN Assets					
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 11,3 6,4	306 \$ 133	480,141 974,722	\$ (491,097) (971,902)	\$ 350 9,253
Total Assets	\$ 17,7	<u>739</u> \$	1,454,863	\$ (1,462,999)	\$ 9,603
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$ 17,7	7 <u>39</u> \$	1,449,371	\$ (1,457,507)	\$ 9,603
Total Liabilities	\$ 17,7	739 \$	1,449,371	\$ (1,457,507)	\$ 9,603
COLLECTIONS - ELKTON Assets					
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 58,7 22,5		7,330,008 14,725,946	\$ (7,317,383) (14,730,376)	\$ 70,782 18,156
Total Assets	\$ 80,7	743 \$	22,055,954	\$ (22,047,759)	\$ 88,938
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$ 80,7	743 <u>\$</u>	21,682,836	\$ (21,674,641)	\$ 88,938
Total Liabilities	\$ 80,7	<u>743</u> \$	21,682,836	\$ (21,674,641)	\$ 88,938
COLLECTIONS - NORTH EAST Assets					
Cash Accounts Receivable - Fees & Taxes	\$ 15,8 1,0	390 \$ 011	1,751,516 3,504,812	\$ (1,756,711) (3,502,600)	\$ 10,695 3,223
Total Assets	\$ 16,9	901 \$	5,256,328	\$ (5,259,311)	\$ 13,918
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$ 16,9	9 <u>01</u> \$	5,242,719	\$ (5,245,702)	\$ 13,918
Total Liabilities	\$ 16,9	<u>901</u> <u>\$</u>	5,242,719	\$ (5,245,702)	\$ 13,918
COLLECTIONS - PORT DEPOSIT Assets					
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 20,3 23,4		426,359 854,855	\$ (409,025) (861,363)	\$ 37,699 16,988
Total Assets	\$ 43,8	<u>\$61</u>	1,281,214	\$ (1,270,388)	\$ 54,687
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$ 43,8	<u> 861 \$</u>	1,229,230	\$ (1,218,404)	\$ 54,687
Total Liabilities	\$ 43,8	<u>\$61</u> \$	1,229,230	<u>\$ (1,218,404)</u>	\$ 54,687

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Balance June 30, 2017		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2018	
COLLECTIONS - PERRYVILLE Assets								
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$	10,280 2,123	\$	1,420,201 2,870,507	\$	(1,417,240) (2,880,723)	\$	13,241 (8,093)
Total Assets	\$	12,403	\$	4,290,708	\$	(4,297,963)	\$	5,148
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$	12,403	\$	4,264,121	\$	(4,271,376)	\$	5,148
Total Liabilities	\$	12,403	\$	4,264,121	\$	(4,271,376)	\$	5,148
COLLECTIONS - RISING SUN Assets								
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$	7,584 5,867	\$	1,239,501 2,508,596	\$	(1,243,528) (2,506,862)	\$	3,557 7,601
Total Assets	\$	13,451	\$	3,748,097	\$	(3,750,390)	\$	11,158
Liabilities								
Due to Other Governments	\$	13,451	\$	3,722,765	\$	(3,725,058)	\$	11,158
Total Liabilities	\$	13,451	\$	3,722,765	\$	(3,725,058)	\$	11,158
TOTALS - ALL FUNDS Assets								
Cash Accounts Receivable - Fees & Taxes	\$	551,837 251,098	\$	26,038,898 43,629,022	\$	(26,074,316) (43,647,073)	\$	516,419 233,047
Total Assets	\$	802,935	\$	69,667,920	\$	(69,721,389)	\$	749,466
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	\$	802,935	\$	76,279,305	\$	(76,332,774)	\$	749,466
Total Liabilities	\$	802,935	\$	76,279,305	\$	(76,332,774)	\$	749,466

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Cecil County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents		raye
Financial Tre	ends - Tables I to IV	124
	e schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand he County's financial performance and well-being have changed over	
Revenue Ca	pacity - Tables V to VIII	129
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant revenue source, the property tax. Debt Capacity - Tables IX to XIII These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Demographic and Economic Information - Tables XIV - XVI These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place. Deperating Information - Tables XVII to XVIII These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader	
Debt Capaci	ty - Tables IX to XIII	133
afford	dability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the	
Demographi	c and Economic Information - Tables XIV - XVI	137
reade	er understand the environment within which the County's financial	
Operating In	formation - Tables XVII to XVIII	140
under	e schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader retand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the ces the County provides and the services it performs.	
Sources:	Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual reports for the relevant year. The County implemented	

GASB 34 in 2003 and GASB 54 was implemented in 2010; Table III has been restated to reflect the change in fund balance presentation.

Cecil County Government

Award Winning Dedicated Staff





Table I

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	\$ 121,977,339 4,429,739 (26,085,408)	\$ 116,206,965 27,864,318 (43,751,070)	\$ 144,335,428 15,691,081 (45,695,780)	\$ 131,319,211 21,257,511 (14,643,027)	\$ 157,253,521 6,857,073 (22,670,285)	\$ 166,819,030 15,914,261 (53,601,877)	\$ 171,724,604 12,254,006 (84,302,472)	\$ 163,724,657 17,513,461 (88,292,865)	\$ 155,575,258 8,420,657 (78,992,974)	\$ 165,183,735 15,366,150 (105,036,602)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 100,321,670	\$ 100,320,213	\$ 114,330,729	\$ 137,933,695	<u>\$ 141,440,309</u>	<u>\$ 129,131,414</u>	\$ 99,676,138	\$ 92,945,253	\$ 85,002,941	\$ 75,513,283
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 33,060,858 8,603,936 (221,754)	\$ 42,218,878 19,166,532 (21,412,356)	\$ 42,443,506 9,715,314 (13,411,799)	\$ 38,470,096 4,748,159 (5,222,061)	\$ 36,274,177 - 2,237,683	\$ 40,395,599 - (1,137,604)	\$ 49,134,864 - (5,787,900)	\$ 47,186,961 - (2,858,161)	\$ 47,487,579 - (3,137,463)	\$ 45,917,726 - (31,029)
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 41,443,040	\$ 39,973,054	\$ 38,747,021	\$ 37,996,194	\$ 38,511,860	\$ 39,257,995	\$ 43,346,964	\$ 44,328,800	\$ 44,350,116	\$ 45,886,697
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 155,038,197 13,033,675 (26,307,162)	\$ 158,425,843 47,030,850 (65,163,426)	\$ 186,778,934 25,406,395 (59,107,579)	\$ 169,789,307 26,005,670 (19,865,088)	\$ 193,527,698 6,857,073 (20,432,602)	\$ 207,214,629 15,914,261 (54,739,481)	\$ 220,859,468 12,254,006 (90,090,372)	\$ 210,911,618 17,513,461 (91,151,026)	\$ 203,062,837 8,420,657 (82,130,437)	\$ 211,101,461 15,366,150 (105,067,631)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 141,764,710	\$ 140,293,267	\$ 153,077,750	\$ 175,929,889	\$ 179,952,169	\$ 168,389,409	\$ 143,023,102	\$ 137,274,053	\$ 129,353,057	\$ 121,399,980

Table II

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
EXPENSES										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 13,303,837	\$ 13,294,360	\$ 13,541,706	\$ 13,473,632	\$ 14,265,775	\$ 12,609,671	\$ 12,826,539	\$ 13,103,376	\$12,619,834	\$11,457,065
Public Safety	33,334,883	34,059,214	34,124,715	34,008,873	35,046,031	40,619,762	40,998,732	41,637,796	43,903,804	45,100,531
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	13,981,175	13,432,401	14,174,041	13,893,866	13,317,166	16,513,958	16,162,586	17,134,114	16,467,551	15,839,552
Health and Welfare	11,756,789	12,100,852	12,498,027	12,177,894	12,159,676	14,227,016	14,331,807	15,163,709	15,755,447	15,498,604
Recreation and Culture	880,408	1,008,810	983,512	1,020,488	1,091,711	1,291,050	1,356,836	1,541,526	1,780,757	2,112,900
Education	96,520,700	83,991,156	81,391,571	78,627,416	83,905,699	92,433,904	102,085,334	98,805,396	96,384,547	101,432,771
Public Libraries	4,681,578	4,613,704	4,599,509	4,480,298	4,318,158	4,576,546	4,946,275	5,122,366	5,523,248	5,604,168
Economic Development	1,214,647	1,100,961	960,743	1,589,105	1,500,430	2,703,849	1,549,098	1,675,209	1,776,517	1,508,011
Agriculture	2,131,412	1,230,023	546,120	551,134	1,241,922	2,115,454	614,728	851,666	1,463,623	760,117
Interest on Long-Term Debt	5,492,318	6,060,747	5,550,175	4,939,364	9,353,839	4,658,763	5,135,996	4,933,867	4,568,004	4,906,177
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	183,297,747	170,892,228	168,370,119	164,762,070	176,200,407	191,749,973	200,007,931	199,969,025	200,243,332	204,219,896
Business-Type Activities:										
Water	1,103,638	1,097,403	1,168,243	672,752	-	-	-		-	-
Wastewater	5,069,605	5,290,073	5,200,826	5,734,358	6,094,709	6,610,145	6,971,250	8,004,698	8,882,464	8,572,029
Landfill	4,830,035	6,165,937	5,538,979	6,180,447	6,504,396	8,276,214	7,743,691	6,818,531	6,287,612	6,279,323
Property Management								373,677	570,994	575,199
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	11,003,278	12,553,413	11,908,048	12,587,557	12,599,105	14,886,359	14,714,941	15,196,906	15,741,070	15,426,551
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 194,301,025	\$ 183,445,641	\$ 180,278,167	\$ 177,349,627	\$ 188,799,512	\$ 206,636,332	\$ 214,722,872	\$ 215,165,931	\$ 215,984,402	\$ 219,646,447
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$ 1,163,371	\$ 5,319,506	\$ 5,420,162	\$ 4,572,364	\$ 6,781,040	\$ 5,902,590	\$ 6,598,891	\$ 8,471,469	\$8,150,707	\$12,328,147
Public Safety	2,136,375	2,102,300	2,038,347	2,114,895	2,178,875	1,891,611	1,960,971	2,533,004	2,268,430	2,847,862
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	376,370	404,378	311,194	236,162	289,249	375,530	191,757	397,877	217,050	85,018
Other Activities	322,033	388,457	449,605	515,874	628,754	621,065	773,109	812,469	997,753	1,237,903
Operating Grants and Contributions	17,265,269	12,792,599	15,499,994	17,745,716	14,400,458	14,555,600	13,742,967	14,730,843	15,554,549	16,375,078
Capital Grants and Contributions	3,150,745	1,518,598	7,248,329	12,722,681	3,272,737	3,827,146	5,558,647	3,620,846	2,549,237	4,271,822
Total Governmental Activities Revenues	24,414,163	22,525,838	30,967,631	37,907,692	27,551,113	27,173,542	28,826,342	30,566,508	29,737,726	37,145,830

Table II

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services: Water	1,308,395	1,228,117	1,275,093	653,831	-	-	-		-	-
Wastewater Landfill	3,372,665 4,556,694	3,362,841 4,566,354	3,683,375 5,275,317	4,737,750 5,191,842	4,883,880 5,294,063	6,504,839 5,903,453	5,654,938 6,632,144	5,584,673 7,313,027	5,999,821 7,877,565	6,317,783 8,404,849
Property Management Capital Grants and Contributions	2,964,543	1,901,600	645,117	1,710,837	2,869,610	3,210,932	6,496,436	386,868 2,810,889	782,635 1,199,597	780,600 782,466
Total Business-Type Activities Revenues	12,202,297	11,058,912	10,878,902	12,294,260	13,047,553	15,619,224	18,783,518	16,095,457	15,859,618	16,285,698
Total Primary Government Revenues	\$ 36,616,460	\$ 33,584,750	\$ 41,846,533	\$ 50,201,952	\$ 40,598,666	\$ 42,792,766	\$ 47,609,860	\$ 46,661,965	\$ 45,597,344	\$ 53,431,528
OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
Governmental Activities: Taxes										
Property Taxes Income Taxes Investment Earnings	\$ 96,078,658 49,358,649 2,054,515	\$ 101,463,330 45,825,168 969,436	\$ 101,274,085 49,000,281 571,783	\$ 102,575,768 47,342,973 334,147	\$ 104,706,894 46,755,227 270,374	\$ 103,397,531 48,064,353 236,961	\$ 102,727,666 56,937,725 226,259	\$ 106,810,382 55,496,525 130,596	\$ 106,490,517 55,493,386 284,934	\$ 114,077,543 62,507,845 897,195
Other Revenues including Capital Asset Sales Gains (Losses)	345,432	(2,514)	48,787	40,831	117,277	568,691	209,749	234,129	108,004	352,294
Grants, Entitlements, and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs Transfers	5,013,347	109,595	518,068	163,625	306,136	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	186,453	180,000
Total Governmental Activities	152,850,601	148,365,015	151,413,004	150,457,344	152,155,908	152,267,536	160,101,399	162,671,632	162,563,294	178,014,877
Business-Type Activities: Investment Earnings	87,616	23,167	32,233	13,410	57,916	13,270	20,392	73,285	89,221	857,434
Other Revenues including Capital Asset Sales Gains (Losses) Transfers	18,309 	1,348 	(229,120)	(470,940)	9,302	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	10,000	(186,453)	(180,000)
Total Business-Type Activities	105,925	24,515	(196,887)	(457,530)	67,218	13,270	20,392	83,285	(97,232)	677,434
Total Primary Government	\$ 152,956,526	\$ 148,389,530	\$ 151,216,117	\$ 149,999,814	\$ 152,223,126	\$ 152,280,806	\$ 160,121,791	\$ 162,754,917	\$ 162,466,062	\$ 178,692,311
CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ (6,032,983) 1,304,944	\$ (1,375) (1,469,986)	\$ 14,010,516 (1,226,033)	\$ 23,602,966 (750,827)	\$ 3,506,614 515,666	\$ (12,308,895) 746,135	\$ (11,080,190) 4,088,969	\$ (6,730,885) 981,836	\$ (7,942,312) 21,316	\$ 10,940,811 1,536,581
Total Primary Government	\$ (4,728,039)	\$ (1,471,361)	\$ 12,784,483	\$ 22,852,139	\$ 4,022,280	\$ (11,562,760)	\$ (6,991,221)	\$ (5,749,049)	\$ (7,920,996)	\$ 12,477,392

Table III

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
GENERAL FUND										
Non-Spendable Fund Balance Unrestricted Fund Balance	\$ 885,779	\$ 1,304,977	\$ 1,807,790	\$ 477,087	\$ 6,400,689	\$10,982,077	\$13,335,406	\$10,603,047	\$10,215,102	\$10,075,089
Committed Fund Balance	12,254,857	15,089,601	13,885,400	13,118,597	16,363,777	17,548,538	14,683,298	16,196,482	-	-
Assigned Fund Balance	11,466,595	8,267,000	7,784,000	4,541,000	7,541,000	4,055,000	3,500,000	2,300,000	15,327,610	23,788,045
Unassigned Fund Balance	11,762,656	9,979,387	12,876,339	19,632,997	15,015,485	7,425,546	6,206,671	8,755,014	10,247,486	9,775,539
Total General Fund	\$36,369,887	\$34,640,965	\$36,353,529	\$37,769,681	\$45,320,951	\$40,011,161	\$37,725,375	\$37,854,543	\$35,790,198	\$43,638,673
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS										
Non-Spendable Fund Balance	\$ 452,524	\$ 415,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted Fund Balance Unrestricted Fund Balance:	4,429,739	3,808,570	6,804,178	7,457,083	13,274,563	38,089,278	12,254,036	17,513,461	8,420,657	21,201,499
Committed Fund Balance	28,322,186	34,784,997	13,006,747	18,650,074	2,190,137	482,681		2,361,577		
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$33,204,449	\$39,009,167	\$19,810,925	\$ 26,107,157	\$ 15,464,700	\$ 38,571,959	\$12,254,036	\$ 19,875,038	\$ 8,420,657	\$21,201,499

Notes:

In FY2017, after management review the Contingency Reserve was changed from Committed Fund Balance to Assigned Fund Balance.

Table IV

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$ 96,173,901	\$ 101,345,357	\$ 101,811,471	\$102,628,643	\$ 104,235,995	\$103,371,143	\$ 102,735,882	\$ 106,839,214	\$ 106,417,932	\$ 114,098,978
Income Taxes	48,851,186	46,816,208	46,835,947	49,813,198	50,421,108	50,800,381	53,954,296	55,806,618	57,614,306	58,909,734
Licenses and Permits	1,298,179	1,320,505	1,427,706	1,545,645	1,736,610	1,682,772	1,741,618	2,383,661	1,981,371	2,198,271
Intergovernmental	24,422,814	13,787,534	22,873,190	27,651,332	16,238,456	14,465,177	16,122,745	16,441,829	15,800,667	18,274,023
Charges for Services	2,772,393	6,917,459	6,898,159	5,891,840	8,135,280	7,108,024	7,783,110	9,831,158	9,652,569	14,300,659
Investment Earnings	1,911,428	885,570	491,228	292,787	232,228	202,803	200,176	109,889	244,228	752,754
Contributions and Other Revenues	178,025	221,808	111,188	85,982	336,928	727,073		119,614	475,240	288,302
Total Revenues	175,607,926	171,294,441	180,448,889	187,909,427	181,336,605	178,357,373	182,537,827	191,531,983	192,186,313	208,822,721
EXPENDITURES										
General Government	11,643,833	11,767,891	12,158,101	13,106,207	12,903,976	11,088,643	11,176,755	11,412,816	10,436,710	10,493,224
Public Safety	32,059,207	33,410,429	33,121,253	33,444,470	33,873,650	37,063,402	38,531,809	39,188,740	42,140,763	42,918,915
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	12,915,367	8,525,908	9,438,103	9,601,220	8,793,209	11,131,474	11,554,492	11,217,928	9,561,474	11,319,441
Health and Welfare	11,664,982	12,271,033	12,416,523	12,078,386	12,119,555	13,083,185	13,841,044	14,778,726	15,192,470	15,445,675
Recreation and Culture	825,005	869,993	817,817	928,135	752,279	990,382	1,077,710	938,744	1,048,438	2,335,160
Education	78,055,262	76,577,821	76,475,835	75,267,220	79,225,368	82,888,100	85,446,064	89,945,828	92,020,570	93,617,178
Public Libraries	4,425,607	4,438,926	4,462,309	4,283,817	4,283,817	4,417,020	4,749,675	4,882,779	5,250,869	5,442,217
Economic Development	1,201,887	1,096,197	967,940	1,606,236	1,501,779	1,628,989	1,528,922	1,648,873	1,741,087	1,554,079
Agriculture	2,126,544	1,233,444	552,009	558,768	1,244,247	2,097,608	605,650	840,466	1,440,998	784,580
Municipalities	757,448	820,631	840,039	725,251	697,502	664,218	667,120	671,363	674,409	684,577
Capital Outlay	28,638,924	14,442,264	31,032,515	27,011,212	14,394,252	15,246,843	26,832,434	19,720,867	9,743,836	17,890,992
Debt Service:										
Principal	8,843,764	10,127,743	10,038,418	10,935,206	9,395,046	9,858,406	9,794,710	9,784,234	10,971,475	11,722,922
Interest	5,399,155	5,856,178	5,694,206	4,838,557	5,623,335	4,851,033	5,568,661	5,397,046	5,668,428	5,488,549
Total Expenditures	198,556,985	181,438,458	198,015,068	194,384,685	184,808,015	195,009,303	211,375,046	210,428,410	205,891,527	219,697,509
Deficiency of Revenues										
Under Expenditures	(22,949,059)	(10,144,017)	(17,566,179)	(6,475,258)	(3,471,410)	(16,651,930)	(28,837,219)	(18,896,427)	(13,705,214)	(10,874,788)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from Capital Asset Disposal	772,086	70,529	80,500	74,639	146,905	440,893	17,600	2,088	36	88,979
Proceeds from Bonds Issued	23,020,000	13,870,000	-	13,267,000	-	29,840,000	-	23,210,000	-	28,900,000
Premium on Debt Issued	732,707	697,594	-	3,370,242	463,827	4,401,727	3,730,456	5,209,762	-	3,484,818
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	9,710,000	-	25,860,000	9,290,000	-	31,128,617	12,243,531	-	6,347,823
Bond Issuance Cost	(117,704)	(309,186)	-	(227,458)	-	(233,221)	-	(78,558)	-	(121,445)
Advance Refunding Agent	-	(9,819,040)	-	(28,156,780)	(9,531,073)	-	(34,643,163)	(14,038,367)	-	(7,376,070)
Transfers In	28,360,406	27,613,044	19,374,828	23,922,626	21,118,974	26,387,095	18,761,837	21,431,745	19,351,635	22,092,347
Transfers Out	(28,360,406)	(27,613,044)	(19,374,828)	(23,922,626)	(21,108,409)	(26,387,095)	(18,761,837)	(21,333,604)	(19,165,183)	(21,912,347)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	24,407,089	14,219,897	80,500	14,187,643	380,224	34,449,399	233,510	26,646,597	186,488	31,504,105
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,458,030	\$ 4,075,880	\$ (17,485,679)	\$ 7,712,385	\$ (3,091,186)	\$ 17,797,469	\$ (28,603,709)	\$ 7,750,170	\$ (13,518,726)	\$ 20,629,317
Debt Service as a Percentage										
of Non-capital Expenditures	9.15%	9.57%	9.26%	9.54%	8.75%	7.93%	7.79%	7.64%	8.29%	8.30%

Table V

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year		Real Pr	oper	rty		Persona	l Pr	operty	Total Taxable	Less:	Total Taxable	Total Direct	
Ended	 Residential		(Commercial /	_	Public		_	Actual	Tax Exempt	Assessed	Tax	
June 30	 Property	Governmental		Industrial	Agricultural	 Utilities		Other	 Value	 Property	Value	Rate ¹	
2018	\$ 8,083,377,107	n/a	\$	2,196,422,419	\$ 577,145,678	\$ 201,388,000	\$	185,409,000	\$ 11,243,742,204	\$ 1,045,798,818	\$ 10,197,943,386	1.101	
2017	7,251,167,566	n/a		2,728,635,767	523,372,208	189,268,000		247,205,000	\$ 10,939,648,541	1,027,108,919	9,912,539,622	1.057	
2016	7,204,868,497	n/a		2,643,369,801	507,534,006	198,056,000		233,500,000	\$ 10,787,328,304	1,015,229,774	9,772,098,530	1.056	
2015	6,933,465,147	n/a		1,871,273,169	489,623,429	141,257,000		230,000,000	\$ 9,665,618,745	995,209,501	8,670,409,244	1.054	
2014	6,963,756,250	n/a		1,830,995,567	504,922,966	141,257,000		230,000,000	\$ 9,670,931,783	953,466,796	8,717,464,987	1.054	
2013	7,183,574,528	n/a		1,904,424,331	528,946,520	149,296,000		236,000,000	\$ 10,002,241,379	960,909,069	9,041,332,310	1.054	
2012	7,682,905,130	n/a		1,952,981,591	539,244,741	117,881,000		259,900,000	\$ 10,552,912,462	975,324,958	9,577,587,504	0.996	
2011	8,289,959,319	n/a		1,865,379,056	580,610,700	129,707,850		165,677,050	\$ 11,031,333,975	1,013,288,272	10,018,045,703	0.956	
2010	8,378,308,042	n/a		1,808,137,513	601,504,059	133,390,680		183,492,540	\$ 11,104,832,834	677,356,425	10,427,476,409	0.983	
2009	7,810,141,161	n/a		1,679,833,744	548,985,870	133,234,270		180,868,020	\$ 10,353,063,065	1,066,412,895	9,286,650,170	1.009	

Source: Maryland State Department of Assessment and Taxation Cecil County Department of Finance

Notes:

¹ The total direct tax rate is a weighted average of real and personal property rates.

Table VI

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (per \$100 of Assessed Value) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Cecil County Direct Rates										
Real Property Personal Property	\$0.960 2.400	\$0.940 2.350	\$0.915 2.288	\$0.940 2.350	\$0.991 2.477	\$0.991 2.477	\$0.991 2.477	\$0.991 2.477	\$0.991 2.479	\$1.041 2.604
¹ Total Direct Tax Rate	1.009	0.983	0.956	0.996	1.054	1.054	1.054	1.056	1.057	1.101
Towns										
Cecilton	0.240	0.219	0.219	0.219	0.217	0.217	0.220	0.220	0.237	0.237
Charlestown	0.280	0.280	0.280	0.280	0.314	0.314	0.333	0.333	0.333	0.333
Chesapeake City	0.420	0.425	0.432	0.425	0.422	0.448	0.449	0.449	0.449	0.449
Elkton	0.504	0.464	0.473	0.466	0.463	0.586	0.586	0.586	0.586	0.636
North East	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480
Perryville	0.362	0.353	0.353	0.339	0.314	0.314	0.313	0.313	0.310	0.310
Port Deposit	0.551	0.551	0.551	0.551	0.551	0.551	0.554	0.551	0.551	0.546
Rising Sun	0.360	0.360	0.360	0.406	0.406	0.406	0.406	0.406	0.480	0.480

Sources: Cecil County Department of Finance

The government of each town establishes its respective tax rate.

Note: ¹ The total direct tax rate is a weighted average of real and personal property rates.

Table VII

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

FISCAL YEAR 2018

Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
W.L. Gore & Associates Inc.	Manufacturing	\$ 105,060,194	1.03%
Delmarva Power & Light Company	Utility	99,724,580	0.98%
Ikea Property Inc	Retail	95,082,720	0.93%
Cole ID	Distribution	71,910,400	0.71%
Mid - Atlantic Distribution	Distribution	48,663,200	0.48%
Penn Cecil Maryland Inc.	Casino Gaming	35,954,070	0.35%
Charlestown Crossing Apts.	Property Management	33,088,400	0.32%
Walmart Real Estate Business	Property Management	30,897,183	0.30%
Pine Valley LLC	Property Management	29,144,100	0.29%
Third Artel Chesapeake Ridge	Property Management	25,426,680	0.25%
Totals		\$ 574,951,527	<u>5.64</u> %

FISCAL YEAR 2009

Taxpayer	Type of Business		Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.	Manufacturing	\$	124,360,302	1.34%
Delmarva Power & Light Company	Utility	•	61,795,260	0.67%
Ikea Property, Inc.	Retail		39,678,864	0.43%
Verizon-Maryland	Communications		30,387,120	0.33%
Pine Valley, LLC	Property Mgmt		30,042,936	0.32%
Magazine Stonegate, LLC	Property Mgmt		22,858,600	0.25%
Terumo Medical Corporation	Research		22,025,934	0.24%
Basell USA, Inc.	Research		19,938,630	0.21%
Pettinaro Enterprises	Property Mgmt		19,650,808	0.21%
Kenneth O. Lester Company, Inc	Distribution		19,538,870	0.21%
Totals		\$	390,277,324	4.21%

Source: Cecil County Department of Finance

Note: Taxpayer data included only if in the top ten for that year.

Table VIII

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Total Tax Levy¹		Collected wi Fiscal Year		Collections in	Total Collections	='
Fiscal Year	for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Levy
2018	\$ 109,108,923	\$ 108,970,437	99.9%	\$ -	\$ 108,970,437	99.9%
2017	101,641,723	101,569,226	99.9%	72,497	101,641,723	100.0%
2016	101,636,001	101,463,753	99.8%	164,327	101,628,080	100.0%
2015	99,732,494	99,440,061	99.7%	246,350	99,686,411	100.0%
2014	100,162,002	99,753,092	99.6%	384,913	100,138,005	100.0%
2013	101,864,701	101,573,341	99.7%	252,143	101,825,484	100.0%
2012	100,215,039	99,666,488	99.5%	507,927	100,174,415	100.0%
2011	97,464,433	97,214,771	99.7%	210,479	97,425,250	100.0%
2010	95,516,854	94,315,657	98.7%	1,159,844	95,475,501	100.0%
2009	93,799,686	93,433,467	99.6%	330,590	93,764,057	100.0%

Source: Cecil County Department of Finance

Note: ¹ For presentation purposes, the County considers Tax Levy to be the taxes levied during the normal tax year and excludes adjustments to prior year taxes.

Note: Total tax levy is all tax bill additions and insolvencies from general ledger for fiscal year. Amount collected is the total tax levy reduced by the ending general ledger balance.

Table IX

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gove	rnmental Act	ivities		Business-Typ	oe Activities		Percentage			
Fiscal	General Obligation	Capital	Special Assessment	Wastewater	Landfill	Property	Capital	Total Primary	of Personal	Per	
Year	Bonds	Leases	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Mgmt.	Leases	Government	Income	Capita ¹	
2018	\$ 185,090,721	\$ 3,361,901	\$ 85,384	\$ 54,740,952	\$ 13,059,685	\$6,793,282	\$ -	\$ 263,131,925	5.81%	\$2,561	
2017	166,250,368	1,876,310	91,483	54,724,461	13,045,166	7,051,229	-	243,039,017	5.47%	2,369	
2016	179,272,367	-	97,582	57,568,263	13,931,049	7,300,000	-	258,169,261	6.06%	2,522	
2015	159,837,619	-	103,681	49,061,076	14,763,528	-	-	223,765,904	5.16%	2,186	
2014	168,262,646	-	109,780	42,685,905	16,265,125	-	-	227,323,456	5.19%	2,231	
2013	139,637,122	-	115,879	26,776,659	17,749,965	-	-	184,279,625	4.57%	1,812	
2012	151,143,753	316,247	121,978	28,440,508	19,116,764	-	-	199,139,250	5.11%	1,958	
2011	144,302,654	930,441	135,263	28,568,841	20,017,483	-	-	193,954,682	5.22%	1,918	
2010	153,837,331	1,521,017	148,548	46,887,137	3,190,000	-	-	205,584,033	5.50%	2,040	
2009	149,203,547	2,088,882	161,836	31,324,561	3,625,000	-	699,344	187,103,170	5.25%	1,872	

Source: Cecil County Department of Finance

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

This ratio uses population data from the prior calendar year.

¹ See Schedule XIV for population data.

Table X

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General	Percentage of	
Obligation	Value ¹ of	Per
Bonds	Property	Capita ²
\$ 259,684,640	2.55%	\$ 2,527.44
234,019,995	2.36%	2,280.83
250,771,679	2.57%	2,449.37
223,662,223	2.58%	2,184.56
227,213,676	2.61%	2,229.49
184,163,746	2.04%	1,810.92
198,701,025	2.07%	1,953.91
192,888,978	1.93%	1,907.75
203,914,468	1.96%	2,023.04
184,153,108	1.98%	1,842.89
	\$ 259,684,640 234,019,995 250,771,679 223,662,223 227,213,676 184,163,746 198,701,025 192,888,978 203,914,468	General ObligationActual Taxable Value¹ ofBondsProperty\$ 259,684,6402.55%234,019,9952.36%250,771,6792.57%223,662,2232.58%227,213,6762.61%184,163,7462.04%198,701,0252.07%192,888,9781.93%203,914,4681.96%

Source: Cecil County Department of Finance

Note: See Schedule V for Actual Taxable Value of Property data.

² See Schedule XIV for population data.

This ratio uses population data from the prior calendar year.

Table XI

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

Government Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Cecil County	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property and	I Income Taxes		
Elkton	\$ 246,279	100%	\$ 246,279
North East	1,698,500	100%	1,698,500
Perryville	2,345,000	100%	2,345,000
Rising Sun	1,415,224	100%	1,415,224
Subtotal - Overlapping Deb	t		5,705,003
Cecil County Direct Debt	188,538,006	100%	188,538,006
Totals			\$194,243,009

Sources: Cecil County Department of Finance

The government of each town is the source of its respective debt.

Table XII

LEGAL DEBT LIMITATION INFORMATION (Unaudited)

There is no aggregate limit to the amount of bonds and other evidences of indebtedness that may be outstanding at any one time for Cecil County. There is a general limitation for short-term borrowing in any fiscal year; the County is authorized to borrow up to \$2,500,000 on a temporary basis provided that all such borrowing be repaid and all demands fully satisfied on or before June 30 of the fiscal year in which the money is borrowed.

Table XIII

PLEDGED - REVENUES COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Wa			Special A	Ass	essment	Bonds			
Fiscal		Sewer Charges	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Service		<u></u>		pecial essment		Debt ervice	
Year	_	and Other	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest Coverage		Collections		ons Principal		Coverage
2018	\$	6,256,258	\$ 7,125,920	\$ (869,662)	\$ 3,498,158	\$ 1,446,109	-18%	\$	6,099	\$	6,099	100%
2017		6,047,881	7,372,155	(1,324,274)	3,334,137	1,510,309	-27%		6,099		6,099	100%
2016		5,631,738	6,571,666	(939,928)	2,367,669	1,433,032	-25%		6,099		6,099	100%
2015		8,586,607	5,696,015	2,890,592	1,999,804	1,275,235	88%		6,099		6,099	100%
2014		6,505,751	5,874,501	631,250	1,763,754	735,644	25%		6,099		6,099	100%
2013		4,939,317	5,309,937	(370,620)	1,663,849	784,772	-15%		6,099		6,099	100%
2012		4,641,400	4,976,129	(334,729)	1,638,654	758,229	-14%		13,287		13,287	100%
2011		3,696,270	4,425,922	(729,652)	1,571,460	774,904	-31%		13,994		13,994	100%
2010		3,375,394	4,483,019	(1,107,625)	1,554,451	807,054	-47%		50,051		50,051	100%
2009		3,455,046	4,386,638	(931,592)	1,346,574	682,966	-46%		50,132		50,132	100%

Fiscal		Landfill Charges	Less: Operating	Net Available		Debt \$	Serv	rice		
Year	_	and Other	Expenses	Revenue	_ F	Principal		Principal Interest C		Coverage
2018	\$	9,177,098	\$ 5,957,723	\$ 3,219,375	\$	911,301	\$	321,600	261%	
2017		7,917,946	5,861,891	2,056,055		876,171		425,721	158%	
2016		7,348,970	6,399,300	949,670		893,354		419,231	72%	
2015		6,652,536	7,230,652	(578,116)	•	1,501,597		513,039	-29%	
2014		5,915,811	7,765,909	(1,850,098)	•	1,484,840		510,305	-93%	
2013		5,296,542	5,965,106	(668,564)	•	1,366,799		539,290	-35%	
2012		5,196,182	5,619,803	(423,621)		900,718		560,644	-29%	
2011		5,294,655	4,822,085	472,570		508,759		716,894	39%	
2010		4,576,968	5,707,285	(1,130,317)	•	1,183,102		451,555	-69%	
2009		4,561,929	4,558,610	3,319		628,260		271,426	0%	

	Property Management Revenue Bonds													
Fiscal		roperty Mgmt Less: Charges Operating			A	Net Available <u>I</u>			Debt Service					
Year	ar	nd Other	_ <u>E</u>	xpenses	F	Revenue	F	Principal		Interest	Coverage			
2018	\$	780,600	\$	322,700	\$	457,900	\$	257,947	\$	252,499	90%			
2017		783,415		308,576		474,839		248,771		262,418	93%			
2016		387,145		158,400		228,745		-		109,286	209%			

Source: Cecil County Department of Finance

Note: The property management fund began in FY 2016

Table XIV

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population ^a	Personal Income ^{a,1,}		Per Capita Average Income ^a Employment ^{b,2}		Average Unemployment Rate ^{b,2}	Median Price of Housing Sales ^d		School Enrollment ^{c,3}
2017	102,746	\$ 4,531,488,000	\$	44,104	50,558	4.8%	\$	216,484	15,364
2016	102,603	4,440,668,000		43,374	51,074	4.7%		194,765	15,633
2015	102,382	4,262,448,000		41,632	50,042	6.0%		197,902	15,859
2014	102,383	4,337,575,000		42,562	48,665	6.6%		194,000	15,681
2013	101,913	4,383,534,000		43,104	47,269	7.7%		193,000	15,824
2012	101,696	4,036,174,000		39,689	46,810	8.4%		218,278	15,634
2011	101,694	3,897,356,000		38,508	46,188	8.9%		199,900	15,827
2010	101,108	3,715,479,000		36,861	44,944	9.9%		214,000	15,937
2009	100,796	3,736,203,000		37,381	46,259	9.0%		225,000	16,205
2008	99,926	3,562,166,000		35,648	48,310	5.3%		235,000	16,209

Sources: a U.S. Census Bureau

BEA and DLLR data is presented as revised periodically based on census and survey results and analysis, and changes to statistical benchmarks.

Notes: ¹ Personal Income is a total for the year.

^b Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing, and Regulation (DLLR)

^c Maryland Department of Planning, Planning Data Services

^c Cecil County Board of Education Annual Budgets

^d Maryland Association of Realtors

² Employment and unemployment rates are adjusted annual averages. Employment is calculated as the count of County citizens employed in any location (i.e., inside or ouside the County).

³ School enrollment is for the school year ended in June of the calendar year.

Table XV

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Ca	lendar ` 2008	Year	Calendar Year 2017			
Taxpayer		Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	
						4 = 007	
W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.	2,667	1	5.52%	2,405	1	4.76%	
Cecil County Board of Education	2,464	2	5.10%	2,159	2	4.27%	
Perry Point V.A. Hospital	1,000	3	2.07%	1,500	3	2.97%	
Union Hospital	864	4	1.79%	1,235	4	2.44%	
Amazon	*			1,100	5	2.18%	
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	500	7	1.03%	830	6	1.64%	
Cecil County Government	551	6	1.14%	614	7	1.21%	
Terumo Medical Group	345	9	0.71%	610	8	1.21%	
IKEA/Genco	370	8	0.77%	580	9	1.15%	
Cecil College	300	10	0.62%	530	10	1.05%	
Orbital ATK, Inc(formerly Tactical Sys)	682	5	1.41%	*			
Totals	9,743		<u>20.16</u> %	11,563		<u>22.88</u> %	

*Note: Employer is not one of the principal employers during the year noted

Sources: Cecil County Department of Economic Development

Table XVI

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government	103	104	102	107	104	99	110	99	105	108
Public Safety	298	289	291	284	303	302	303	315	321	322
Law Enforcement	92	96	97	97	95	99	105	105	108	111
Detention Center	62	55	65	63	84	81	70	78	74	76
EMS & Emergency Services	86	80	81	80	77	74	77	84	83	77
Other	58	58	48	44	47	48	51	48	56	58
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	72	67	68	64	68	65	68	67	61	64
Roads Maintenance	45	43	45	44	45	42	41	44	42	46
Engineering and Other	27	24	23	20	23	23	27	23	19	18
Health and Welfare	50	60	50	51	43	43	61	47	58	59
Senior Services	27	27	24	24	23	23	39	30	37	40
Other	23	33	26	27	20	20	22	17	21	19
Recreation and Culture	6	7	8	6	7	8	8	8	8	11
Economic Development	6	6	5	6	6	6	7	6	7	6
Agriculture	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	5
Water	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wastewater	11	12	12	14	16	16	15	14	16	16
Landfill	24	24	25	25	22	25	24	22	23	23
Totals	578	577	569	562	574	569	601	583	603	614

Sources: Cecil County Finance and Human Resources Departments

Table XVII

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Public Safety										
Physical Arrests	2,666	2,430	2,577	2,611	2,608	2,422	2,548	2,743	3,066	3,086
911 Calls	215,419	191,866	207,019	164,265	171,258	168,535	224,643	135,127	129,993	127,484
Fire/Paramedic Calls	16,553	13,201	13,525	22,751	23,217	28,845	29,820	12,360	14,441	14,706
Building Permits Issued	276	282	323	220	464	234	202	192	198	212
Highways, Streets, and Bridges										
Street Resurfacing (miles)	13.06	3.32	12.67	15.76	13.11	15.93	18.07	15.49	6.35	10.11
Health and Welfare										
Participants (avg. monthly)	1,155	1,078	1,170	1,327	1,434	1,135	1,235	1,765	1,327	843
Meals served	24,887	23,004	21,276	21,433	21,868	25,005	18,052	29,066	33,808	33,494
Bus Passengers	49,875	49,709	60,066	66,892	76,990	92,314	100,929	101,251	97,043	102,353
Recreation and Culture										
Recreation Registrations	n/a	n/a	n/a	11,000	14,000	15,750	15,130	14,620	17,388	18,546
Recreation Programs	n/a	n/a	n/a	150	180	197	157	162	244	248
Safetyville (attendance)	102	103	88	71	106	147	64	86	71	103
Agriculture										
Acres under Preservation										
Agreements	13,750	13,808	23,900	24,739	25,108	25,799	26,382	26,497	27,079	27,798
Water										
Average Daily Consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	162,417	162,748	169,546	87,039	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Wastewater										
Annual Sewage Treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	469,597	509,706	496,752	520,077	526,507	648,139	580,480	578,510	539,450	580,123
Landfill										
Annual Tons of Refuse	102,236	108,033	91,475	84,855	83,428	84,796	83,449	85,172	87,706	93,118
	•	· ·								

Sources: Various Cecil County departments.

Note: Quantifiable and meaningful operating indicators are not available for all functions.

NA = Not available

As of FY2007 a new Communication Systems came online to accept County-wide emergency calls.

The County sold the Water Operations effective December 21, 2011.

Table XVIII

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Public Safety										
Police Patrol Units	85	85	85	89	83	95	100	100	100	106
Paramedic Units	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Highways, Streets, and Bridges										
Roads & Highways (miles)	601	601	601	601	599	599	600	604	604	604
Bridges	95	95	95	95	95	97	97	97	98	98
Health and Welfare										
Buses	13	15	14	11	11	13	17	17	14	17
Recreation and Culture										
Park Acreage	525	525	531	531	531	535	535	535	535	661
Water										
Production Capacity										
(millions of gallons per day)	1.348	1.348	1.348	n/a						
Wastewater										
Wastewater Treatment Capacity										
(millions of gallons per day)	3.065	3.065	3.065	3.065	3.490	3.490	3.490	3.465	3.165	3.165
Landfill										
Remaining Built Capacity	4 000 004	0.400.000	0.045.500	0.407.740	4 075 075	4 000 000	4 000 000	4 504 040	4 000 555	4.455.004
(cubic yards)	1,800,984	2,420,000	2,215,500	2,137,740	1,975,875	1,800,200	1,628,300	1,501,646	1,333,555	1,155,234

Sources: Various Cecil County departments.

Note: Quantifiable and meaningful capital asset statistics are not available for all functions.

FY2010 remaining Landfill capacity increased due to ongoing redevelopment project.

The County sold the Water Operations effective December 21, 2011.